pared to bank wind about 400 turns on to the former, you will not be

grid circuits on intermediate frequencies.

J. C.S. (Christchurch).—I enclose a diagram of my "B" eliminator. What is the correct value for the voltage divider?

A.: The value of 20,000 ohms, which you are using at present is quite O.K.; but regulation will possibly be improved by reducing the value to, say, 15,000 ohms.

2. The eliminator delivers only 14 mils. Would my choke be the cause of this low output.

A.: No You will, however, find that if you replace the 2 mfd. fixed condenser hefore the choke with a 4 mfd., a slight increase in output will result. The small output obtained may be due to a poor rectifying valve, which should be of the 280 type. Have the rectifier tested.

3. It makes no difference whether the earth is connected or not to the set, even on weak signals. Why is this?

A.: Electric receivers generally work just about as well with no earth connection, as the set is actually earthed through the capacity between the secondary and primary of the power transformer. Incidentally, in connection with your eliminator, we would suggest the addition of 2 mfd. condensers between the 50 and 100 volts tappings on the voltage divider and "B".

A.: How You will, however, find that if you replace the 2 mfd. fixed condenser to a poor rectifying valve, which should be of the 280 type. Have the rectifier tested.

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A.: How World my choke be the cause of this low output.

A.: Onetre band; pri. 6, sec. 25, react. 120 or 22-gauge wire will be suitable for primary and secondary, and 28 or 30 and 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to

A.T.H. (Khandallah).—Could you tell me where I could obtain a good circuit for an all-electric one-valve crystal

amplifier?

amplifier?

A: A one-valve would not be powerful enough, while a two would not cost much more. A suitable circuit was published in the "All About the All-Electric." As 2ZW has commenced transmissions since this booklet was published, however, you will need to modify the crystal circuit, making it more selective. This could be easily accomplished by adopting the circuit of the "Rejecta Two" crystal set described several months ago in the "R.R." However, we think your best proposition However, we think your best proposition would be the "Direct-Coupled Two," a would be the "Direct-Coupled Two," a [N.B.—We cannot make the com-simple and cheap local station receiver parison you ask for.]

20-metre band; pri. 2, sec. 5, react 4.

20 or 22-gauge wire will be suitable for primary and secondary, and 28 or 30 also much more economical on "A" curfor reaction, either silk or cotton covered. When winding the coils, space the aerial and secondary windings in every other groove on the Colvern formers.

rent. Should I replace my valves with 221's and a B605.

A: These would be quite suitable, and also much more economical on "A" current, 2. Would the B605 work satisfactorily with 90 volts "B" or would it require 135?

"SUNLIGHT" (Stratford): Which is S the more powerful—the "Super Six" or the "Cathode" super-het.?

A.: The latter easily, as it has one more valve, is a.c., and is intended for operation on an outdoor aerial.

2. Which is the easier to build?

A.: The "Super Six"; the construction of the "Cathode" super should not be attempted except by the more advanced amateurs. vanced amateurs.

Questions and Answers which will give high quality results. This will be described shortly.

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Which will be described shortly.

What is groups.

(5) Too many violins make an orchestration will be described.

(6) The B.B.C. can be turned of and the continued shortly.

Which will be described shortly.

Which will be described shortly.

What is groups.

(5) Too many violins make a

pared to bank wind about 400 turns on it is switched to loud the programme is the former, you will not be far out with the condenser you specify.

2. What will be the point of attachment for coupling the oscillator to a receiver to be tested?

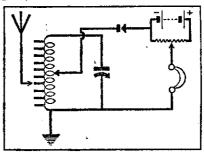
A.: Couple to the aerial terminal or any grid circuits on intermediate frequencies.

A.: When the probably a faulty audio transformer. We would suggest that you have the one in the second stage tested, as it sounds as though the primary is faulty.

A.: Couple to the aerial terminal or any grid circuits on intermediate frequencies.

A.: Outple to the aerial terminal or any grid circuits on intermediate frequencies.

A.: Outple to the aerial terminal or any grid circuits on intermediate frequencies.



noticeably improved. For example, if an 80-turn coil is tapped every ten turns, it will be found that reception is best when the crystal is tapped down approximately half-way, and the aerial a little below that.

