EDITOR'S NOTICES.

Correspondents are particularly requested to bear in mind that to insure publication in any particular issue of the paper communications must reach this Office not later than Tuesday morning.

Subscribers desiring to have obituary notices inserted in this paper should either communicate with the editor or send cory of local paper containing particulars. Unless they do this they must not be disappointed if notices of recent deaths do not appear in our columns.

THE PROVINCIAL ECCLESIASTICAL SEMINARY OF NEW ZEALAND.

HOLY CROSS COLLEGE, MOSGIEL.

In conformity with arrangements made at the First Provincial Synod, held in Wellington in 1899, this Seminary has been established for the education of Students from all parts of New Zealand who aspire to the Ecclesiastical State. The Holy Cross College is situated at Mosgiel (10 miles from Dunedin) in a fine building hitherto known as Mosgiei House, which, with 11 acres of rich park land surrounding it, was purchased for use as a Seminary for the Ecclesiastical Province of New Zealand.

The Persion is £35 a very payable half-yearly in advence.

The Pension is £35 a year, payable half-yearly in advance. It provides for Board and Lodging, Tuition, School Books, Furniture, Bedding and House Linen.

The Extra Charges are: Washing, £1 10s a year, and Medicine and Medical Attendance if required,

Students will provide their own wearing apparel, including the College Gown, as well as Surplice for assistance in Choir.

The Annual Vacation begins on the 15th December and ends

the 15th February.

The Seminary is under the Patronage and Direction of the Archbishop and Bishops of New Zealand, and under the immediate personal supervision of the Right Rev. Bishop of Dunedin, who will not as Pacter. act as Rector.

For further Particulars apply to the Vice-Rector, Holy Cross College, Mosgiel.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

All Communications with the Commercial Department of the 'N.Z. Tablet' Newspaper are to be addressed to John Murray, Secretary, to whom all Post Office Orders and Cheques are in all instances to be made payable.

Complaints re irregular Delivery of Paper should be made without delay to the Manager

Annual Subscription, 25s. booked; 22s. 6d. if paid in advance; shorter periods at proportional rates.

NOTE .- Our limit of Credit is Six Months.

PRINCESS THEATRE.

POLLARD'S OPERA COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT (WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25) AND FOR A FEW MORE NIGHTS ONLY,

Under the Patronage and in the Presence of the Orphans' Musical Club.

THE MESSENGER BOY!

THE GREATEST OF ALL LONDON GAIETY SUCCESSES

A few Front Rows of Seats will be Reserved in the Stalls at

Box Piar at Dresden. Prices as usual. Day Sales at Jacobs's.

SATURDAY, GRAND MATINEE. SPECIAL PRICES.

DEATHS.

HANNON.—On the 19th inst, at her residence, White Hart Hotel, Thames street, Camaru, Bridget, the beloved wife of Michael Hannon, aged 52 years. R.I.P.

ADAMS—Of your charity, pray for the soul of Hannah Elizabeth, wife of William Adams, Ashburton, Canterbury, N. Z. (daughter of John Moloney, Knockbrack, Lysnagry, Castleconnel, Limerick), who died 14th June, 1902, aged 55, after great suffering; fortified by all the rites of Holy Church.—R.1.P.

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENT.

ENQUIRER.—The Vatican contains over 11,000 apartments.

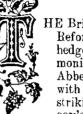


'To promote the cause of Religion and Justice by the ways of Truth and Peace.'

LEO XIII. to the N.Z. TABLET.

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1902.

THE CORONATION.



HE British throne stands no longer on the post-Reformation belief in the divinity that 'doth hedge a king.' The splendid coronation ceremonies that are taking place at Westminster Abbey this week, and the popular enthusiasm with which they are surrounded, furnish a striking illustration of the truth of Tennyson's saying that the throne of Great Britain

is broad-based upon the people's will: firmly planted upon a groundwork of personal worth in the Ruler, on the popular weal, and on the innate respect of the people for constituted authority in the State.

From the days of 'Good King EDWARD III.,' of sainted memory, to those of the late Queen VICTORIA, few British Sovereigns reached the inner hearts of the people over whom they held immediate rule. They were, to a far greater extent than at present, hedged off from vulgar approach by an almost impenetrable barrier of court usages and court etiquette; they seldom 'showed themselves to the pecple' in familiar guise as in the present day; and the principle of personal rule to which they adhered was not on all occasions conducive to that deep-rooted popular respect and veneration which constitute the best safeguards of a throne. The first Charles defined the relations between a king and his subjects in the following terms: 'The people's liberties strengthen the king's prerogative, and the king's prerogative is to defend the people's liberties.' But the First Charles had somewhat of the fatality of the Second, who

Never said a foolish thing, Nor ever did a wise one.

And their ideas of 'the people's liberties' were pretty well on a par with those entertained by Louis XV. of France, who, when the storm of the Great Revolution was beginning to gather, boxed the ears of his grandson for having dared to give utterance to humanitarian views, and prophesied: You will lose your crown one day or other if you talk at this rate.

WILLIAM IV.—as JUSTIN McCARTHY points out in his History of Our Own Times—'held to and exercised the right to dismiss Ministers when he pleased and because he pleased.' With his death the long era of personal rule closed for ever in England. The late Queen VICTORIA was the first actual British constitutional Sovereign. At a somewhat critical period in the history of European monarchies she popularised British Royalty by her personal virtues and her prudent regard for the limitations of her office; and during her long day—which saw the fall of many a royal house—her throne was buttressed round about with a popular reverence and affection, such as made EVERARD of Wurtemourg the best-beloved of the princes of his day. The mantle of the late Queen's popularity covered all her house. Whatever his defects or limitations EDWARD VII. was, as Prince of Wales, exceedingly popular in England. The events of his brief reign, and especially those surrounding his coronation, go to show that this popularity is neither on the wane nor likely to diminish. He

RIDE "ANGLO SPECIAL" CYCLES.