

HAVE YOU TRIED "K" LEMON CHEESE

THE NEW ZEALAND SOLE ORGAN OF THE CATHOLIC BODY IN NEW ZEALAND

T C TABLET

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

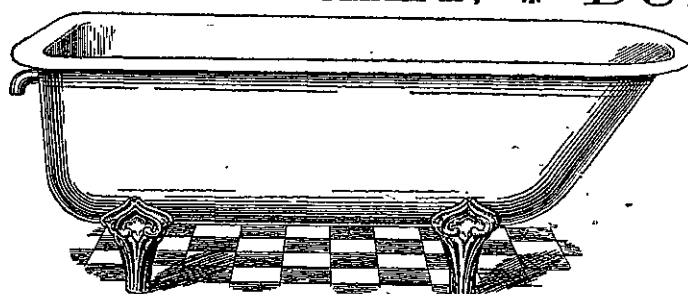
DUNEDIN, THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1908

Price 6d.

VOLUME
XXXVI
**
No 17

A. & T. BURT, LTD.
STUART * STREET, * DUNEDIN.

Cast Iron
Porcelain
Enamelled
Baths and
Showers.



Lavatory
Basins and
all Classes
Sanitary
Goods.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WILKINSON'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

Are Recommended to Sufferers from
DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

PRICE 2/6 BOX
WILKINSON & SON, Chemists, Dunedin.

Famed for Fine Fruity
Flavour.
That Rich Luscious
Flavour of Sunny Nel-
son's Delicious Fruit.

"K." JAM

Always the same wher-
ever you get it—
Pure, Delicious, Whole-
some, Satisfying.

"K" Jam is the Jam you ought to buy—It's the Purest and Best.

For **45** Years

WE have by **FAIR DEALING**
had the **CONFIDENCE** of
our **CUSTOMERS.**

If you do not already do
business with us we think
the above should be a

... **Sufficient Guarantee...**

that it will be

To your interest to purchase from us.

G. & T. YOUNG,

WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS

88 PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN

Also at Wellington, Timaru and Oamaru.

Wrinkles

Come with work and worry.
Save work and keep young
by buying pure

St. George Jams

Every bit as nice as home-
made—cheap too—and look
at the trouble saved.

Your grocer keeps them, all
kinds, in handy screw-top jars.

Be sure you get **"St. George"**

"VIN D'OR."

(Registered.)

Pure Altar Wine.....

A True Grape Wine of Absolute Purity, possessing a Rich, Natural Golden Colour.

The Only Perfect Sacramental Wine.

SPECIAL PRICE—

PER CASE (One Dozen Quarts) ... 30/-
PER CASE (Two Dozen Pints) ... 32/-

Also in CASKS about 15 Gallons, at Exceptionally Low Quotations.

Forwarded to any address in the Dominion.

SOLE AGENTS FOR NEW ZEALAND—

MALING AND COMPANY, LIMITED

WINE, SPIRIT, AND LIQUEUR MERCHANTS,

—Corner of Worcester and Manchester Streets, Christchurch.—

THE London Dental Institute . . .

EXTRACTIONS

MECHANICAL WORK

Fitted—at prices which are within the reach of all.

Full Sets from £3 3s.

Upper or Lower Sets from £2 2s.

Single Teeth from 5s.

Filling and Crowning Dept.

had many years' experience in the art of Crowning, Filling, and Bridging Teeth.

Gold Fillings from 10s 6d.

Amalgam Fillings from 5s.

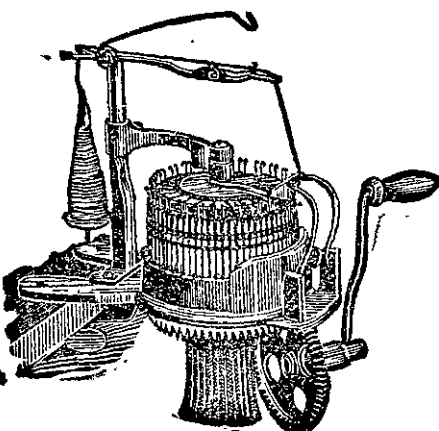
Cement Fillings from 5s.

Porcelain Fillings from 10s 6d.

J A. JORDAN, Principal

(14 years' experience in Australia and New Zealand)

Trained Nurses in Attendance.



...HIGH SPEED...

Family Knitter

No Family should be without one of these Useful and Inexpensive Machines. Will Knit a Stocking in Ten Minutes. Will Knit any Article required in the Household. Will pay its cost in a month. Will Knit Coarse and Fine Wool.

A Child Can Work It.

STRONG, SIMPLE, DURABLE

Price £5.

For Particulars address—

Knitting Machine Co.

26 City Road, Roslyn, Dunedin.

The Perpetual Trustees,

Estate and Agency Co. of N.Z., Ltd.

Subscribed Capital—£108,250.

Paid-up Capital—£9,375.

Directors:

WALTER HISLOP, Esq.

W. E. REYNOLDS, Esq.

ROBERT GLENDINING, Esq.

JAMES HAZLETT, Esq.

JOHN MILL, Esq.

THOS. W. KEMPTHORNE, Esq.

Managing Director: WALTER HISLOP, Esq.

Offices: CORNER OF VOGEL & RATTRAY

STREETS, DUNEDIN.

This Company acts as Executor or Trustee under wills and settlements; as Attorney for absentees or others; manages properties; negotiates loans; collects interest, rent, and dividends, and conducts all General Agency business. Full particulars are given in Company's pamphlet, a copy of which can be obtained on application.

Money Invested on Freehold Security.

Kingsland & Ferguson

UNDERTAKERS

AND MONUMENTAL MASONS

Spey and Dee Streets,

INVERCARGILL.

Have Opened a Monumental Yard in Dee With a Choice Selection of New Stocks of Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones and Crosses.

UNDERTAKING BRANCH ... SPEY STREET

All kinds of Cemetery Work done at Reasonable Prices. Lettering a Speciality. Estimates Given. Telephone 126.

KINGSLAND & FERGUSON.

'Stand Out' Tea

is a great favourite when afternoon tea time comes.

It is a perfect blend of the finest Ceylon Teas, and has that delightful aroma and pleasing taste which contribute so largely to a really enjoyable tete-a-tete. Coupons in every tin and packet.

1/6, 1/8, 1/10, 2/- 1b.

ALL GROCERS



The "Favourite" Linoleum Polish (Also excellent for Tan Boots, Furniture, etc.)

Wholesale Agents

SPRAY, BIRD & CO.
Manufacturers, DUNEDIN

Friends at Court

CLEANINGS FOR NEXT WEEK'S CALENDAR

- May 3, Sunday.—Second Sunday after Easter. Finding of the Holy Cross.
 „ 4, Monday.—St. Monica, Widow.
 „ 5, Tuesday.—St. Pius V., Pope and Confessor.
 „ 6, Wednesday.—St. John at the Latin Gate.
 „ 7, Thursday.—St. Benedict II., pope and Confessor.
 „ 8, Friday.—Apparition of St. Michael, Archangel.
 „ 9, Saturday.—St. Gregory Nazianzen, Bishop, Confessor, and Doctor.

St. Monica, Widow.

St. Monica was a native of Africa, and brought about the conversion of her husband, who was a pagan. Her son, the great St. Augustine, having been led in his youth to embrace the errors of the Manichean heretics, owed his subsequent conversion to her prayers. She died in Ostia, Italy, in 387.

St. Pius V., Pope and Confessor.

On the death of Pius IV., in 1565, Cardinal Ghisleri, a native of Northern Italy, and a member of the Order of St. Dominic, became Pope under the name of Pius V. His pontificate was signalised by the brilliant victory gained by the Christians over the Turks at Lepanto. The expedition was organised mainly through the efforts of St. Pius, and its success is attributed to the prayers which he caused to be offered up throughout Christendom, no less than to the valor of the Christian soldiers. As Pope, St. Pius lived the same simple and frugal life which he had adopted when embracing the religious state. He died in 1572, in the 69th year of his age.

GRAINS OF GOLD

A MAY RHYME.

Mary, my Mother, I have little skill
 To link sweet words to tell my love for thee;
 And yet my foolish tongue will not be still,
 Straining to speak my thought once perfectly.
 O Mother, Mother, look into my heart,
 Read with thine eyes how very dear thou art,
 Then tell thyself in thine own heavenly speech
 What my weak phrase must ever fail to reach.
 — Irish Monthly.

Gold is good to use, but not to worship.
 The religion of Christ never causes anyone to wear a long face.
 The roadway of life needs more attention than the door of death.

No one can have enjoyment to-day if he is worrying about to-morrow.

Procrastination is the thief of time, and the plunder can never be recovered.

Some people are never more happy than when given a chance to tell their troubles.

Many men consent to be shut out of Heaven that they may stand in with the world.

There are no sufferings which sympathy may not make lighter.

Happiness depends not on the things the heart has, but on the heart that has the things.

The world's eyes see no further than this life. The Christian looks down into the depths of eternity.

We should be perfect in all we do, not merely for the present, but to help in the formation of a good character. We should not be like the soapstone that crumbles as it is rubbed, but like gold, that shines brighter and brighter the more it is used.

The noble Greek conception of life as a well-balanced activity and fruition of bodily and mental powers, a concept which was elevated to the spiritual plane by Christianity, has been forgotten in our headlong pursuit of a phantom, a will-o'-the-wisp.

The man who buries himself in money-making is a slave and worse than a slave; for the slave is in bondage against his will, while the money-maniac voluntarily places himself within barriers that shut him away from the society and service of his fellow-men.

Is not making others happy the best happiness? To illuminate for an instant the depths of a deep soul, to cheer those who bear by sympathy the burdens of so many sorrow-laden hearts and suffering lives, is to me a blessing and a precious knowledge. There is a sort of religious joy in helping to renew the strength and courage of noble minds.—Henri P. Amiel.

The Storyteller

THE MAYFLOWER AT THE GULCH

Ruth Mason descended from the roof of the Claremont Flats—the 'loggia' she called it when in a facetious mood—with her arms full of freshly dried linen. On entering the combination kitchen and dining-room of fourth floor back, she found her mother engaged in a frantic search for her spectacles.

'Another letter from Dick?' cried Mrs. Mason. 'Land's sakes, where can those pesky glasses be?'

'Let me have the letter, mother,' said Ruth, who was calm and dignified, a great contrast to her fussy little parent. 'It is from Uncle Cal, not from Dick,' looking at the superscription. 'And, O mother, listen to what he says.'

'My dear Hester:—Dick tells me that Niece Ruth has obtained a certificate as teacher in York State, but that she cannot find a situation. Now, we have built a fine little school-house here this summer, and we are looking for a sensible school-ma'am to train the young hopefuls of Copper Gulch in the way they should go. Society at the Gulch is still in a crude state, and the school-ma'am aforesaid will miss the tea meetings, gossiping bees, and other social diversions of the effete East. However, if Niece Ruth accepts the job which I am authorised by the other trustees to offer her, the pay is sixty-five dollars a month, and she can board with her old uncle free, gratis, and for nothing. As for yourself, you could go and visit at the homestead back in Vermont till we see how things pan out. Take time to think over it—say a week or ten days.

Your affectionate brother,

CALVIN BENTLEY.'

'P.S.—Dick is as fit as a fiddle; he has gone into the foothills with a party of prospectors.'

Both women were silent for several minutes after the perusal of this characteristic epistle. Mrs. Mason, who had discovered the truant spectacles between the leaves of her Testament, sat in the rocking-chair, polishing their already brilliant lenses on her gingham apron. As for Ruth, she stood by the table, thinking rapidly.

Their stock of money was getting low; and, although she obtained an occasional week's employment as a substitute, a permanent engagement seemed no nearer than it did six months ago. Then there was Dick, the delicate young brother whom, on the doctor's advice, they had sent out to find Uncle Calvin some two months before. He was out-growing his strength, and his lungs were not up to the mark, the professional gentleman had said. A trip to the West would do him the world of good. So the two loving women had let him go, though with many misgivings. He needed, a sister's care, thought Ruth; and her dear mother would be all right for a time with Aunt Mehitabel, visiting among the friends of her youth.

