

changed my set from a metal cabinet wooden one, and whereas the coils would once tune between 200 metres and would once tune petween 200 merres and 650, they will now not cover the band. I rewound the primary of the regeneraformer, slightly spacing it, as advised in "Desire of R.F. Transformers."

A.: Your trouble does not appear to be appeared to be appeared to the contribute of the cont

an obvious one, and it can be explained only if you have made some slight altera-tion in the wiring. It is possible that you have brought about certain capacity changes. These could be the result of closed loops in the filament winding, a difclosed loops in the minutest without a definite until we saw a second of ferent relationship between the plate and definite until we saw a second of grid wires or some similar changes. Metal neighbourhood.

2. Would the aerial be better on a piece 2. Would the aerial be better on a piece 3. Would be ing the tuning range.

PUZZLED (New Plymouth).--I have a 5-valve commercial neutrodyne, the valves of which have been in use about 12 months Could you tell me if they are the right type? Four are 201A and the last valve is C603.

A.: We recommend for the last stage B605, and instead of the 201A, the new

221 type.
2. What is the correct value of the grid-leak?

A.: In a broadcast set the best results can be generally obtained by a 2 meg ohms leak.

SHORTY (Stratford): How many grid and regeneration turns have to be wound on a valve base former using 30 gauge d.s.c. wire to cover the 80 metres' band using a .00005 midget condenser?

A.: 24 on the grid and 17 on the re-

generation coils,
2. Some time ago Q.R.L. wrote a series of articles describing a low-powered transmitter. Would it be possible at some

lator for this transmitter?

A.: We have approached Q.R.L. on the subject, and it is possible that at some future time an article such as you desire will be applied. will be published.

SHYLOCK (Hokianga).—Would S aerial be better strung from a 300ft. hill than in its present slightly-shielded

A.: From what we can gauge from your letter, it would be an improvement to put the aerial on the 300ft. hill. It is impossible, however, to lay down anything

of reclaimed mudflat, where there are no

trees and few surrounding hills?
A.: Where has that 300ft, hill gone to if it is nowhere near the mudflat? Surely you must have to use a very long head in for one of the positions. Certainly an aerial should be erected away from trees and hills. These have a definite

screening effect.
3. Which of the two positions would be the better?

A.: We think the former

W.M. (Dunedin): My set tunes edin "B" class stations and 4YA all over

the dial. I have tried a s.g. booster described in the "Radio Record," but it makes volume much weaker.

A.: There is something wrong with the booster. Generally boosters have gone out of date. It is far better to use a s.g. valve in a modern transformer-coupled hook-up than as a separate unit. It would be far better to use your parts to reconstruct the set along modern lines using a circuit such as the Outspan Five. Although these are not as selective as the very modern receivers, still they are a vast improvement on the ordinary two triode r.f. stage sets or the single screen-grid type. They are reasonably selective and should be quite satisfactory for your

2. Could the set be made selective with

out much alteration?

A.: The easiest way to make a set selective is to vary the coupling between the primary and the secondary of the aerial coil. By making the coupling looser the stations can be separated much easier, but, of course, a certain amount

of sensitivity is lost.
3. I use B406 in the first audio stage and B405 in the second. Is this correct?

A.: It would be better if you used A409 in the first audio stage instead of B406, which is a power valve. This, however, would not affect selectivity.

SCREEN GRID" (Ngaio): I have made the Loftin Four, but cannot work it well from the gramophone. When

it well from the gramophone. When I switch over the set gives a steady slow beat and is unworkable.

A.: This is due in all probability to pick-up on the gramophone leads. Try placing the pick-up in the cathode of the detector valve, that is, between the junction of the 50,000 ohms resistance and the connection to the 200 ohms potentiometer and the cathode itself. A switch could be provided to short-circuit this meter and the cathode itself. A switch could be provided to short-circuit this connection.

When the set is tuned on 2YA and 2ZW there is a dead spot spreading over

stations.

A.: It appears to be due to over-loading the detector, and you can over-come it by using an aerial consisting of a piece of wire a few feet long.

XY.Z. (Wellington): I have a "Trina-dyne" set, described by "Cathode" some time ago, and I can just hear 2ZW. Would another valve give me more

A.: Yes, you would get much better results if you built up the circuit de-

DETECTOR (Auckland).—I recently future time to describe a Heising modu-changed my set from a metal cabinet lator for this transmitter?—about three points on the dial in each scribed by "Cathode" some time ago und case. It does not occur with outside der the heading of the "Trinadyne Two." You could use the method of regenera-You could use the method of regenera-tion employed in your present circuit, in other words, just add the extra valve as shown. You may have to wind a special coil to separate 2YA and 2ZW. This coil might well take the form of that described for the "Rejecta II" crystal set. In fact it would not be a bad plan to incorporate the "Rejecta II."

2. I have a battery made up of three two-volt 20-ampere hour cells. The charging rate according to the label is 5 amps. I have access to a battery



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