

field in which to exercise his energies, found with every increase of fortune a wider field of happiness. Where did that principle come from? From that religion which was the basis of their instruction. Let them follow that and they would never come to grief. Even in Ireland, once the political conditions which made misery were removed, no man who obeyed the law of God would come to want. If they dedicated each day to God and acted in obedience to God's law there was no degree of prosperity they could not attain.

Imprisoned Without Trial

The Hon. Bourke Cochran visited Mr. P. A. McHugh, M.P., in prison, and expressed the opinion that in no other civilised land in the world would a subject be imprisoned without trial for an indefinite period.

WATERFORD.—A Brighter Prospect

The Catholic Bishop of Waterford, at a meeting in Dungarvan, spoke strongly against emigration, and earnestly advised the people to stay at home. 'The condition of affairs in Ireland (he said) was changed and changing every day. A silent revolution was going on in their midst. There was no clash or clang of arms—no strife, but the Almighty, in His infinite goodness, had within a short time done many things to brighten the hopes of the people of Ireland. The farmers of Ireland were about to become the owners of the land. Technical education was started throughout the country, and there was a brighter prospect in store for Ireland. Under these circumstances, it was the duty of every public man to use his influence to prevent the people from leaving the country. Everything tended to point towards the happy time in the near future when there would be plenty of work for the Irish boy and the Irish girl in their own land, and when that day comes, the working classes will find themselves happier in their own country—having more real peace of mind and contentment than in any other country under the sun. It was the duty, therefore, of every man to raise his voice against emigration—to do all that was possible to keep the people at home.'

GENERAL

Convent Laundries

Judging from the annual report of the Chief Inspector of Factories and Work shops, general satisfaction was found with the arrangements for the well-being of the inmates of those convent laundries that submitted voluntarily to Government Inspection. Mr. Bellhouse, of Dublin, in his report states that he was enormously impressed by the excellent arrangements made at all of them for the workers. He found them exceedingly well ventilated, high, lofty, bright, and airy. Moreover, he found that a very hearty welcome 'is always offered by the Reverend Mother and the nuns, who seem only too anxious to show everything about the premises.'

A Royal Residence

There is a revival of the rumor that the King is about to establish a royal residence in Ireland, and it is anticipated that an announcement on the subject may be made shortly. The Earl of Dudley, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, paid a visit to the House of Commons, and had a long interview with Mr. John Redmond.

Send to MORROW, BASSETT, and Co. for descriptive catalogue of the "EXCELSIOR" farm implements. It will pay you—***

KOZIE TEA CASH BONUSES. Results of first distribution closed 21st May, 1903—

1st Bonus, £10, cash, goes to Convent of Mercy, Hokitika; 2nd, £5, Mrs. W. Simpson Jun., Arno; 3rd, £3, Miss Fitzgerald, Waimihimi; 4th, £2, Mrs. W. Lockhart, Milton; 5th, £1, Mrs. A. Hewitson Jun., Milton; 6th, 10s, Miss McMurtrie, Milton; 7th, 10s, Miss G. Paulin, Opoho; 8th, 10s, Miss M. Hunter, Caversham; 9th, 10s, Mrs. Gunn, Chatto Creek; 10th, 5s, Miss Ida Mills, Dunback; 11th, 5s, Miss Myrtle Curtis, Westport; 12th, 5s, Miss M. Hay, Invercargill; 13th, 5s, Mr. A. Singer, Hokitika; 14th, 5s, Miss E. Shipman, Balfour; 15th, 5s, Mr. Regie Harper, Poverty Bay; 16th, 5s, Mr. J. Feely, Timaru; 17th, 5s, Mrs. Johnstone, Nelson. The next distribution closes on the 30th November, and coupons must be sent in not later than 7th December. Remember the first three bonuses are £5 each, and the tea is the best and most economical in the world, retailed at 1s 6d, 1s 9d, and 2s per lb. Golden Tipped Kozie, a specially fine high grown tea, at 2s 6d, is superb. Notice change in the distribution of bonuses—So as to give all a good chance of securing a substantial cash bonus, we have decided to withdraw the first and second bonuses of £10 and £5 and to substitute three bonuses of £5 each to go to the consumers sending in coupons representing the three largest quantities of Kozie Tea. The other bonuses will remain unchanged. We have checked the coupons returned to Messrs W. Scouler and Co. for first Kozie Tea distribution of cash bonuses, and certify that the above is a correct list of the winners—(Signed) Barr, Leary, and Co., Auditors, Dunedin, June 10th, 1903—***

People We Hear About

Lady Maurice Fitzgerald has been elected 'chairman' of Wexford Board of Guardians. The vice-chair and deputy vice-chair have also been filled by ladies.