'I have decided to accept, mother,' she said at last, breaking the silence.

Mrs. Mason acquiesced. She, too, rejoiced that her beloved Dick would have some one to look after him.

'But what will Thornton Best say to your going West, Ruth?' she asked.

The girl reddened. Thornton Best was her fiance, and she knew very well that her leaving New York would be regarded by him with disfavor.

'I can not help what he thinks, mother,' she replied. 'My mind is quite made up.'

Miss Mason was not a person to let the grass grow under her feet, once she had taken a decision. She replied to her uncle at once, accepting his offer, and set about disposing of their scanty stock of furniture—not a very difficult task.

She had a rather stormy interview with her betrothed, a slim, fair, goody-goody young man, who affected a drawing manner of speaking, because he fancied that it gave his words more weight. He taught a class in the Sabbath school of the First Church, as also did Ruth; and the two were members of various societies for the distribution of free Bibles and tracts to the South Sea Islanders and other amiable heathens. Their friends thought that they seemed well fitted for each other, as both took an interest in such serious matters. Ruth, however, did not allow her fiance's representations to alter her decision in the matter of going West, so perhaps there was a slight coolness between the pair when they bade each other good-bye.

Ruth saw her mother comfortably domiciled with

The New ... "Positive" Pipe Organ

For Churches, Chapels,
Halls, Schools, and ...
Private Houses.

The "POSITIVE"



Is a real Pipe Organ
Produces 2 Manual and
Pedal effects from a Single Keyboard.

Can be played by any one able to play
an ordinary Harmonium.

Is one of the most valuable inventions
of the day.

Prices from £110 up.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue—FREE

Sole New Zealand Agents:

CHAS. BEGG & Co

(LIMITED)

Headquarters for Musical Instruments,
DUNEDIN.

—And at—

Wellington, Invercargill, Timaru, Etc.



To a meal unless it includes a cup
of that delicious beverage!

"KUKOS" TEA

This Tea can be obtained from the
leading Grocers and Storekeepers
throughout Otago and Southland,
and is, without doubt, the VERY
BEST. It is put up in four
qualities, packed in 1lb. and ½lb.
packets, and 5lb. and 10lb. tins.

PLEASE DON'T FORGET!

SIMON Excel in BOOTS for real
hard wear.
Also Excel in High-
Grade BOOTS. **BROTHERS**

WINTER STOCK NOW OPENING UP.

VISIT US.

Address—

GEORGE STREET, ... DUNEDIN
Near Octagon.

S. McBRIDE,

TIMARU.

Direct Importer of MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTS from the best Italian
and Scotch Quarries.

A large stock of the Latest Designs to select
from at lowest prices.

Do You take Coffee for Breakfast? ...

You should! because coffee is the be-
verage that Nature has provided for you
to start the day on. It is the ideal
breakfast beverage, and is permeated
with body building elements.

"CLUB" COFFEE

(The Perfect Coffee)

Is a genuinely nutritive, stimulative
tonic. After partaking of it your nerve
and energy power will be at their high-
est level.

"CLUB" Coffee has won for itself a
colonial reputation for its delightful
palatable flavour. The result is that
the get-up of the tins are being copied
by rival firms. Be careful, therefore, to
see that you get Gregg & Co.'s "CLUB"
Coffee—the purest obtainable.

At all Grocers in 1, 2, 4, & 7lb air-tight tins

W. GREGG & Co., Ltd., Dunedin
(Established 1861)

Coffee, Spice, Pepper & Starch Merchants

New Zealand Tablet Co.

FOR

Job Printing, etc.

CHARGES MODERATE.

J. McORMACK

Melville Hill Shoeing Forge,

Wishes to thank his patrons for past sup-
port, and to notify them that he will in
future use his utmost endeavours to give
every satisfaction.

J. McORMACK, Melville Hill Shoeing Forge.

Mr Spencer Lorraine

The well-known London

TEACHER OF SINGING

Will be at the Dresden from 10.30 till
12.30 every day, from the 3rd to the
7th of March inclusive, to TEST
VOICES and enrol Pupils.

As a number of Mr Lorraine's Christ-
church Pupils are coming to Dunedin to
continue their studies with him, and as
many Dunedin vocalists have already
enrolled, intending pupils should see Mr
Lorraine without delay.

FOR SALE—Campbell Gas and Oil Eng-
ines, Screw Jacks, Pulley Blocks, Wood
Split Pulleys, Lancashire, Balata and Leather
Beltings.

FOR SALE—Centrifugal Pumps, Worth-
ington Duplex Steam Pumps;—on
water and in stock 500 gals. to 15,000 gal.
pumps.

Quotations given, and Indents executed
for all classes of Mining and other Machinery

ROBT. B. DENNISTON & CO.
Stuart St.

RAILWAY HOTEL
THORNDON QUAY, WELLINGTON.

JAMES DEALY - - Proprietor.

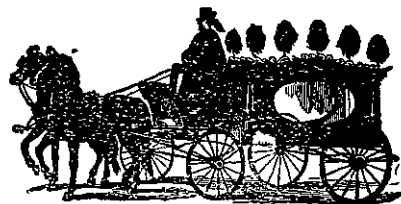
This well-known Hotel is in close proxim-
ity to both Railway Stations, thereby offering
great facility to the travelling public of
being able to leave by the early Trains.

Guests may depend upon being called to
time, a Porter being kept for that purpose.

The Bedrooms are well and comfortably
furnished, and the Fittings and Accommoda-
tion throughout is all that could be desired.

The Wines and Spirits are all of the
Choicest and Best Brands. Dunedin XXXX
Beer always on Tap.

Table d'Hôte daily from 12 to 2, and Meals
at all hours for travellers. Free Stabling.



JOHN MOORE

Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,

THAMES STREET, OAMARU
WAIMATE, AND ASHBURTON.

OAMARU } 93 * NEAR
TELEPHONE } * RAILWAY STATION

FUNERALS conducted in town or country.

In Memoriam Wreaths always in stock
JOHN MOORE for Italian and French

..... IRON BEDSTEADS

See my SPRING MATTRESS.....
and you are sure to buy

SUITES OF FURNITURE made on.....
Shortest Notice, and kept in stock.

BEDDING OF ALL KINDS. Bachelors
reduced in number by giving me a call, as
those Bedsteads are sure to catch them

her aunt before setting out to 'seek her fortune,' as she laughingly called it. Five days later she felt little inclined to laugh when she stepped off the train at Copper Gulch, and noted the one long street, with its array of houses and shacks. Some were altogether devoid of paint; others appeared as if the artist responsible for their decoration had been on the lookout for the most startling combinations of color. To the girl's eye everything seemed flat, stale, and unprofitable. Dick was still away in the foothills, and, though her uncle gave her a warm welcome, she was utterly heartsick and miserable when they arrived at the nondescript structure which its owner dignified by the name of 'Bentley's Bower.'

'Here we are!' exclaimed Uncle Cal., in his bluff fashion. 'And here is Mrs. Luke with tea waiting for us, I'll be bound—Mrs. Luke Dillon, my dear, who runs the general store and bosses every man, woman and child in the Gulch.'

'Don't mind him, Miss Mason,' said a soft, laughing voice, and Ruth found herself drawn gently into a pleasant, airy little nest of a room, with snow-white hangings in beds and windows.

'Uncle Cal. must be joking,' thought the girl; for certainly the little lady whom he called Mrs. Luke looked anything but masterful. She was fairylike as Titania; and, as she removed Ruth's hat and assisted her with her toilet, she chatted away gaily, chiefly about Dick and the improvement in his health. She felt very sorry for her companion, for she well remembered her own feelings of utter desolation when she and Luke had landed at Copper Gulch, some eight years previously.

By the time tea had been disposed of, Ruth felt a little less home sick. She noticed that the table appointments, though plain, were clean and homelike, and the living-room fairly comfortable. Inwardly she gave the credit for this to the little lady sitting opposite to her.

Ruth was not to know for a long time how much she really was indebted to Mrs. Dillon. When that good Samaritan had heard from Uncle Cal. of his niece's pending arrival, she had laid down the law to her easy-going old friend in a very positive fashion. The result was that the chief decorations of the 'Bower,' consisting mainly of empty tin cans of various sizes and patterns, were dumped into a neighboring ravine. The services of a Chinaman were called into requisition, and Wung Lee used whitewash and scrub brush with an unsparring hand. Then a couch, bookcase, bedroom furniture, dishes, linen, draperies and carpet, besides many other things which Mrs. Luke considered the necessities of life, were bought. Uncle Cal. protested outwardly that the little lady was ruining him; inwardly he rejoiced at the prospect of living in civilisation once more.

Now, Mrs. Dillon did all these things out of regard for genial, boyish Dick, who was a universal favorite, but mostly from the kindly impulse of a Christian heart.

The school term started in the following week, and our heroine soon discovered that she would have little time to indulge in *mal de pays*. Her pupils were of assorted sizes, nationalities, and dispositions. There were dark-haired, soft-eyed Mexicans, golden-haired Swedes, children from all parts of the British Isles, together with a fair sprinkling of native Americans. Copper Gulch possessed no church of any denomination. On Sundays, the Dillons and a few Irish families, besides all the Mexicans, drove seven miles to hear Mass at Tuscon.

Ruth, who was very conscientious, assembled all the Protestant children whom she could coax or bribe at the Bower on Sabbath afternoons, when she read Bible stories or instructed them in a few elementary Christian truths. She wrote about this to Thornton Best in New York; and that gentleman responded, in rather a pompous manner, that he had placed the spiritual needs of Copper Gulch before the Mission Board of the First Church.

Miss Mason was a favorite with both parents and pupils, and the cowboys regarded her with something akin to reverence. Her fair, gentle prettiness, a certain prim neatness of dress and appearance, together with her New-England origin, caused them to bestow upon her the sobriquet of the 'Mayflower.' She was the pride of old Calvin Bentley's heart. It was wonderful to see 'Careless Cal' hang up his soft felt hat in the little entry and scrape his shoes on the mat when he entered the precincts of the Bower, which was now beginning to grow worthy of its name.

Ruth's friendship with Mrs. Luke grew apace, and many of her evenings were spent in the pleasant sit-

ting-room behind the general store. The little lady had been a convent graduate in the East, and she was as cultivated in mind as she was amiable in disposition. The girl felt many of her old prejudices against Catholics disappear as she became more intimate with that refined family circle. There were two girls of whom she became very fond; but the pupil that occupied the first place in her heart was a little Mexican—Carmela Diaz.

Carmela had come to the neighborhood with her father two years before, and they had taken possession of a miserable, half-ruined abode on the trail to Las Nivas. Prospero Diaz had a rather shady reputation. It was whispered that he left his country—old Mexico—for his country's good, and that his wife had died of a broken heart. She had belonged to a most respectable family, and had fallen in love with the handsome face of Prospero Diaz, and married him against her parents' wishes. The poor soul had a very bitter awakening. Her husband made a precarious living in underhand ways, and though he was never actively unkind to her, he was worry and privation that gradually undermined her health. After her death her people came forward and proposed that they should take charge of little Carmela. The father insolently refused their offer, for he loved the child with a fierce passionate love; though he often left her for twenty-four hours at a time, while indulging his appetite for gambling at the faro rooms of the Gulch. Everyone pitied Carmela, who had a sweet, gentle disposition, and the face of an angel. It was her beauty that first attracted Ruth. She often took the poor waif home with her after school hours, and taught her how to mend her clothes and do simple household tasks. It was characteristic of her high sense of honor that she never tried to tamper with the child's simple faith.

'Are you never afraid, Carmela,' she asked her one day, 'at night when your father does not come home?'

