

Identification Wanted

CAN any listener identify an American station working on a frequency between that of 2KY and KNX, from 6 p.m. to 7.30 p.m., approx., New Zealand time. I was trying to locate WJXG and thought I had that station, when I heard the announcement which, I think, contained the letters WJJ.—C. V. Blucher (North Auckland).

DID any listener hear two strangers testing on Monday, October 7, between 3.30 and 4 p.m.? Their wavelength being 452 and 505 metres (665 and 595 k.c.), respectively. Talk was carried on in a foreign language. The only words spoken in English were, "Hullo, Taylor" and "Hullo, Cameron." No musical items were played.—R. J. Harvey (Marton).

I RECEIVE two Morse stations, WEO and KEE, transmitting on 60 metres (5000 k.c.) and 65 metres (4615 k.c.), respectively. They are both received very strongly any night after 7 o'clock, and I would like to know their locations.—C. F. Cross (Kaipara).

COULD anyone give me any information concerning station 3EX, Melbourne, on approx. 247 metres (1215 k.c.)? I understand from his call that 3EX is an experimental station. 3RI, Melbourne, is listed as having 10 watts

THE D.X. CLUB

Views and News.

power. I have received this station quite well on a 4-valve set, and would like to know if this is usual, as the station is a low-power one. Can any short-wave enthusiast tell me what station (a foreigner) operates on 44 metres (6865 k.c.)? I heard him late on Sunday, 6th (about 11.30 p.m.), and could only understand his call (EME).—E. W. Anglesey (Tadmor).

I HAVE heard two stations several times, but cannot get the call signs for static. One operates on 371 metres (810 k.c.), after 2.30 a.m., and the other on 428 metres (700 k.c.), after 11 p.m., when I have heard children singing. The former is a foreigner, and I think it may be India. I would like to know what these two are.—"Puzzled" (Patea).

COULD you tell me when the following stations are operating:

3CT, 3TM, 3EF, 3ML, 3WR, 3EO, 2MK, 2HD, all Australian stations; also the following New Zealand stations: 1YC, Whangarei, 4ZM, Dunedin, 2ZD, Masterton, and 2ZE, Eketahuna.—T.S. (Palmerston North).

[All except 4ZM are amateurs and operate erratically. 4ZM operates 10 to 11.30 p.m. Monday.—Ed.]

I SHOULD be pleased if you could tell me what station was transmitting on the evening of October 6 (about 11.51 p.m.), wave-length 525 metres (570 k.c.)? The music was very plain, but we could only hear "Savoy Hotel" from the announcer. We have a five-valve commercially-built receiver.—Mrs. J. B. Donas (Te Horo).

Stations Identified

IN the issue of October 4 Mr. A. P. Morrison asks for information concerning a shortwave station heard on approximately 50 metres. I have heard this stations after 10 p.m. and all announcements are in a foreign language but so far I have been unable to distinguish any call sign. It comes in just above KZRM, but static is generally bad on this frequency and interferes with listening to some extent. Music comes over well but the language is hard to recognise. Should Mr. Morrison succeed in getting the call sign I shall be pleased to hear from him. A friend of mine heard Vienna on this wavelength a few weeks back so it is possible that it is the same station reported above.

Mr. W. K. McLean also inquires re shortwave station KIO. I heard a station on October 20 on about 26 metres reading out technical data concerning metres. The announcer then said he would give us a little music. After the "Missouri Waltz" had been played another announcer announced rather abruptly "KIO signing off," and the station closed. Strength was R7 and modulation excellent, but the very American accent of the announcer made it rather hard to follow.—R.T. Stanton (Christchurch).

IN answer to "Query" (Te Awamutu), "Amateur" (Southland), "Another Amateur" (Petone), "A. D. Rodgers" (Newtown), and "Q.R.A." and with reference to station 3EX, Melbourne. I have a verification card to hand stating station 3EX is owned and operated by A.W.A., Ltd., and transmits daily from 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. (Sunday excepted), from the All Australian Exhibition, Exhibition Building, Melbourne. The wave-length is 240 metres (1250 k.c.), and the power 500 watts. Reports to Wireless House, Melbourne, will be welcomed from New Zealand listeners.—H. A. Smith (Wellington).

IN reply to "Amateur," I heard 3GX, Melbourne, quite clearly one night at the end of last month.—G. E. Hill (North Auckland).

DX Topics

IN answer to Mr. F. G. MacSherry (Auckland) on the question of the Japanese station which overlaps 4QG, I would like to state that if I am wrong I am only too pleased to be corrected, but it appears to me that this station is JOAK. The "A" is pronounced very clearly, if a trifle drawn out (i.e., as "ah"). Mr. MacSherry gives JOAK's wave-length as 345 metres (870 k.c.), and the "Radio Listeners' Guide" gives it as 375 metres (800 k.c.), which brings it very close to 4QG. JOBK, 385 metres (780 k.c.), is just on the other side of 4QG, and is for some reason much easier to tune out, though both stations seem about the same strength. JOBK's wave-length, according to the Guide, is 396 metres (760 k.c.), while Mr. MacSherry quotes it as 390 metres (770 k.c.). The lower one is heard 4QG.—E. W. Anglesey (Tadmor).

MY log for 2½ years of stations transmitting on the broadcast band totals 118. My set is a four-valve one, employing one stage of R.F., a regenerative detector, and two stages of A.F. The following comprises my log:—75 American stations, including 1 Hawaiian and 1 Canadian, 19 being verified, these ranging in position from the Pacific Coast across to Florida and New Jersey on the Atlantic coast; 7 Japanese, 3 verified; 18 Australian, and 18 New Zealand. Quite a few U.S.A. stations are being heard at fair 'phone strength, the best of them being KNX, WENR, KHJ, WLW, KFVB, KOIN, and KGO. I have also had two New Zealand stations, namely, 2ZD, Masterton, on 5 watts, and 2ZH, Napier, on 35 watts. Both were verified, the latter saying that my report was the furthest one north he had received.—C. V. Blucher (North Auckland).

MY set is a six-valve factory-built one, and though I have had it only two months, I have logged and verified 36 stations in all (13 N.Z., 15 Australian, 4 Japs., and 4 American), and have also heard several others, but they have been too faint to get their station call. My aerial is 107ft., including lead-in, and is 32ft. high; the earth is only soldered to water-pipe. The above may interest "Sonora" (Lyall Bay), who asked in last week's issue if anyone possessing a set similar to his own could receive American broadcasting. The American stations I have been able to verify (by their call letters) are KFOX, KNX, KGO, and KPO, and can get them most evenings from 6.30 p.m. on, often till after 9 p.m.—"Cockey" (Taranaki).

ON the shelf of every Radio Listener should be found the RADIO LISTENERS' GUIDE

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