The University of Brussels has conferred the degree of Doctor of Medicine on Dr. J. C. McWalter, M.A., of the Catholic University School of Medicine, Dublin.

The name of Mr. Timothy Michael Healy, described as 'a Member of Parliament, and one of his Majesty's Counsel in Ireland,' is the first on the list of the Honorable Society of Gray's Inn for call to the English Bar this term.

Mr. Redmond presided recently at a dinner given by the Irish Party in the House of Commons to Senator Bourke Cochran, the distinguished Irish-American statesman. In his speech Mr. Redmond invited the Senator to become a member of the Irish Party.

It is reported in England that Mr. T. P. O'Connor is about to embark on a career as a professional lecturer. As Mr. O'Connor is in the front rank of public platform speakers in the United Kingdom he should be a great success as a lecturer.

The Rev. Father Larkin, Catholic priest at Ongar, in Essex, has just appointed a child of eleven years to the position of organist in his church. Her name is Kathleen Norah Mills, and her father is sergeant instructor in the local company of Volunteers. Little Miss Mills played the organ for several Sundays, and on Whit Sunday she conducted the musical service, accompanying the full High Mass throughout, so satisfactorily that she was promptly given the permanent appointment.

Mr. 'Tom' Dunne, of New York, must have been born under a lucky star, for he is one of the most fortunate of the many Tipperary exiles in the States. Though practically penniless when he landed there from Clonmel many years ago, he has by that force of character, native ability and tact that distinguishes so many Tipperary men, carved his way to fame and fortune, rising to one of the highest positions in the gift of the city of New York—that of Sheriff.

Mr. Fitzgibbon, chairman of the Melbourne Metropolitan Board of Works, was born in Cork, but went with his parents to reside in London when only five years old. He arrived in Melbourne in 1852, and after an experience on the diggings became Town Clerk of Melbourne in 1856, which position he held until he was appointed president of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Count Plunkett, the secretary of that great industrial enterprise, the Cork Exhibition of 1903, is (says 'New Ireland') one of the most notable and versatile of present-day Irishmen. Educated at Clongowes Wood College, he early developed a taste for art, which he gratified by visiting the principal galleries of Europe, an aesthetic pilgrimage which afterwards had ample fruit in his delightful writings on painting, sculpture, and architecture, which earned for him the position of lecturer in the Dublin Museum on the great works of the Italian Renaissance. He has also lately published an admirable work on Botticelli. Count Plunkett is, in addition, an archaeologist, an historian, a musician, a linguist, a philanthropist, and a barrister. He helped to found the Irish Arts and Crafts Association; he has zealously labored for some 20 years in the Society for the preservation of the Irish Language, of which he is vice-president and treasurer; he is vice-president of the National Literary Society, which he helped to found; he is vice-president of the Celtic Association, and he has been five years an active Governor of the Royal Irish Academy of Music. These are a few of Count Plunkett's many claims to the regard and respect of his countrymen. Most of us will agree that they are thoroughly valid ones.

A very useful tool is Mawson's Patent Lifting Jack, for lifting waggons and carriages while oiling, etc. It is one of the handiest and best Jacks made. One man can easily lift a ton, and its weight is only 14lb. It is quick in action. A trial will demonstrate its wonderful utility as a great saving in muscular exertion. See it. The price is only 15s. Morrow, Bassett, and Co., sole agents—***

PHYSICIANS AGREE that every disease with which suffering humanity is afflicted is certainly due to the neglect of some trivial trouble, which could have been easily cured if a remedy had been applied in time. Most complaints make their early appearance in the shape of Affections of the Throat and Lungs, and what is required in the initial stage is a preparation that will arrest the development of serious trouble. TUSSICURA has proved its efficacy in this respect in thousands of cases throughout the length and breadth of the Colony, and for this reason its reputation is widespread and daily increasing. Price, 2s 6d per bottle. Obtainable from all Chemists and Storekeepers.—***