'No, Senorita,' was the reply. 'I have my two mothers in heaven, you know. They always watch over me.'

'Your two mothers?' said Ruth, in a puzzled voice.

'Yes, Senorita: My own dear mamma who died, and Mary, the Mother of Our Lord.'

'Would you like to go to heaven yourself, Carmela?'

'Well, you know, I could not leave poor papadito. And, then it is like heaven in your house, Senorita.'

Bob Dillon left the San Patricio Ranch at daybreak one fine morning in early summer, and rode along the trail around the hills toward Copper Gulch. He had not seen his brother Luke for almost a year, for it had been a busy time in the cattle country, and all the ranches were short-handed. Old Sol was climbing the heavens slowly, and Bob's thoughts were in harmony with the glorious promise of the fair June day. Dear old Luke! how pleased he would be, and Margaret too, to say nothing of Gracie and Nellie, his 'fairy goddaughters,' as he called them! But it was Luke principally whom he longed to see, for there had been only the two brothers in the family. Their mother had died in their infancy, and at their father's death they had decided to go West. Luke, who was not very strong and hardly fitted for life on the plains, opened a general store at the Gulch, where he prospered. But Robert was a born ranchman, and never so happy as when in the saddle.

It was early afternoon when he slackened rein at the 'Dutchman's,' the euphonious name of Copper Gulch's largest hostelry. Walter Lindsay, 'Whooop-up-Watt,' whose antipathy for 'biled shirts' was notorious, actually stood out in front of the hotel, in store clothes and stand-up collar. Presently he was joined by three other cowboys all dressed in the same fashion. The four looked exceedingly uncomfortable.

'What's up, Watt?' inquired Bob, curiously, as he dismounted.

'That you, Babe?'—in that land of nicknames, Bob's length of limb had earned for him the sobriquet of 'Babe.' 'We are going to the closing exercises at the schoolhouse,' continued Watt, with dignity.

'Closing exercises?' Bob repeated, in astonishment.

Mr. Lindsay explained that Miss Mason, the new school-teacher, was responsible for the invitation. For weeks she had toiled in order to bring her pupils to the proper pitch of perfection, so the Gulch felt bound to turn out en masse to do honor to the occasion. The cowboys, to a man, were arrayed like Solomon in all his glory.

'Here's Miss Mason now!' he said, as a bewildering vision in white muslin with fluttering ribbons came rapidly down the street and passed them with a smile.

THE N.Z. EXPRESS CO.

LIMITED.

(CAMPBELL AND ORUST.)

DUNEDIN, INVERCARGILL, GORE,
CHRISTCHURCH, WELLINGTON,
DAMARU, AUCKLAND, & LYTTELTON

GENERAL CARRIERS, CUSTOMS
SHIPPING & EXPRESS FORWARDING
AGENTS

PARCELS FORWARDED to any part of
the World.

FURNITURE Packed and Removed by our
own men throughout New Zealand.

ADDRESS: CRAWFORD STREET.

BOTTLED ALE & STOUT.

SPEIGHT'S CELEBRATED

PRIZE ALES & STOUTS.
BOTTLED BY

Messrs. Powley & Keast

HOPE STREET,
DUNEDIN,

Bottlers, Wine & Spirit Merchants.

Country Orders Punctually attended to.
Order through Telephone 979.

Sole Agents in Dunedin for A. B. Mackay
"Liqueur" Whisky.

Agents for Auldana Wines (S.A.)

Corks, Tinfoil, Wire, Syphons, and all Bottlers
Requisites in Stock.

Ladies!

Do you want better
recommendation than this:

180,000 Bottles

The MILITARY PICKLE

Sold in London last year.

Buy One Bottle To-day

W. WOLLAND,
FAMILY BUTCHER
42 Tory St., Wellington.

Only Government Inspected Meat Sold.
TRIAL SOLICITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880. TELEPHONE NO. 69
BAKER BROTHERS,
FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,
ASHBURTON.

Direct Importers of Best and Latest
Designs in Funeral Furnishings.

FUNERALS Conducted with the great-
est Care and Satisfaction, at the most
Reasonable Charges.

Corner of Wakarua Road and Cass
streets, and Baker and Brown's Coach
Factory.

Notice of Removal.

R. MILLIS & SON,

General Engineers & Machinists,
19 BATH STREET,

DUNEDIN

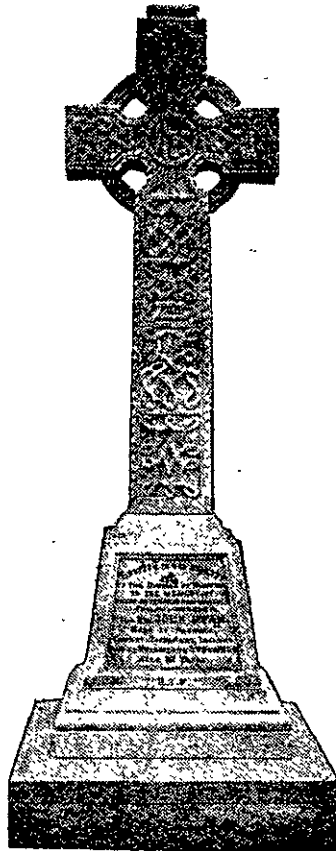
HAVE pleasure in intimating to their
Customers that they have SHIFTED
INTO THEIR NEW AND UP-TO-DATE
WORKSHOP, which is being equipped
with Machinery and Tools of the Very Best
Class, which will enable them to turn out
work to their Customers' and their own
satisfaction.

Please { 19 Bath Street
Note Address { Telephone No. 506.

R. T. Pope,

THE LEADING DRAPER,
KAIKOURA.

Keep your eye on this house and your
mind on our Bargains.



ERECTED TO THE MEMORY OF THE
LATE REV. JOHN RYAN.

EXECUTED BY H. FRAPWELL.

Frapwell and Holgate

-- Monumental Sculptors --

PRINCES STREET SOUTH,
DUNEDIN.

Direct Importer of Marble and
Granite Monuments.

Designs and Estimates on application.
Country Orders promptly attended to.

**This Eureka Suit Made
to Measure for 45s.**



You come in, select
your material, and we
make to your own mea-
sure. The Coat is well
padded and quilted.
Trousers fashionably cut
and all well-finished
throughout.

If you can't call, write
for Patterns and Self-
measurement Chart.

A big range of the
latest Patterns just in.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Call or Write To-day.

TRIBE & CO.,

HIGH STREET, CHRISTCHURCH

**The Standard Cough
Remedy for over
Forty-five Years.**



**BONNINGTON'S
CARRAGEEN**

IRISH MOSS

A SAFE AND VALUABLE REMEDY FOR
CROUP, COLIC, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS,
INFLUENZA, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.
The Powerful Virtues of Carrageen will be found in all the
all the above troublesome disorders.

DIRECTIONS:
Coughs, COLIC, & other AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.
For an Adult—One Dessertspoonful to be taken
when the Cough is troublesome, at short intervals, until relief be
obtained. The same quantity to be administered for Whooping
Cough. For further directions see circular enclosed.

TABLE OF DOSES:
AS ADULT, two teaspoonfuls; age 10 years and upwards, a tea-
spoonful; age 6 years, half teaspoonful; age 3 years, 40 drops in
water; age 2 years, 20 drops in water. The doses may be repeated
every 4 or 5, or three hours, as may be required.

GEORGE BONNINGTON
CHRISTCHURCH.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

There is no remedy for Coughs and
Colds "just as good" as
BONNINGTON'S.

PATENTS and TRADE MARKS

obtained in all countries by

**HENRY HUGHES, International
Patent Agent.**

Dunedin Office, A.M.P. Buildings, Princes st
T. H. THOMPSON, Local Agent.
Telephone 1706. Handbook on Application.
Correspondence promptly attended to.

and a nod. 'What do you think of the new addition to our scenery, Babe?'

But Babe was just then speechless. Miss Mason had given the little group a second, swift glance, and it was directed at him. Most feminine eyes regarded with approval his fine sun-burned face and six feet of brawn and muscle; so there was no reason why he should be 'knocked all of a heap by a glint of the little schoolma'am's e'en,' as Scotty, the other cowboy, expressed it afterward.

'Cheer up, old fellow,' said Whoop-up, encouragingly. You have every chance to go in and win; for she and Mrs. Luke are as thick as flies on a molasses barrel, the graphic, if homely simile, having been inspired by the sight of an empty keg standing near.

Just then there was a quick scurry of little feet, and two fairies in white jumped into Robert Dillon's arms.

'Uncle Bob!—it is Uncle Bob!' cried Nellie.

'Our giant godfather,' said Gracie, with a loving hug.

'Where are you going midgits?' he inquired.

'We are going to the closin' exercises,' answered Gracie, composedly. 'Me and Nellie—no, Nellie and I—are going to sing a quartette—I mean a duet, the "Birdies' Wedding."'

'You come and hear us, Uncle Bob,' begged Nellie.

'Uncle Bob is not dressed,' demurred Gracie, who was a bit of a coquette.

'Never mind! Uncle Bob is just lovely, no matter how he is dressed,' said Nellie, staunchly.

Bob kissed the true-hearted little flatterer, and then marched up to the schoolhouse with one small niece perched on each shoulder. It was in this fashion he made the acquaintance of 'Teacher.'

The entertainment passed off very well. The children sang in chorus and something about 'the bees and birds and flowers in leafy, sylvan bowers,' and 'gay vacation time in this most favored clime.' The Dillon twins acquitted themselves creditably, and a big boy recited a comic selection that greatly pleased the audience, not a critical one, it must be allowed. Then a little Mexican girl sang a pretty song, to her youthful brother's accompaniment on the guitar. A tall girl of fourteen read an essay on some abstruse subject, which nobody understood, but everybody considered fine Marches and drills were interspersed here and there; and, after another chorus in which the word 'Good-bye' was repeated in every cadence from forte to pianissimo, the young performers prepared to leave the stage.

Then the Sheriff of San Bruno County rose to his feet. He congratulated the children on their histrionic ability, but especially did he congratulate their teacher, Miss Mason, who had given up brilliant prospects in the East in order to devote her energies to the welfare of Copper Gulch's future citizens. (Loud cheering at this.) And as Ruth, her cheeks flushed with nervousness and pleasure, her eyes shining like stars, bowed her acknowledgments, there was a burst of applause that almost brought down the roof.

Mrs. Luke captured her and carried her home to spend the evening. Her uncle and brother Dick were both away in the mountains, prospecting. Dick had made up his mind that he was going to make his home in the West. He had grown from a puny strippling to a vigorous young man. His presence had been a great comfort to his sister through the long winter months, and the two wrote many cheerful letters to Mrs. Mason at the old homestead in Vermont. The girl had saved most of her salary; and as Dick had been taken into partnership by his uncle, there was talk of his going back East to bring out the little mother.

It was a happy party that gathered around Mrs. Luke's cosy supper table that night. That hospitable lady was worried because her brother-in-law Bob displayed so poor an appetite after his long ride, although his devoted nieces, one on each side, heaped his plate with dainties.

After tea there was music. Mrs. Luke possessed a piano, of which the Gulch was inordinately proud, and Bob's mellow tenor joined in with her clear soprano as they sang song after song. Presently as Ruth sat gazing dreamily out at the moonlight garden, two soft little voices reached her ear:

As the dewy shades of even

Gather o'er the balmy air,

Listen, gentle Queen of Heaven,—

Listen to our vesper prayer!

She looked over at the singers. Their innocent eyes were raised as if in prayer, their small hands folded. What a beautiful idea it was to teach young hearts to

place themselves under the protection of Mary, that model of all purity! The words of Ellen's petition in 'The Lady of the Lake' came to her mind:

Maiden, hear a maiden's prayer!

Mother, hear a suppliant child!

She glanced at Robert Dillon, and noticed with wonder that his eyes were full of tears, and—he was looking directly at her.