How is a battery and potentiometer used with a carborundum type permanent detector?

A.: See the accompanying circuit.

40-metre band; pri. 6, sec. 15, react. MU1 (Mamakau).—My five-valve comrent. Should I replace my valves with 221's and a B605?

A.: Reproduction will be fairly satisfactory using 90 volts "B" and 9 volts bias, but you would notice a distinct improvement when using 135.

3. How many Daniells Cells would be required to keep the "A" battery fully

charged?

A.: Not less than six.

CONSTANT READER (Seatoun):
The 23 plate midget condenser will have a capacity of .0001 mfd. and the 13 plate .00005. We would suggest 20-24 turns on reaction. Reception will be slightly weaker with the smaller condenses

R. E.C. (Raetihi): Which shortwave set would you advise a beginner to build?

A.: The "Night Owl Three," which was described in the "R.R." issue dated Nov. 13, 1931. The "Kestrel Three" Nov. 13, 1931. The "Kestrel Three" was described in the issues dated July

24 and 31, 1931.
2. Would the trees in the accompanying diagram interfere with reception?
A.: Not to any appreciable extent.

E. M.T. (Murchison): I wish to replace the valves in my five-valve commercial set. What would be the best

types? A.: In r.f., detector, and 1st audio stages use type 221. Power valve may be of type B605.

Our Mailbag

(Continued from page 6.)

trouble if they are going to be ruled by a few "narrow brows" (sometimes mis-called "high brows"), who want rudeness in announcing and dry pro-

. (4) The lack of more humorous combinations like minstrels, pierrots, savage clubs, optimists is going to create

not do that. B.B.C. ideas too stiff and costly and dry. They should be ignored.

(7) The idea of a combined march of radio owners to the Minister with banners demanding more humorous items and less classical, and songs about the moon and stars and birds and trees, etc., may be considered later.

(8) 2YA Orchestrina's too wheezy owing to too much violin and too little

drum, cornet, etc.

(9) Plays short and humorous wanted. Long plays no good unless can at-tend whole time. Oftentimes badly act-

(10) New Zealand talent splendid. Far better than much that is heard records.

(11) This does not refer to 8.5 se singers of dismal stuff and "Hark, Hark, the Lark."

(12) What has happened to that prince of comedians-Bill Bishop?

(13) Candid criticism by "Radio Record" much appreciated. Pity paper so poor. Matter splendid.

(14) What says the board about starting so late as 10 o'clock? A start

at 7 a.m. is demanded. (15) The Radio Board should not

pay big sums to any artist. General payment to pierrot, troupes, etc., desired. Classical artists should not get good money for boring us stiff.—J. Thompson (Pahiatua).

Early Session Desired.

I WOULD like to express my views concerning the hours of the Radio Board's stations. I think it high time we followed the policy of other countries and commenced a broadcast at 7 a.m. I would not ask for more than recorded music-something bright to start the day with for preference. In winter time I am lucky enough to receive Sydney, but nowadays when I twirl the dial (always hoping) I switch off and meditate over the listeners' £85,000 supplied yearly. To-day (Sunday) the YA stations open at 3 p.m. when the day is almost done, and if it were not for 2ZW and 2ZO (who are splendid), the man on his only day at home would be forced to look at his beautiful piece of furniture (the radio cabinet) and imagine the rest. No, sir, the service is not good enough, and I sincerely hope that per medium of

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One of the most vital parts of a radio set or amplifier is These resistances must be accurate and the resistances. reliable.

Electrad specialize in the manufacture of resistances—it is not a side line, it is their main production.

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|---|
| (To be used with all requests for information.) |
| Name of set |
| Number of valves |
| Name |
| Address |
| *************************************** |
| ****************************** |
| Nom de plume |
| To be kept in subsequent inquirles. |
| Date |
| Please Note:— (i) Be specific and brief, tabulating if possible. |

lating, if possible.
Write legibly, and on one side of the paper.
We do not design circuits, but accept suggestions for feature articles.