THE loneliest island in the world, that of Tristan da Cunha, is now able to listen in to 58W, Chelmsford, for recently the inhabitants of the island were presented with a short-wave receiving set. The minister of the island, while on his way back after a holiday in England, was given detailed instructions on the operation of the set. Though slight trouble was at first experienced, the set eventually operated excellently, and 5SW is constantly restrength ceived at good loudspeaker over a distance of 6000 miles.

TWO unusual records in connection with broadcasting have recently been created in South-Eastern Europe. A new high-powered station at Bucharest, which commenced its transmissions a few months ago, announces itself in no fewer than five languages, namely: Rumanian, French, German, Italian, and Hungarian. The other unique occurrence happened in Budapest. The owner of a particularly loud and raucous loudspeaker persisted in ignoring the complaints and threats made by neighbours against his persistence in using the instrument, practically all night. He is now in the hospital recovering from an assault made by an exasperated neighbour, while the latter has been charged with attempted murder.

THE City Council of Verdun (Quebec), the fourth largest city in the province, are considering installing loudspeakers on the boardwalk, which stretches four miles along the river front. In the summer time radio concerts would thus be broadcast to thousands of residents and visitors who take the air nightly on the boardwalk, which is the finest in Canada. The plan is to install a dozen loudspeakers to be operated from the city's central power plant. Important messages can also be broadcast to the crowd in this manner.

IT is understood that a Catholic radio company at Cologne is planning to build a huge broadcasting station in Belgium, which may be ready for use this October. The Catholic Broadcasting Company in Holland also operates the station at Huizen, which is five times as powerful (according to the "Catholic Herald") as the largest American Catholic broadcasting station. This organisation is now making strenuous efforts to secure time from the Dutch Government station for communicating with the colonies, Sumatra, Java, and Dutch Guinea.

ANY idea which may have been cherished that radio advertising, which has always been so prominent a feature of American broadcasting, was on the wane must receive a setback from facts and figures recently published. It anpears that so far from suffering any diminution, advertising by the microphone has increased during the first seven months of this year by 94.3 per cent., as compared with the corresponding period of 1928. During these seven months advertisers have spent very nearly £2,000,000, compared with a little over £1,000,000 for a similar period last year. The growth of newspaper advertising, according to a survey of fifty leading cities, was only 18.8 per cent. Prodigious though the above figures seem, they cover only the National Broadcasting Company and the Columbia Broadcasting Company.

THE sixth annual New York Radio



28, had a record attendance. the close of the show the manufactur- the liner's progress in the attempt to ers began packing up their displays for shipment to Chicago in readiness Berlin and rebroadcast not, only for the opening of Chicago's eighth anthroughout Germany but to other parts nual Radio Show, which will be held during the week of October 21. The show management is laving plans to make the Chicago show not only an interesting display of radio receivers of the latest and finest type yet seen by the public, but also to provide as extra attractions displays of unusual interest. In this connection there will be a television exhibition with voice and pictures synchronised. There will also be a display depicting the progress of radio during the last four decades. Prize contests and exceptional programmes will also help make the period of the show a red-letter week Chicago.

THE League of Nations Sub-committee considering the matter has unanimously pronounced in favour of the proposal that the League's new wireless station shall be worked in normal times by a Swiss wireless company, and handed over to the League in times of crisis, when a Swiss observer would be present. The Swiss wireless company will undertake to establish alongside the existing station near Geneva short-wave transmitters for communications beyond Eur-The League of Nations would ope. pay for the first few years about 200,-000 francs (Swiss) annually to cover expenses, which sum, however, would diminish as exploitation of the station

IT was stated recently in London that if wireless telephony to Australia is shortly to be introduced, it will be limited to a speaking box in Sydney. It is explained that the present apparatus used in Sydney allows excess waves of current to run back along the outgoing circuit to England, creating ʻsinging, which prevents switching to subscribers' telephones or a connec-tion with Melbourne. To overcome this the British Telephone Department building a duplicate of its valve switch gear which is operated by the speaker's voice, shuts the return circuit, and prevents "singing."

DELEGATION of German radio officials has been making a tour of inspection of the United States. It is stated that the chief object of the visit was to determine the feasibility of exchanging German programmes with the United States, and tests on the short waves are to be made from the chief station near Berlin this Dr. Kurt Magnus, of the month. German Broadcasting Company, declared that American programmes rebroadcast have been heard clearly in Germany. A notable experiment with rebroadcasting was conducted when the German delegation was travelling Show, which closed on September to the United States on the new liner

Each night a report of With the Bremen. set up a speed record was broadcast on the short waves and picked up in of the Continent.

> AT the Radio Exhibition at Copenhagen, held recently, statistics indicated that the percentage of listeners in each country in Europe proves that Britain is third on the list with 64.7 per thousand population; Denmark appears to have the highest percentage of listeners per population with 77.4; Sweden being next with 67.8; Austria is fourth with 54.5; and Germany fifth with 44.7.

> ONE of the most curious chess games ever played will be that which has been arranged between Dr. A. N. Shaw, of McGill University, Montreal, and Mr. F. I. Davies, who is a member the Byrd Antarctic Expedition, played, of course, through the medium of radio short-wave communication, the players being separated by close upon 8000 miles!

> A CCORDING to a census of licenses were only half the number of listeners there per 100 of population that there are in England. As there seemed to be no important reason why listening should not be as popular in Scotland

as in England, the Post Office authorities became suspicious, and a wireless detective van was brought into commission. Its initial appearance in Glasgow was immediately followed by a strangely large increase in the number of licenses taken out. It seems as though the canny Scot hastily hove his national prejudices overboard, and made a dash for the nearest post office.

CORRECT studio "atmosphere" has always been regarded in America as a vital necessity to the sensitive broadcast artist, and many ingenious architectural devices have been employed to obtain various effects such as the "Palm Court" and the "Terraced Garden." Now Dr. M. Luckiesh, described as Cleveland's "lighting wizard," has devised a system of illumination for the National Broadcasting Company of America, which can transform any studio into a cathedral or a severe Roman forum by the turn of a switch. The effects are obtained by concealed lights and cunningly designed shadows which give the studio walls the appearance of receding or advancing according to the requirements of the producer.

EVERYONE has at some time or other said or thought uncharitable things about his neighbour for interfering with his evening broadcast reception. Matters have become so bad in Germany that a Government department has been asked to forbid the which is at present in the grip of the partment has been asked to forbid the Antarctic winter. The game will be use of electrical apparatus (such as refrigerators, violet-ray machines, vacuum cleaners, and so on) during broadcast hours. The aggrieved listeners, however, received cold comfort from the authorities, who have only pointed out that the state of the law Lecently made in Scotland, there in Germany does not permit of any action on their part, and merely add that manufacturers of electrical apparatus should take care that it is so designed as not to cause interference with radio reception.

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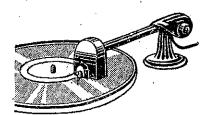
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The above illustration is of Model 124A de Luxe, showing the counter-balanced Tone-arm. Ask your nearest Agent for a demonstration.

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