The mother retiring presently to put her little ones to bed, the two were left alone. Luke looked in upon them occasionally, but he was busy in the store. They conversed upon various subjects;—and Ruth had to admit to herself that she had seldom met a young man so well informed, though he laughingly told her that as a boy he had shown more affinity for baseball than for his studies. She blushed at finding herself comparing his lively pleasant conversation with the stilted platitudes of Thornton Best.

Mrs. Luke, returning, found them apparently such good friends that she could not help saying to herself: 'What a couple they would make, if only Ruth were a Catholic!' I am afraid the little lady was a match-maker at heart, but, then, what happy wife is not!

It was late, and Bob Dillon had many miles to cover before reaching the San Patricio Ranch. That ride in the moonlight will live in his memory for ever. The white trail winding in and out around the mesa; here and there a clump of sage or a blotch of blackness, where the cattle were huddled together in the hollows—those familiar sights, which he had thought so monotonous, took on in his eyes a new beauty, glomored over as they were with the moon's silvery radiance and the witchery of love.

But the days that followed! If each were a century in length, they could not seem to our hero to drag more slowly.

'Bossee, he sickee,' said Wah Lung, the cook. 'He no eatee slo muchee,'—with a gesture of the fingers illustrative of the utter insignificance of his master's meals.

'I bet you he's sickening for a fever,' put in Doleful Desmond, who always looked on the dark side of things.

'Ay tank' remarked Lief Oleson, slowly—'ay tank mebbe he meet one pretty girl down at the Gulch.'

The others were inclined to be of the Swede's opinion when, a week later, the boss started off for the Gulch again, on some insignificant errand. It was evening when he reached his brother's home, and there a disappointment awaited him. Ruth was in the little parlor, 'his true, but near her, and with an air of proprietorship for which Bob would have liked to kick him,' sat Thornton Best. He had stepped off the train unexpectedly a few days before, as a surprise for Ruth—so he said. Truth to tell, his coming had given her more surprise than pleasure. He took up his headquarters at the 'Dutchman's', for he wanted to show the cowboys how a Christian gentleman should live, so he told his fiancée. Were it not for their regard for Miss Mason, he would soon have shown them how a Christian gentleman should die; for his patronising airs had maddened everyone of them.

'What queer critters women are' said Whoop-up Watt, in a disgusted voice. 'How a girl like Miss Mason can care for that stuck-up tenderfoot passes my understanding. Now if she would only take a shine to Babe Dillon 'There's a man for you!'

Babe Dillon, though a man, was not a very happy one on that particular evening. Mrs. Luke, her pretty face troubled, exerted herself to be agreeable; and Luke himself stepped nobly into the breach. But after a time conversation languished. Thornton Best, conscious of his immaculate attire and metropolitan polish (as he fondly believed), could not help but adopt a patronising tenor toward the cowpunchers, as he mentally called the brothers.

(To be concluded next week.)

MOUNTAIN KING ASTHMA POWDER.

gives remarkably quick relief to all sufferers from asthma. Burn a little on the tin lid, and inhale freely the rising fumes. The most violent attack will be cut short, and restful sleep supplied to the patient. 2s 6d per tin at the chemists, grocers, or from sole proprietors.

MYERS & CO., Dentists, Octagon, corner of George Street. They guarantee the highest class of work at moderate fees. Their artificial teeth give general satisfaction, and the fact of them supplying a temporary denture while the gums are healing does away with the inconvenience of being months without teeth. They manufacture a single artificial tooth for Ten Shillings, and sets equally moderate. The administration of nitrous oxide gas is also a great boon to those needing the extraction of a tooth....

THE FINEST HOUSEHOLD COAL

Is

THE NEW SEAM TARATU COAL

SOLD BY ALL COAL MERCHANTS.

ORDERS for Trucks for Country Stations addressed to the TARATU COAL AND RAILWAY COMPANY, 2 Vogel Street, Dunedin,

HAVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Telephone 217.

TRY IT.

IT CAN'T BE BEATEN.

GEO. R. CHEESEMAN,
Manager.

Now on Exhibition

First Showing of New Autumn Goods.
The Prices for our Millinery are not to be beaten anywhere

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

UNIQUE MILLINERY STORE, Stuart St.
Dunedin

BIRTH, DEATH, AND MARRIAGE

ADVERTISEMENTS - 2s 6d.

IN MEMORIAM NOTICES - 4s per inch

—A LARGE STOCK OF—

MEMORIAM CARDS

On hand. Samples and Quotations sent on application.

N.Z. TABLET CO., Octagon, Dunedin.



DUNEDIN.

Artistic Furniture in
Quaint and Antique Designs.

D.I.C. FURNITURE is
High-grade in every particular

Designed by experts, built by competent workmen, and composed of pure, sound, and well-seasoned materials only. Satisfaction is assured by purchasing at the D.I.C.

—OVER FOUR MILLION SOLD ANNUALLY IN AUSTRALASIA—

Marseilles Red Roofing Tiles

(SALES IN NEW ZEALAND ARE INCREASING EVERY MONTH)

Light, Cool, Watertight, Everlasting, Inexpensive.

Uniform Colour throughout. Every Roof Guaranteed

Best Works.—Such as Dunedin Convent, Camarua Convent, Clyde Church, Holy Trinity Church, Port Chalmers, Dunedin Car House, Gore Post Office, Creosote Works, Invercargill, numerous Private Residences, particularly in High Street, Dunedin and in Roslyn, SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES

Future Works.—Such as Christchurch Cathedral, Dunedin, Bluff and Rangiora Railway Stations, Railway Library, Invercargill and TEN (10) Private Houses in Dunedin, Oamaru and Invercargill show the increasing popularity of the line.

Estimates Given of any work. These are carried out by our RESIDENT EXPERTS, and WHICH WE GUARANTEE.

The most PICTURESQUE ROOF for either Private or Public Buildings.

WUNDERLICH'S PATENT ZINC CEILINGS, Cheapest, Safest, and most Artistic.

SOLE
AGENTS

BRISCOE & Co., Ltd,

Dunedin, Wellington, Christchurch,
Auckland, and Invercargill.

Established 1859.

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

(FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT).

Capital -	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserves -	£690,000
Net Revenue for 1907 -	£642,739

THE PREMIER COLONIAL COMPANY

Fire, Marine and Accident Risks accepted at Lowest Current Rates. Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

OTAGO } FIRE AND MARINE—Corner of Rattray and Crawford Streets, Dunedin. WILLIAM I. BOLAM, Manager.
BRANCHES } ACCIDENT DAVID T. BROWNLEE, Manager.
FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT—Thames Street, Oamaru. JAS. B. E. GRAVE, Manager.

Current Topics

Honesty that Scarce

'The kind of honesty', says David Harum, 'that won't actually steal 's a kind of fool honesty that's common enough; but the kind that keeps a feller's mouth shut when he hadn't ought to talk 's about the scurcest thing goin'.'

Patting their Backs

There is one plank in the platform of the United Orange Grand Lodge of New Zealand—recently published in the press—which we highly approve. It is the rule that runneth thus: 'Any member marrying a Roman Catholic shall be expelled'. Here we 'firm concord hold' with the brethren, and we pat the collective back of the Grands, Semi-Grands, and Upright Grands of the Order for their determination to do what lies in their power to prevent mixed marriages—and above all, a mixed marriage to which a brother, bound by the oath of the 'first' or the 'two-and-a-half' degree, shall be a party.

'One Vicious Quality'

It seems a long cry to the day when Longfellow's 'angel with a trumpet' will say:—

'Forever more, forever more,
The reign of violence is o'er!'

But it is a hopeful sign of the times that so convinced a Radical as M. Henri Maret should have strongly protested against the brutal expulsion of the 'Augustinian nuns by the French Government (on the pressure of their Radical-Socialist supporters) from the Parisian hospital in which they had nursed the sick for twelve hundred years. M. Maret's article appeared in the 'Republique Francaise', and is translated in part as follows by a writer in the 'S.H. Review' of March 7: 'The good Sisters had one vicious quality—they believed in God. Hence if we have liberty of conscience, it is on condition that belief in God be strictly prohibited. If you believe in God, you are undone. You can not occupy any public position, nor even receive the cross' (the decoration of the Legion of Honor), 'which would have greatly surprised Jesus Christ, to Whom we are indebted for that same cross, which our masters are pleased to trample under foot, when they do not wear it on their breasts. Did not my friend Berteaux, the other day, amidst the applause of the entire Chamber of Deputies, declare that a man who believed in God could not possibly be a competent civil engineer, and that a person afflicted with that absurd belief could not be admitted to care for the sick?'

'It is', says a writer in the 'S.H. Review', 'a hopeful sign of the times that a radical of long date, should show by this display of mordant irony his disgust for the insane and illogical measures of the present infidel Government. The cruel expulsion of an Order, which for twelve centuries had cared for suffering humanity in their historic hospital, is an act most infamous, without even the plea of economy to justify it. The Sisters received 200 francs (£8) per annum, the lay nurses are paid 1,100 francs (£44), for, needless to say, much less valuable services.'

The 'Yellow Peril'

Lord Wolseley was, we believe, the man who coined the apt and now universally used expression, 'Yellow Peril', to signify the things that may befall when the giant forces of the East awake up and train and arm. The Russo-Japanese war served to open the eyes of the West to the vast potentialities of conquest that exist in the dormant nations of the Orient when they have rubbed the sleep out of their eyes, and stretched their

limbs, and got to work. It may be long before a new Tamerlane or Zenghis Khan will give the Caucasian nations cause to sleep uneasily o' nights. But there are more than Father Benson who foresee the Armageddon of the future in the clash of yellow hosts upon white. And one of these is Lord Wolseley.

On last Sunday the gifted Rev. Dr. Waddell (Dunedin) referred to the things that may be involved in the present awakening of the East—no longer 'the unchanging East'. 'If', said he, 'in this great conflict between the yellow and the white man in the not distant future we failed, it would be for the same reasons as had brought about the ruin of Rome. We shall go down, not because of the material forces outside our gates, but because the spirit has left the body within. Like the wild tribes that swept down upon ancient Rome, they will be but the eagles of judgment that remove the infecting carcass from the face of the earth. . . . The real yellow peril is not these nations, vast though they be, that are rising on the distant horizon. It is our own lust of the yellow metal and what the yellow metal can purchase. It is to be engrossed with our own interests and our own ambitions and to be dead to the summons to lead the Gospel in through these great opening doors of the Orient. If we fail to do that we may live to see ourselves where proud, imperial, self-loving Rome found herself—in the dust at the feet of Vandal and Hun.'

The learned and gentle Doctor might—had he been so minded—have referred to the 'white peril', that gives a real terror to the one that is called 'yellow'. We refer to race-suicide—to the dog-and-cat-and-canary-bird family. But for the 'white peril', the Western nations could sit serene and unafraid, and look squarely and defiantly in the face of an armed and warlike Orient. But the cult of the human infant is, among many, giving place to the cult of the bull-pup and the Japanese poodle. And the slant-eyed Orientals may yet be 'the scourge of God', as Attila and his Huns and Vandals and Ostrogoths were fourteen centuries ago—to punish the nations for their sins.

The Anarchist at Work

Some one—we cannot give him a local habitation and a name—gave this rhyming definition:—

'What is an anarchist? One who, his cosmos,
'With blood red cement, would fashion from chaos'.

In America, the anarchists (or 'arnychists', as 'Mr. Dooley' calls them) have lately been mixing their cement with the blood of priests. They shot one at the altar in Denver a few weeks ago. And now, in our latest American files, comes the news that the lives of a number of others are threatened, and that the public authorities have found it necessary to take active steps to rid the country of what some one has termed 'the riff-raff' of the assassination clubs of Europe. The 'Congregationalist' commented editorially as follows on the brutal murder of Father Heinrichs at Denver: 'The killing of a priest at the altar in Denver, Col., by a coward who shot him through the back as an expression of his hatred for all religion, is a sporadic proof of the insanity of anarchism. The philosophical anarchists will repudiate his act as heartily as the rest of us—we hope it will show them with what dangerous tools they are working. The effect of the deed will be to supply the Roman Catholic Church with a martyr, and to make the creed of hate for all religion more unpopular than ever.'

