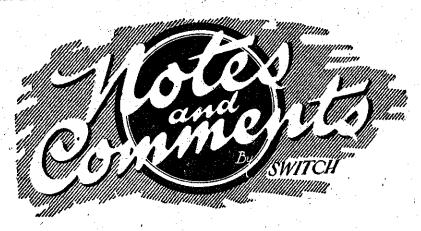
DISGRUNTLED listeners are prone to blame the broadcasting stations for fading even at a relatively close range. The United States Government Bureau of Standards has just issued a new report on the causes of fading. after extensive research. The results show that even nearby stations fade through no fault of the stations them-"In the selves. The report states: case of nearby stations much fading is caused by interference between ground and reflected rays." Fading is the most difficult problem which confronts radio scientists, and listeners should realise this before rushing in to condemn this or the other station.

TF it were not for fading we would have regular Empire broadcasting m the British short-wave station 58W. Chelmsford, England, ere this. The British Broadcasting Corporation's technicians have pointed out time and again that the broadcasting end of the system is well-nigh perfect, but it is at the receiving end where the difficulty lies. Those of us who have listened to long-distance short-wave broadcasting are familiar with the jerky or "gusty" nature of reception. This is nothing else but rapid eycles of fading and recovery, and to a true lover of music it mars its merit. Those listeners who complain about fading should recognise that the position is beyond human aid at present.

THE "Wireless Weekly" (Sydney) recently essayed to "draw" Mr. H.
P. Brown, head of the Commonwealth Government Post and Telegraph Radio Department, on the subject of the future developments of broadcasting in What Mr. Brown said did Australia. not amount to much. In fact, he declined to commit himself in response to many pertinent questions. However, he admitted that two relay stations have been ordered. Mr. Brown said: "We don't know how many we may want; but there will be more orders his loudspeaker, which he claimed was placed shortly." One relay station is definitely fixed for a location. It will be erected at Newcastle and should be operating in from six to nine months. This station will be almost as powerful as 2FC. Sydney.

"SWITCH" made an interesting dis-deaf. covery the other evening when checking up on the two Japanese sta- THE new "pentode" type valve is tions, JOHK, Sendai (767 kilocycles), and another, presumably JODK (868 to listeners. quency a little higher than that of covered that instead of adding a sec-QG, Brisbane, and the latter's fre- ond audio transformer and valve to his quency is higher than 2BL's. tuning quickly from one Jap station to ume of local reception, by inserting a the other it was found that they were "pentode" type valve in his one stage Both stations made the loud- tainable. speaker yield the same volume as 2FC Sydney, just after 11 p.m. there is certainly a monotonous similarity in the average Jap items, some-tery type valves which have become extimes the songs possess quite a differ-hausted, "if such a miracle be posent style altogether and are not un- sible." tuneful to the Western ear.

2YA, Wellington, of the concert proved successful. could almost imagine that the concert consign it to the dust-bin.



was at the 2YA studio. Mr. J. Ball, editor-announcer, was heard at his best, speaking from the Wanganui Opera House stage, his voice being loud and clear:

WELLINGTON listeners have lately heard a Californian station coming in for quite a while after 8 o'clock at night with distinct loudspeaker audibility on a wavelength approximating that of 2UE, Sydney (1020 kilocycles). When the Sydney station started up it blotted out the American. The writer heard the stranger's announcement clearly enough to establish the fact that it was one of the Various Californian "K" stations. statements have been made to "Switch" as to the identity of the visitor.

SWITCH" recently received a letter from a listener who stated that he was quite satisfied that his homemade loudspeaker was superior in tone to the factory-made electro-dynamic "Switch" was called loudspeakers. into a friend's house recently to hear miles above any loudspeaker on the market. It was a painful ordeal for the writer, but as he was asked to give his candid opinion, he told his friend that the loudspeaker was the worst he had yet heard. It is a proven fact that many people are practically tone

proving a most useful acquisition A Wellington doctor The former is on a fre-went to the Radio Exhibition and dis-By present equipment to increase the volsimultaneously broadcasting the same of audio the desired volume was ob-

While THE writer has been requested to publish a recipe for reviving bat-Providing the filament is not broken the thing is possible. Apart from the use of a patent re-activating BY general assent the recent relay by device, the following method has Place the valve in by Queen Alexandra's Own Band, at a socket and light the filament a little Wanganui, was the most successful yet above its average operating voltage accomplished by 2YA. The Broadcast- and leave it burning for about six ing Company's technicians made a first- hours. The "B" battery should be rate job of the relay, and praise is also entirely disconnected from the set durdue to the P. and T. Department's ing this period. If the valve is not staff. So clear and free from para-efficient after six hours burn it for sitic noises was the relay that one another six hours. If it is still weak

THE new Australian Broadcasting

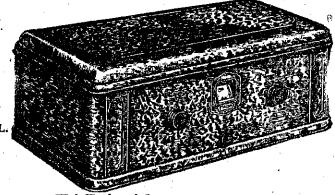
Company have made one egregious mistake at the outset. Instead of stating the time each item will be heard, in their published programmes, as is generally done in New Zealand, no schedule is given. It is pointed out in the Sydney wireless Press that the new system possesses the disadvantage that the listener is unable to learn beforehand when a certain item is likely to be heard and he runs the risk of missing it. It is contended that the average listener wants a detailed and accurate programme to look over.

MR. KEITH GRANT, whose fine baritone voice has been heard from 2YA, Wellington, on a number of occasions, has signed a six months' contract with the new Australian Broadcasting Company. His brother, Mr. Alexander Grant, received word from Mr. Keith Grant that he was to sing from 2FC and 2BL, Sydney, the other night. Mr. Alexander Grant came to the writer's home to listen to his brother 1200 miles away. Each of four songs sung by Mr. Keith Grant came in at full loudspeaker volume, and his brother was deeply impressed with the natural tone of the radio reproduction. The first song from 2BL had already commenced when the station was tuned in, but Mr. Grant instantly recognised his brother's voice.

TT has been estimated in a recent survey that at least one hundred million radio valves will be manufactured and sold in the United States during the radio season of 1929. This is double the number for 1928, and a thousand times as many as in 1922. Although these figures are staggering, when it is considered that the radio industry as a whole has had the most phenomenal growth of any of the nation's inclustries, it is only logical that the valve industry should show this tremendous increase.

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which is a stage of push-pull power amplification.

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