appears as Widdy Nacky, Wirry Nacky and Widinake, but Markham must surely go to the top of the class for his rendering of Mauparoa as More Power.

As the European contacts spread along this west coast, other harbours fell victim to mutilation. The little harbour of Whangape, north of Hokianga, appeared as Wangappy, Whangapi and even as Wanger Paye, Aotea as Autia, and Kawhia rated several variants as Corfia, Corfea, Kawia, Kafia, and Kaffia. The Manukau was identified as the Manikow, Manoukou, Manoukao and Manacao, the Kaipara as Kaiperra, Kipera and Kiperra, and the noble Waikato became variously the Wycatto, Wycata, Wye-Kotto, Wicatto, Why-coto and Why Catto.

Further down this coast, the Mokau River appeared as the *Mocow* and as the *Mukou*, Waitara as *Wyterra*, and when John Love and his whalers installed themselves at Ngamotu Pa, near present day New Plymouth, they called it *Nummo* for short; Ngati Tama became *Naughty Tamma*, but the prize hereabouts must go to the early

trader who translated Puke-Rangiora as Bucharancoala.

When the whalers moved across to Kapiti Island, one might have imagined that the simplicity of its hard consonants would have made it plain sailing, but not a bit of it; Kapiti became Capiti, Capati, Cabite, Capertee, Kappatee, Cabooti and Cobarty, while others, somewhat oddly, heard it as Kasiti, Cavity and Kafute. Mana, too, might have seemed safe from whaler variants, but even Mana was translated as Manno, Manna and Marna. On the mainland hereabouts, Waikanae became Wykani, Wanganui appeared variously as Whanganui and Wangenui, Manawatu as Manewetu, and the great Rangitikei deserved better than Rangiticky. Porirua suffered the same fate with Poriwero, Pororoa and Purrarua, and Cape Terawhiti too had its variants of Terra Witte, Tarawiti, Terowite and Teerawittee.

When the colonists came to Wellington they had much difficulty in deciding whether the beach on which they first settled was called Petone, Pitone, Pitone or even Petwoni. When they moved across the harbour it was, according to one writer of the day, to settle at Te Arrow, though the more venturesome of them set off across the surrounding hills to Wye-noue-omata, others to the Waidarappa, Waiderippa or Widerup. A few, however, elected to remain in the Hutt where they settled on the banks of the Heretonga (Heretaunga) and the Wywatu (Waiwhetu).

Across the strait, when John Guard and his whalers settled at Te Awaite in Tory Channel, it quickly became known as *Tar Whitey*, or *Tar White* for short; the nearby Pelorus River, known to the Maoris as the Hoiere, on an early map became the *Oyerri* and, on another, the *Owerrie*. The Nelson settlers, undecided whether the