On the surface of the vast tide of immigration that sets steadily to America from the older and more congested—and usually more oppressed and soldier-ridden—countries of Europe, there floats westward the flotsam of the criminality of a dozen flags. And in a country

that, of all others (with the solitary exception of China), is most ridden by dark-lantern associations, it is hardly a matter of surprise that the imported seafarers and criminals do not at once throw off the methods of the cellar-rat. But the anarchist assassin has abused the rights of hospitality, and he must be driven across, or into the sea—if he has not previously had his neck stretched by the slip-noose of the hangman, or his evil soul chased out of his worthless body by the high-voltage current of the electric chair. Dealing with the vast body of usually peaceable and moral immigrants that pour year by year into the United States, Bishop Walden (Episcopalian Methodist) said, a few weeks ago at an inter-denominational missionary conference at Oakland: 'What could we of other denominations do with this great immigrant horde if it were not for the Roman Catholic Church? It is the greatest police power that could be exerted over these new millions, and it holds them securely in its conservative grasp. I want to ask you how we could take care of the foreign-born who come to our cities, how our police forces could handle them and control them, were it not for the conservative influence of the Roman Catholic Church? I don't want to challenge you Protestants' Bishop Walden continued, 'but isn't it a fact that the Roman Catholic Church holds its children closer than any other? And so long as this is so, its influence is most important in dealing with the problem of the cities.'

How Education Tells

Dr. W. T. Harris, a former American Commissioner of Education, is credited by the 'Ave Maria' with having stated as follows the results of certain investigations made by him: 'That a boy with only a common school education has, in round numbers, one chance in nine thousand.—That a high school training increases this chance nearly twenty-two times.—That college education added, gives the young man about ten times the chance of a high school boy, and two hundred times the chance of the boy whose training stopped with the common school.—That the A.B. graduate is pre-eminently successful, and that the self-educated man is inconspicuous'.

This is not, of course, always the case—even from the point of view of the mere mental training acquired in school. But the exceptions are only just about numerous enough to prove the rule. The story of the great engineer gun-wizard, Sir Hiram Maxim, occurs to our mind as the pen pursues its zig-zag course over the paper. Sir Hiram's school education was of the poorest. On the last day of his school life, his younger sister carried off the first prize. Hiram, stupid, but well-behaved, drew, as usual, none. 'I will now', said the teacher at the close of the distribution of prizes, 'give a leather medal to the most stupid scholar in the school'. 'I looked about me', said Sir Hiram, 'and I was quite certain that it must be Kim Casley, the double-thumbed boy. But, no! The teacher selected Hiram Maxim. I went forward, and was given the only medal I have ever received in my life for anything relating to education'.

Reverting to ex-Commissioner Harris's investigations, we find in the 'Ave Maria' some pertinent remarks in regard to what constitutes the 'chance' of a boy. It is, of course, 'success'. 'And', says the 'Ave', "'success" in this connection most likely means making a livelihood and acquiring a more or less notable fortune. It is to be presumed that Dr. Harris implied, if he did not express, the necessary proviso, "other things being equal", else his assertions will be open to well-grounded objections. Honesty, integrity, the sense of religious duty—in a word, character, is a factor the presence or absence of which will account for greater divergence in the careers of young men than

will the mere difference between the common and the high school training, or between the incomplete and the finished college course.'

More Theology

A great deal of time—four solid years ordinarily—is devoted by Catholic ecclesiastical students to 'the queen of sciences', theology. The solid grounding which they receive both in philosophical and theological science leaves them, as a rule, well equipped to dissect the fallacies of calow theorists, such as the revamped and oft-exposed old errors and misconceptions that constitute the miscalled 'new' theology. The Rev. W. Hewitson—whose meaty articles in the Dunedin 'Outlook' are always worth assimilating—emphasises, in a recent issue of that paper, the need of more theology for students preparing for the Presbyterian ministry. Principal Harper, of St. Andrew's College (Sydney), holds with him (he says) that 'the thing necessary to-day in training men is much more thorough instruction in theology. It is appalling to think (said he) what would happen to the Church if a great heresy arose. It would catch the Church quite unprepared'. And in his recent work on 'Positive Preaching', Principal Forsyth writes: 'I say that, in the present state of the Church, and certainly for the sake of its pulpit, its ministers, and its future, theology is a greater need than philanthropy. Because men do not know where they are. They are only steering by dead reckoning—when anything may happen. But theology is "taking the sun"'. And it is wonderful—it is dangerous—how few of our officers can use the sextant for themselves. Yet what is the use of captains who are more at home entertaining the passengers than navigating the ship.'

It is not pleasant to contemplate the manner in which, outside the Catholic Church, men—even, at times, the officers of the ship—are carried about by every wind of doctrine. The evil wrought upon the faith of many by a destructive and extreme 'higher criticism', and by the passing fancies and shallow theories of the so-called 'new theology', recall to mind some remarks made by Dr. Harris Taylor, a former American Minister to Spain, on a recent occasion in Washington. He said in part: 'The famous English agnostic and historian, Buckle, who died at Damascus, made, near the close of his life, a pilgrimage to the Holy City with a caravan that included representative divines from many denominations. After he had discussed with them profoundly the theological problems that agitated the world during the last generation, one of the company called upon him to express his views as to the essence of the issues involved, and their probable outcome. In reply, Buckle said: "I see, on the one hand, the young and growing host of agnosticism; on the other, the older Christian host, one wing of which rests on the disintegrating dogma of private judgment, the other on the cohesive dogma of an infallible Church". He then added: "In my judgment, the future of Christianity depends upon the power of the Catholic Church to defend it".'

The Catholic Church stands in serene possession as the judge of religious controversies. She is not appalled, whether a great heresy arises, or a small. 'Securus judicat orbem terrarum'—she passes judgment in matters of faith and of morals, secure from error. For the Abiding Spirit is in the Church 'for ever', to teach her 'all truth' (John, xiv., 16-17, 26; xvi., 13-14); and Christ (Whose 'body' she is—Col., i., 18) is her life and light and soul. The poet Dryden, after his conversion to the Catholic faith, wrote of her as follows in 'The Hind and the Panther':—

'O gracious God! how well dost Thou provide
For erring judgments an unerring guide.
For this obscurity, how could heaven provide
More prudently than by a living guide?
It then remains: that Church can only be
The guide, which owns unfailing certainty.'

And again:—

'One in herself, not rent by schism, but sound,
Entire, one solid, shining diamond,
Not sparkles scattered into sects'.

And by her 'the self-same doctrine of the sacred page' is 'conveyed to every clime in every age'.

THE CHURCH IN NEW ZEALAND

MEMOIRS OF THE EARLY DAYS

(Contributed.)

AUCKLAND.

(Continued.)

Among the small band of Irish priests who came to labor in the diocese of Auckland during the episcopate of Bishop Pompallier, was Father James Paul. Born in County Carlow, Ireland, on November 10, 1822, he was, after a successful course of studies at St. Patrick's College, Carlow, ordained to the priesthood on July 15, 1855. He soon after set out for New Zealand, and arrived in Auckland in April, 1856. Rangia-whia, in the Waikato (so states a record which appeared in the 'Tablet' on the occasion of his death) was the first scene of his activity. In 1858 he was transferred to Otahuhu, and for forty-eight years afterwards, and until his demise at the age of 83, he had been in charge of Onehunga. The beautiful church of the Assumption, the graceful proportions of which add such a charm to the western port town, was built by him and opened free of debt, and also the fine schools in the vicinity. He was a great advocate of Catholic education, consistently taking an active and personal interest in the day and Sunday schools. He filled the positions of Vicar-General and Administrator of the diocese, and was raised by the late Pope Leo XIII. to the dignity of Monsignor. In his death was removed the last of the priests who came to the diocese in Bishop Pompallier's time, having, in 1899 and 1900, seen buried the last of his colleagues, the Very Rev. M. D. O'Hara, of Otahuhu, and the Very Rev. Monsignor Walter McDonald, of Panmure. Forty-nine years of his life were spent in the service of the Church in Auckland, and had he lived but another three months, would have celebrated the golden jubilee of his priesthood. There were few prelates (writes one who knew him intimately) who have commanded more respect and veneration of people of all shades of religious belief than the late Monsignor Paul. He was of quiet, unassuming manner, and avoided taking part in public functions as much as possible, but nevertheless he was enabled to reach the hearts of his people, and more especially the people of Onehunga, in whose midst he lived for so many years. He may be considered the 'Father of Onehunga,' as there were probably no older residents. Here he had watched the growth of three generations. He had baptised and married the children of the early settlers, their children, and their children's children. During the same lengthened period he had followed the remains of four generations to their last resting place. The Monsignor had thus ties with his people which could never be broken in life, and in death the sorrow of the whole community went out to him. Addressing the assemblage at the funeral obsequies of the late Very Rev. Mgr. Paul, his Lordship Bishop Lenihan said:—'It is impossible to calculate the time he has spent devoting himself to benevolence and the saving of souls. With the exception of less than eighteen months spent elsewhere, his whole time has been passed in Onehunga, where he worked and prayed for the benefit of the people. Monsignor Paul might be termed the last of those early priests who preached Christianity in this Colony.'

The First Parish Priest of Onehunga

was Father Clery, who came to Auckland in 1850, and remained until 1859. He built the first church at Onehunga and, after leaving New Zealand, labored in the diocese of Southwark, England. Father Clery was a brother of Lieutenant-General Clery, who served with distinction in the late South African War. The Very Rev. Father M. D. O'Hara, who at the time of his death (1899) was parish priest of Otahuhu, was another of the band of early missionary Fathers in the Auckland diocese. Born at Collowney, Sligo, Ireland, in 1814, he was ordained in 1863, and two years later arrived in Auckland. He was sent to the Waikato, then in a most troublous state owing to the

Native war still raging. During this time he acted as chaplain to the forces. Later on he did duty at St. Patrick's Cathedral in the city. Whilst in Auckland he built St. John's Church, Parnell, and was subsequently appointed parish priest of Otahuhu in succession to Father Garavel. During an interregnum in the episcopate of the diocese, when the Most Rev. Dr. Goold, Archbishop of Melbourne, acted as Administrator of Auckland, his Grace selected Father O'Hara as Administrator of the Cathedral, and also for other important appointments. Shortly after the Right Rev. Dr. Croke assumed charge of the diocese, Father O'Hara resumed charge of Otahuhu, where (in 1886) he was appointed irremovable rector. He made periodical visits to Kaipara, and erected a church at Mangawhare and another at Papakura in his own parish. He never left the diocese from the time of his arrival there. In his last moments he was comforted by his sister (in religion Sister Mary Teresa), of the Convent of Mercy, Ponsonby, and by a nephew, Father O'Hara, who had been his assistant for some months.

The Very Rev. Mgr. McDonald, or as he was familiarly known, 'Father Walter,' passed to his eternal reward on the last day of 1899, in his 76th year, after a strenuous and well-spent life in the diocese of Auckland of about 46 years. Born in the County Kilkenny, Ireland, and educated at the great missionary college of All Hallows, Dublin, Father Walter received ordination at St. Patrick's Cathedral in March, 1856, shortly after his arrival in Auckland. His brother, the Very Rev. Dr. James McDonald, who had arrived some years earlier, was then Vicar-General of the diocese. By a somewhat remarkable coincidence, Dr. McDonald died at Hokitanga, the first scene of Catholic missionary enterprise in the Dominion, whilst Father Walter's first parochial charge was Kororareka (Bay of Islands), the first real centre of Church progress. Later on Father Walter McDonald was transferred to St. Patrick's Cathedral, Auckland, and became private secretary to Bishop Pompallier. He remained in Auckland for many years, and twice visited Rome. During his connection with St. Patrick's Cathedral the sacred edifice was considerably enlarged, and the spire was built through his exertions. On his Lordship Bishop Luck returning from his first ad limina visit to the Eternal City, he conveyed the welcome intelligence of Father Walter's elevation to the dignity of Monsignor, conferred by his Holiness Pope Leo XIII. in recognition of his services to the Church. Father Walter was subsequently transferred to the parochial charge of Panmure, greatly to the regret of St. Patrick's parishioners. During his many years' residence at Panmure and ministrations at Howick, he became as beloved and popular with all classes and denominations as by the people of the city. He was a chaplain of the volunteer forces comprising the Auckland garrison, and was accorded an imposing military funeral. Although held in the highest esteem by all classes of the community, he was especially regarded with much affection by the Maoris. They were continually about his place, seeking his good counsel and advice in all matters affecting their interests.

(To be Continued.)

PROGRESSIVE BELGIUM

In our last issue, reference was made in our editorial columns to the remarkable progress made by Belgium in recent years, and we now supplement those remarks by particulars as to the direction in which that Catholic country is coming to the front. Belgium might be called the New Zealand of Europe as regards its industrial legislation, although it falls behind this country as to the extent of such legislation. It led the way in legislating against the employment of children and women in mines, and in providing, in a manner superior to that of other countries, for the moral and physical well-being of those employed in shops and factories.

Belgium presents a very striking illustration of the benefits resulting from self-government. Some seventy-five years ago a successful revolution released the country from its subjection to the Dutch, and placed its destinies in the hands of its own people. In the train of national independence an era of remarkable prosperity opened for the newly-created State, and during the past three-quarters of a century, the social and economic condition of the population has continued to improve at a pace that may well excite surprise and admiration. Reference is frequently made to the industrial importance of Belgium, to the high degree of perfection to which her arts and manufactures have reached,

QUALITY comes before Price! Tasteless Tea is worthless. **Hondal Lanka Quality is unexcelled; its value unsurpassed.**

THE Popularity of Hondal Lanka Tea is Phenomenal. Last month the sales were the largest yet. **Quality tells.**

to her ever-growing commercial prosperity; but few persons, probably, have other than a vague idea of the marvellous strides the Belgians have made, and continue to make, in the development of their many resources. It is only by examining in detail the various elements that go to the material advancement of a nation, we shall be able adequately to appreciate the immense progress that has marked the history of the country since it shook off the Dutch connection in 1830. Half-jestingly, half-contemptuously, Frenchmen sometimes speak of their neighbors as les petits Belges, the slight implied in the phrase is, however, far from being deserved; for, the little Belgians have in many respects shown themselves much superior to their critics. The density of population, the manufacturing and commercial position to which the kingdom has been raised, the gratifying spread of education, not to speak of the civil and religious liberty which her citizens enjoy, are in striking contrast with the condition of things existing under the Republican regime in France. The growth of population has been unusually rapid. In 1831, the territory embraced by the new kingdom numbered 3,786,000 inhabitants; on the 31st of December, 1904, the population reached a total of 7,075,000, an increase in the interval of nearly 87 per cent. Belgium is, in fact, one of the most thickly-peopled countries in the world. With its 622 inhabitants to the square mile, its density is more than double that of Germany or Italy, more than triple that of France, of Austria, or of Spain. Were Ireland proportionately peopled, she would count to-day within her four shores, a population of at least twenty millions.

Agriculture and Trade

Although agriculture is widely and successfully carried on Belgium is largely dependant on foreign supplies for her food; hence her inhabitants are impelled to industrial activity, in order that the products of her manufacturers and various workers may enable them to purchase abroad the food-stuffs and raw materials needed for the national consumption. The progress of industrial enterprise has accordingly gone on pari passu with the growth in population. Contrasting the present commercial situation with that which existed seventy years ago, we find that the total imports, which in 1835 were estimated at less than eight millions sterling, rose to upwards of 138 millions in 1906, and the total exports from six and a quarter millions to 112 millions. In other words, although the population had not quite doubled within the above period, the volume of trade had increased twenty-three fold. The imports and exports give a greater average per head of trade than those of Great Britain, they are nearly three times the German or French averages, four times greater than those of the United States, and seven times greater than those of Italy.

The expansion of trade has naturally led to the improvement of facilities for transport and the increase of rapid means of communication. Perhaps in no other part of Europe has the feature of our modern economic conditions being so nobly exemplified as in Belgium. The country is covered with a network of railways, its system—not including steam trams or light railways—extending over some 2830 miles, which for every 1000 inhabitants, is one and a half times that of Great Britain, twice that of France, and three times that of Italy. Remarkable as the above record is, it does not include all the rail accommodation provided for the public. The main systems and their connections are fed by no fewer than 145 lines of chemins de fer vicinaux, or light railways, of which the Belgians were prompt to recognise the possibilities for the purposes of trade and travelling. The first of these lines, 13½ miles in length, was opened in 1885—at the close of December, 1905, the total length of the various lines in operation was 1704 miles, whilst at the same date some 546 miles were under construction or about being commenced.

The third-class fare on the railway amounts to but a shade over a halfpenny a mile, not quite a penny for second class, and the return journey can be made for a trifle over a fare and a half. As is pretty generally known, nearly the whole of the ordinary or broad gauge system is the property of, and is worked by the State; the light railways have been constructed for the most part by the Societe des Chemins de fer Vicinaux, with capital provided by the State, the Provinces, and the Communes, the State subsidy usually amounting to a third of the cost. The thrift of the people is illustrated by the deposits in the Savings Bank, the amount standing to the credit of depositors in December, 1904, was over 21 million sterling. And what is more interesting, and perhaps more important, this very considerable sum was distributed among 2,205,000 depositors: There is thus a post office bank account

for about every three persons of the entire population.

Education

At the close of December, 1904, the number of children on rolls of the primary schools subject to State inspection, was 859,436; of the attendance in the 'free' schools not subject to official examination, no returns are available. In 1903 the State, Provincial, and Communal subsidies for elementary education came to nearly £1,700,000.

For secondary instruction ample provision exists in the Government athenees, and in the numerous high schools official and other. The State secondary institutions had an attendance of 33,122 students, on the 31st December, 1904, but to this number should be added the population of the many colleges and high schools under exclusively Catholic control. The attendance in these colleges and schools is, it is safe to say, greater than in the Government secondary establishments.

The Belgian educational edifice is crowned by four Universities, of which two, Ghent and Liege, are State institutions; the other two, that of Brussels and that of Louvain, are entirely independent of Government control, and consequently receive no assistance from the State. The total number of undergraduates in the year 1904-5, was 6098—or more than five times the number receiving a similar education in 1830—the Catholic University of Louvain coming first with 2,134 students. It is instructive to learn that of the entire University population in the academic year 1904-5 at least 33 per cent were attending the special schools of mining, engineering, commerce, agriculture, etc., an evidence of the growing importance attached to purely professional training. In 1890 the proportion was but 15 per cent.

As might be expected in a country so conspicuous for industrial enterprise technical instruction receives a large amount of attention and encouragement from Government and municipal bodies. That the Belgians fully recognize the necessity of special training for youths destined for industrial or manufacturing pursuits, may be inferred from the fact that in 1903-4 there existed throughout the country 280 institutions in which a strictly commercial, professional, or technical training was imparted, the number of students being about 43,000, of whom 8,250 were girls. Belgium has been the first European State to attempt a practical solution of the old-age pension difficulty, as it has been the first to legislate for the satisfactory housing of the workers. M. Payen, a distinguished member of the French Institute, was well within the truth, when he wrote some time ago, that of all the European countries Belgium has in these latter years, made the noblest and most successful efforts for the furtherance of social progress. To the Catholic party, in the Chambers and in the country, must be awarded the praise of having initiated and carried through those schemes of social betterment which have not only been admired but imitated by other nations. For now more than twenty years Catholics have had the administration of the national affairs: Belgium is, in fact, the only country in Europe with a distinctively and professedly Catholic Government.

In the steady development of the nation's resources, in the rapid growth of commercial prosperity, in the satisfactory spread of education, in the generous encouragement given to the arts and sciences, in the orderly advance of social reform, we have conclusive evidence that 'reactionary clericals' are no enemies to genuine progress or true enlightenment.

Presentation to Mr. W. T. Ward, Dunedin

Mr. W. T. Ward, who has been appointed postmaster at Palmerston North, was presented at the Chief Post Office, Dunedin, on Thursday afternoon with a solid silver tea service, suitably inscribed, by his fellow-officers. Representatives of all departments were present on the occasion.

The Chief Postmaster (Mr. W. St. G. Douglas), in making the presentation, referred to the recipient's 18 years' connection with the office, and on behalf of the staff congratulated him very heartily on his well-merited promotion. In all the responsible offices he had held—head of the Money Order Department, chief clerk, and acting postmaster—Mr. Ward had ever displayed marked ability, and had always discharged his duties in a conscientious manner. They accordingly regretted the departure of their comrade from amongst them. He was always kindly and courteous, both as a superior officer and man. He (Mr. Douglas) had to acknow-

ledge the ready assistance and loyal support he had received from Mr. Ward. Their relations had been of the pleasantest during the time they had been associated. On behalf of the staff, he hoped Mr. Ward and his family would find Palmerston North exceeded their most sanguine expectations. There had been no canvass made of country officers, but he would like to read a letter he had received from the Naseby postmaster enclosing a contribution towards the presentation fund. The letter stated that the writer regretted the removal of so kind a friend and courteous an officer (loud applause).

Messrs. W. F. Cuthbertson (dead letter department), C. G. O. Naumann (Money Order and Savings Bank), A. J. L. Scott (letter carriers), W. H. Ferens (mail room), Bernard J. Finnegan (parcels), and C. H. Burton (assistant postmaster) also spoke briefly, each on behalf of his respective department, referring to the cordial relations that had existed between Mr. Ward and themselves, and the respect in which he was held as a member of the Dunedin Post Office staff.

Mr. Ward thanked them for the present they had made him, and assured them it needed nothing of that nature to help him keep in mind the members of the Dunedin staff. He had been many years amongst them, and had seen many of them grow from lads into experienced men, and while in the Dunedin office he had made many warm and valued friends.

Three hearty cheers were then given for Mr. and Mrs. Ward, and the proceedings terminated with the singing of 'For he's a jolly good fellow.'

St. Joseph's Men's Club, Dunedin

The annual meeting of St. Joseph's Men's Club was held in St. Joseph's Hall on Friday evening. The Rev. Father Coffey, Adm. (president) occupied the chair, and there was a good attendance.

In the annual report read by the secretary, Mr. W. P. Rodgers, the committee congratulated the members on the success of the club during the past season. The number of financial members showed a slight increase on the previous year. The literary branch was highly successful. Twenty-three meetings were held, the average attendance at which was 38, and on no occasion were the numbers present less than 25. During the year there were held four debates, five lectures were delivered, there were four musical evenings, two Shakespearean readings, and on three evenings papers were read. The sincere thanks of the members were due to the Rev. Father Coffey for the keen interest which he had taken in all branches of the club. As an evidence of that interest it was mentioned that he had not been absent from a single meeting during the session. The Shakespearean recitals were an innovation, and Mr. J. B. Callan, jun., who had control of them, deserved credit for the successful manner in which they were conducted. The committee desired also to place on record their appreciation of the kindness of the Hon. J. B. Callan, M.L.C., Rev. Father Cleary, and Rev. Bro. Ryan, who delivered lectures, and Mr. E. W. Spain for editing the 'Spectator.' The debates proved very interesting, and many of the members gave promise of becoming fluent speakers. The musical evenings were much appreciated, and the thanks of the members were due to Mr. F. Heley, who had acted as accompanist. The committee were pleased to be able to report that the gymnastic class, under Mr. T. Deehan (captain) and Mr. James Swanson (deputy-captain), had been very successful, and that the members were very regular in their attendance. The billiard room was well patronised, and proved a source of revenue to the executive committee. The tournament was won by Mr. E. W. Spain. The club suffered a loss during the year by the departure from Dunedin of Messrs. J. E. Ward and J. Sims. In conclusion the committee hoped that the members would attend regularly during the coming session, work loyally together, and thus contribute to the success of the club.

On the motion of the Rev. Father Coffey, seconded by Mr. E. W. Spain; the report and balance sheet were adopted. Mr. Spain, in the course of his remarks, congratulated the club on its progress, and suggested certain improvements, which would help to make the meetings more attractive.

Mr. T. Deehan, secretary of the hall executive, read the annual report and balance sheet of that body, in the course of which it was mentioned that the debt on the building had been reduced by £100 during the past year.

After the Rev. Father Coffey had made a statement as to the debt on the hall and the expenses in connection

with the up-keep of it, the report and balance sheet were adopted.

The election of officers was then proceeded with, the following being the result:—Patron, his Lordship Bishop Verdon; president, Rev. Father Coffey (re-elected); vice-presidents, the local clergy, the Christian Brothers, and Messrs. T. Deehan and T. J. Hussey (re-elected); secretary, Mr. W. P. Rodgers (re-elected); committee, Messrs. J. B. Callan, jun., E. W. Spain, R. Rossbotham, J. Wilkinson, and Dr. Hastings; representatives on the hall executive, Messrs. J. B. Callan, jun., T. Deehan, and Dr. Corcoran; auditor, Mr. D. S. Columb.

Fifteen new members were elected during the evening.

The Rev. Father Coffey announced that the Very Rev. Dean Burke, of Invercargill, would deliver the inaugural lecture on next Friday evening. It was decided to have the lecture in the large hall, and that it be open to the parishioners.

Diocesan News

ARCHDIOCESE OF WELLINGTON

(From our own correspondent.)

April 25.

His Grace the Archbishop will leave next week for Marlborough to open a new church at Renwicktown. He will then journey to Kaioura, and thence to Westport.

On Tuesday last at the Church of St. Mary of the Angels, Boulcott street, Miss Katie Meyer, second daughter of Mr. J. H. Meyer, of this city, was married to Mr. J. Croft. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Venning.

On Friday last Mr. Sturtevant Biggin, Solicitor, formerly of Nottingham, England, and latterly of Waihi, was married at St. Mary of the Angels, to Miss Agnes Mary Power, fifth daughter of Mr. Maurice G. Power, of Waihi. The Rev. Father Moloney officiated at the ceremony.

At a general meeting of the United Irish League held on Tuesday, it was decided to hold a series of social evenings during the winter months. The first of these will take place on May 7. Mr. T. F. Lyons, an ardent supporter of the League, has kindly placed his spacious rooms in Willis street at the disposal of the League free of charge.

The Thorndon parish authorities have, it is stated, purchased an acre of ground in Hawkestone street adjoining the late Dr. Grace's residence, for the purposes of a boys' school. It is understood that the present school site in Boulcott street will soon be the subject of special legislation, and that a new school for the parish of Te Aro will be established.

The Dominion Carnival, promoted for the purpose of raising funds in aid of the parish of Thorndon, was opened by his Worship the Mayor, (Hon. T. W. Hislop), on Saturday evening. Short addresses were made by his Grace the Archbishop and the Mayor. Lady Ward and Mrs. Hislop were also present at the opening ceremony. The several stalls are all well furnished, and the scene each evening is as bright and animated as one would wish for. A special feature of the entertainment provided, is the charming display of fancy dancing, in which about one hundred and fifty performers, specially trained by Signor Borzoni, took part. The business done at the Carnival during the week has been very good. Up to last evening, the gross takings total about £650. The carnival will remain open for another week.

On Sunday afternoon his Grace Archbishop Redwood will lay the foundation stone of the Redemptorist Church, Hawker street. The church is in the early English Gothic style, and will be entered from Hawker street. It will contain a working sacristy in the basement, 20 feet by 16 feet, and on the main floor, a choir 20 feet by 16 feet, a sanctuary 22 feet 6 inches by 30 feet, a nave 57 feet 6 inches by 38 feet, two porches, each 10 feet 6 inches by 7 feet, and two side chapels, each 16 feet by 16 feet. The inside of the building will be finished with wood floors, Keene's cement walls, wood dadoes, and open timber roof. The outside of the building will be of pressed brick, relieved with compo dressings. Above the sanctuary will be a bell cote, 20 feet above the main roof. The windows will be fitted with stained glass to special design, and it is understood that the cost of several

LANGFORD and RHIND

... (late W. and H. Langford), ...
16 LONDON ST. 'Phone 689

Funeral Furnishers
and Embalmers

Christchurch

Town Office—227 CASHIEL ST.
Telephone 812

Addresses—HERBERT LANGFORD, 16 London St., Richmond. Phone 689
JOHN RHIND, 48 Montreal St., Sydenham. 'Phone 1603

of the windows will be defrayed by friends of the Redemptorist Order. The architect is Mr. John S. Swan, and the contractors are Messrs. Campbell and Burke. The contract price is £5000.

DIOCESE OF CHRISTCHURCH

(From our own correspondent.)

April 27.

The Rev. Father Kerley, S.M., is at present assisting at St. Mary's, Manchester street.

On Sunday next, his Lordship the Bishop will probably dedicate and open a church, just erected at Springfield through the generosity of Mr. James Cassidy proprietor of the well known line of West Coast coaches.

Upwards of three hundred guests responded to the invitation of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hayward, Jr. to a social evening on last Thursday, which proved most enjoyable. The gathering, apart from the sociability of the event, was in the interests of the projected bazaar connected with St. Mary's parish, Manchester street, and, as a result, the stall, of which Mrs. Hayward is the head, will probably be very materially benefited.

As a result of the St. Patrick's night national concert, Nazareth House will benefit to the extent of over £112, the largest sum yet realised. Since a local committee, which is practically a permanent one, was formed in 1902, to start a fund in aid of the establishment of Nazareth House, by inaugurating a national entertainment on the festival of the Apostle of Ireland, £714 10s. have been realised, an average of slightly over £100 on each occasion.

On Tuesday, the feast of the Blessed Peter Chanel, the Chapel of the Proto-Martyr of Oceania in the Christchurch Cathedral, will be solemnly inaugurated by his Lordship the Bishop, who celebrates Mass therein at half past seven. The furnishing of the chapel, just completed, includes a beautiful marble altar secured in Dublin through the kindness of the Very Rev. Dr. Watters, S.M., late Rector of St. Patrick's College, Wellington. The chapel is nicely fitted up and furnished with rich candelabra, the floor being covered with a handsome green carpet. During the day a relic of the martyr will be exposed to the veneration of the faithful.

At St. Mary's Church, Manchester street, on Easter Sunday, besides the early Masses, at which large numbers approached the Holy Table, the Rev. Father Hoare S.M., celebrated a Missa Cantata at eleven o'clock and preached a sermon appropriate to the day's festival. The music was Beethoven's Mass in C very capably rendered by the choir. Mrs. W. Cronin was organist and Mr. W. H. Corrigan conducted. The high and side altars and sanctuary were very tastefully adorned. There were large congregations morning and evening. The Rev. Father Bell, S.M. preached at Vespers.

The garden party in the grounds of St. Mary's presbytery on Easter Monday, proved a most enjoyable and successful event, and attracted quite a large gathering. A number of aids to amusement introduced were productive of much interest and good financial results. The committee of management carried out their duties so well, that everyone appeared to be thoroughly pleased with the day's entertainment.

FEDERATED CATHOLIC CLUBS

ANNUAL CONFERENCE

(From our Auckland correspondent.)

The seventh annual Conference of the Federated Catholic Clubs of New Zealand was opened in the rooms of the Catholic Club, Pitt street, on Saturday, April 18. The president (Mr. A. H. Casey) occupied the chair, and there were present Rev. Fathers Holbrook, Doyle, O'Donnell, and Rev. Brothers George and Borgia. (A list of delegates appeared in our last issue). The Rev. Father Holbrook, in the absence of his Lordship Bishop Lenihan and the Very Rev. Dean Gillan, V.G., welcomed the delegates.

The president then read the annual report, which was as follows—

Since the last annual Conference clubs established at New Plymouth, Onehunga, and Hastings have joined the Federation. There are now eighteen affiliated clubs, viz. Auckland, Onehunga, New Plymouth, Wanganui, Hastings,

Palmerston North, Petone, Wellington, Blenheim, Greymouth, Hokitika, Christchurch, Ashburton, Temuka, Oamaru, Dunedin, South Dunedin, and Invercargill. We have been in communication with Thames, Waihi, Hamilton, Gisborne, Napier, Feilding, Lower Hutt, Westport, Waimate, Gore, and Riverton, with the view to the formation and affiliating of clubs, and there is, we are pleased to say, every prospect of success in some of the places named. We regret to state that only three members entered for the essay competition, viz., representatives of the Wellington, Petone, and New Plymouth Clubs. The competition was won by Mr. H. F. Jackson, of the Petone Club, whose essay was published in the September issue of the 'Catholic Magazine.' An oratorical contest was held during October, and members of the following clubs competed, viz., New Plymouth, Palmerston North, Wellington, Greymouth, Christchurch, Oamaru, and Invercargill. A diploma of merit was awarded to the winner in each case. It is to be much regretted that many of our clubs are very apathetic in regard to competitions promoted by the Executive, and in this instance the majority of the clubs which did not hold a competition failed even to acknowledge receipt of the prospectus from the Executive. The question of adopting a medallion was again submitted to the various clubs, but as very poor support was forthcoming the idea has now been definitely abandoned. We are pleased to say that the 'Catholic Magazine' (the official organ of the Federation) is in a satisfactory position. We desire, however, to point out that the work entailed in the production of the 'Magazine' is very arduous, and it would be much lightened if all the members of affiliated clubs gave their practical support to this important adjunct. We hope that the time will soon arrive when the 'Magazine' will be published more frequently than quarterly, but in order that this project may be realised it is necessary that every member of the Federation should not only become a subscriber himself but should also endeavor to obtain other subscribers, and that the literary side of the 'Magazine' should receive support from members whose talents render them facile of pen. Mr. H. McKeown, having, in March, 1907, resigned the position of editor, which he had worthily filled for a considerable period, the editorial duties were undertaken by Messrs. A. H. Casey, and L. T. Reichel, and Mr. McKeown was appointed business manager. During the year three honorary members were elected under Rule 15 (b), viz., Very Rev. Father O'Shea, S.M., V.G. (Wellington), Sir George Clifford (Christchurch), and Mr. W. G. Malone (New Plymouth). Owing to his recent transference from Wellington, Rev. Father Kimbell, S.M., has relinquished the office of spiritual director, the duties appertaining to which he has zealously discharged for several years past. He has a worthy successor in the person of Rev. Father Venning, S.M. We wish to thank the clubs generally for the co-operation and support given to the executive during the past term. We trust that the Federation will progress still more in the future, and that ere long the acme of our ambitions, viz., the establishment and affiliation of a strong Catholic club in every centre of population in the Dominion—will be fully realised.

The balance sheet of the 'Magazine' account showed the total receipts to be £234 4s 6d, including a credit balance from the previous year of £20 1s 9d, the principal revenue items being advertisements, £138 12s 9d; subscriptions and donations, £59 10s. The expenditure was made up of £222 for printing 'Magazine' for two years, general expenses, and part payment of loan, leaving a credit balance of £14 8s 7d. In the general account the receipts were set down at £12 14s 6d, the expenditure being £12 5s 8d.

The report and balance sheet were adopted.

The president extended a hearty welcome to the representative of the 'N.Z. Tablet.'

Mr. Murphy (St. Mary's Catholic Club, Wanganui) moved: 'That the quarterly dates of publication of 'The Catholic Magazine' be altered from the last days of March, June, September, and December to the last days of January, April, July, and October.' The mover said that the months in which the publication now appeared were not suitable.

The president said a change was not only inadvisable but inconvenient to those who had the publication and preparation in hand. The motion was negatived.

The president moved an addition to the first part of Rule 5 (qualification of Federation officers)—'and each of whom (except the president-general) must have served for a period of at least two years as an active executive officer of an affiliated club.'

Mr. P. J. McGovern (hon. secretary) seconded.

Mr. J. J. Callaghan (Wellington) opposed, and moved as an amendment that 'one year' be substituted in lieu of 'two years.'

JOHN COLLAR

(Established 1860)

Bread and Biscuit Baker,
Pastrycook and Confectioner
Corner Albany & Leith Sts
DUNEDIN.

All goods guaranteed of the best quality and sold at the lowest possible prices
WEDDING and BIRTHDAY CAKES made to order.
Gellar's Celebrated Digestive Bread prepared from pure wheatmeal, and admitted to be the best yet produced. Patent Self-Raising Flour prepared, and always on hand
All Orders punctually attended to and delivered in Town and Suburb.

Mr. McGowan (Wellington) seconded the amendment. The arguments in favor of the motion were that two years were necessary to qualify for the executive.

Mr. Furlong (Auckland) said no Executive was required, as his club got on well without such a body. He would support the amendment.

Mr. Mulholland (Greymouth) supported the motion. The amendment was carried.

Mr. McGovern moved an amendment of the last sentence of Rule 7 (locale of annual conferences) so as to provide 'That the annual conference be held alternately at Christchurch and Wellington.' The mover contended that more successful annual meetings would be held if his motion were carried, because of the central position of Wellington and Christchurch.

Mr. Casey (president) seconded the motion.

Messrs. Fama, Mulholland, Murphy, and Furlong opposed the motion.

Mr. Callaghan and Mr. McGowan proposed and seconded as an amendment, 'that the annual conference be held two years in succession, and in the third year be movable.'

Mr. McGovern opposed the amendment, and Mr. Ainger opposed the motion.

Mr. McGovern spoke in reply, and said he was pleased at the discussion. After all a movable meeting would prove beneficial. He moved the motion as a member of the Executive.

The motion and the amendment were negatived.

Mr. Shaw moved that the next annual conference be held at Blenheim. He pointed out that the smaller towns should be visited and assisted. Mr. Fama seconded. Mr. Barry moved that it be held at Temuka. Mr. Shanahan seconded. Mr. Mulholland suggested Greymouth, and Mr. Kemble seconded. Upon a vote being taken Blenheim was chosen as the place for the holding of the next conference.

Mr. McGowan moved the deletion of the words 'at an annual fee or subscription of £1 is each' from sub-Rule (b) of Rule 15 (re honorary members).

Mr. Casey seconded the motion, which was carried.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President-general, his Grace Archbishop Redwood; president, Mr. A. H. Casey; vice-president, Mr. H. McKeowen; hon. secretary, Mr. P. J. McGovern; hon. treasurer, Mr. J. McGowan; executive, Messrs. L. Reichel, E. J. Leydon, and S. J. Moran.

The president spoke at some length upon the literary and commercial position of the 'Catholic Magazine,' and gave very good advice to members as to the nature of contributions, and how they should be written.

Mr. McGovern said that if the other centres would contribute proportionately as much as Wellington, the Executive could easily publish the 'Magazine' monthly. If every member would subscribe it would be of the greatest benefit.

Rev. Brother George deplored the lack of literary articles, and promised one article from the Auckland Club for each issue, and hoped other clubs would act similarly.

A proposal from the 'N.Z. Tablet' for the regular publication of reports from the various clubs, in the form of a monthly supplement, was considered, and it was decided the time was inopportune for accepting it.

A report from the Auckland Club was read by Rev. Brother George, in which it was stated that there were 300 members on the roll. The various committees, formed with the object of popularising and managing the club, were mentioned. The report of the Wellington Club showed 218 members; £191 1s 8d were received, and £150 were expended during the year. The literary portion of the business was most successful, and fifteen entertainments were held. During the coming year canvassers would go round to collect money for the erection of commodious club rooms. A sum of £2600 was already in hand for this purpose. Mr. Barry reported favorably regarding the Temuka Club. They were fortunate in having provided for them free of cost a meeting room and billiard table. Mr. Murphy, Wanganui, reported that over £400 were contributed, leaving a balance at the end of the year of over £10. The membership was 262. Mr. Patten reported on Onehunga, where rooms were fitted up, and the billiard table was now free of debt. They had a membership of nearly 50, and the club had good prospects. Mr. Fama reported on Blenheim. He stated that £300 were received in contributions. A very fine hall was at their disposal. Brother George read a report from the New Plymouth Club, where good literary work had been accomplished. A nice hall, billiard table, and library were provided. The membership was 50. The delegate for Christchurch gave an interesting account of the progress and doings of his club, which showed that the members were united in

their efforts to achieve success. In this they were aided by the clergy of Christchurch.

An adjournment took place at 5.30 p.m. The president announced before the delegates left, that all were expected to approach the Holy Table on Easter Sunday at the Cathedral.

A good muster of the delegates and the members of the local club attended St. Patrick's Cathedral on Easter Sunday at the 9 o'clock Mass. During Mass the members sang several hymns. Mr. Harry Hiscocks presided at the organ. Rev. Father Holbrook (chaplain of the local club) addressed the delegates and members and tendered to them a hundred thousand welcomes to the Cathedral parish, in which the first cathedral in this Dominion was built. In a public manner that morning they had proclaimed their faith, and it was a grand sight to see so many young men gathered together. He wished them a pleasant stay, and safe return to their homes. After Mass the members gathered in St. Patrick's Convent school, where breakfast had been prepared by the ladies of the parish.

The president (Mr. Casey) thanked the local club, and all those who had contributed to make their stay both profitable and pleasurable, and the ladies for their kindness in preparing the breakfast.

The delegates at the conclusion of the breakfast took up the consideration of the balance of the business left over from the preceding day, the principal subjects dealt with being—Suggestions for the improvement of the Federation and of individual clubs; the necessity of carrying out the various recommendations embodied in Rule 16; inter-club competitions—rules for the conduct thereof; inter-club visits; representation of the Federation at foreign conferences; miscellaneous matters.

A hearty vote of thanks was passed to the chairman, and the meeting closed.

On Sunday afternoon the delegates were taken on a water excursion down the harbor, which unfortunately was marred by heavy rain, but despite this an enjoyable time was spent. The delegates left for home during the week.

Writing by Wire

Is the telegraph instrument, with its code of dots and dashes, doomed? One may well ask the question after learning about the 'telewriter,' the latest scientific marvel, by which it is possible to write a message which is produced simultaneously miles away in facsimile writing. This wonderful machine has already been brought to such a state of simplicity and perfection that it is in use in several London offices, and ere long will probably be used as largely as the telephone is to-day (says an exchange).

As a matter of fact, the machine consists of a sender and receiver, with telephone attached, and it is connected to the ordinary telephone line without interfering in any way with its service. The sending portion of the telewriter is a little table with a roll of paper, on which the message is written with a pencil connected to two arm-like levers, which control the resistances. As the pencil writes the message, the receiver of the instrument at the other end traces the facsimile in ink. The telephone can be used in the ordinary way when wanted, while the simple act of taking up the pencil switches the telewriter into action.

The instrument is useful in a hundred ways where a telephone might be undesirable. For example, messages in the sender's own writing can be sent instantaneously to someone without any third party overhearing, as is possible in the case of a telephone. A message can be signed, and the signature is just as convincing as if it were the original, while the time which should be taken in sending a messenger is saved, and yet a record of the message can be kept. The chance of bogus messages is thus reduced to a minimum.

A remarkable feature of this machine is that sketches and designs can also be sent by wire. As soon as the sender's pencil is taken up, the pen on the receiver, miles and miles away, comes out of the ink and, moving as if by magic, traces exactly what is written or drawn at the other end. Amongst other things it is proposed to use the telewriter for advertising purposes, and ere long we may expect to see writing without hands being done in shop windows in order to attract the passers-by.

Those in search of high-grade, artistic furniture in quaint and artistic designs, should pay a visit to the show-rooms of the D.I.C., Dunedin.



STAINED GLASS MEMORIAL WINDOWS

Awarded **GOLD MEDAL** at New Zealand International Exhibition, in competition with English and Australian Work.

Designs and quotations forwarded to any part of New Zealand on receipt of particulars, with sizes.

Our Special Patented Steel Strengthened Window Lead used in all windows, thereby ensuring the greatest strength.

BRADLEY BROS.

ARTISTS IN STAINED GLASS

252 COLOMBO STREET

CHRISTCHURCH

THE KEYNOTE OF OUR SUCCESS IS DEPENDABLE QUALITY, COUPLED WITH FAIR PRICES—
A COMBINATION CUSTOMERS ALWAYS FIND HERE.

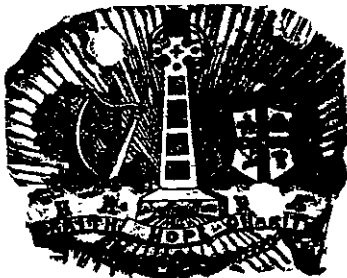
Herbert, Haynes & Co. Ltd. Dunedin

4
Special Lines
in
FURNITURE.

—A—
Full-sized Iron Bedstead
with Wire Mattress, Wool Mattress,
Bolster and Pillows
only 76/6 the lot.

DUCHESS CHEST
(with Bevelled Glass), and Washstand
to match
only 50/- the pair.
DONT FAIL TO SEE THESE.

A MASSIVE
Dining-room Suite
richly upholstered
only £9 the Suite.
A HANDSOME
Drawing-room Suite
in Silk Tapestry
only £12 15s. 0d.
The Largest Choice of Furniture
in Dunedin to select from.



**HIBERNIAN-AUSTRALASIAN CATHOLIC
BENEFIT SOCIETY,**

NEW ZEALAND DISTRICT, No. 3.

The Catholic Community is earnestly requested to support this excellent Organisation, for it inculcates a love of Holy Faith and Patriotism in addition to the unsurpassed benefits and privileges of Membership.

The Entrance Fees are from 2s 6d to £4, according to age at time of Admission.

Sick Benefits 20s per week for 26 weeks, 15s per week for the next 13 weeks, and 10s a week for the following 13 weeks. In case of a further continuance of his illness a member of Seven Years' Standing previous to the commencement of such illness will be allowed 5s per week as superannuation during incapacity.

Funeral Allowance, £20 at the death of a Member, and £10 at the death of a Member's Wife.

In addition to the foregoing provision is made for the admission of Honorary Members, Reduced Benefit Members, and the establishment of Sisters' Branches and Juvenile Contingents. Full information may be obtained from Local Branch Officers or direct from the District Secretary.

The District Officers are anxious to open New Branches, and will give all possible assistance and information to applicants Branches being established in the various centres throughout the Colonies an invaluable measure of reciprocity obtains.

W. KANE,
District Secretary,
Auckland

R I N K S T A B L E S

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,
PERRIAM & MOUNTNEY, Proprietors.

Drags, Landans, Waggonettes, Dog Carts, and Vehicles of every description. Reliable Saddle Horses always on Hire. Carriages for Wedding Parties. Horses Broken to Single and Double Harness, also to Saddle. Ladies divided Skirts kept for Hire.

TELEPHONE No. 827.

R A I L W A Y H O T E L,

OREPUKI,

KIERAN D'ARCY Proprietor.

Mr. D'Arcy wishes to inform his friends and the public that he has purchased the above hotel. The building has undergone a thorough renovating from floor to ceiling, and now offers unrivalled accommodation to tourists, visitors and travellers. The bedrooms are well and comfortably furnished, and the fittings are all that could be desired.

Travellers called in time for early trains.
The Wines and Spirits are of the Best Procurable Brands.
Good Stabling. Horses and Buggies for hire.
Hot, Cold, and Shower Baths.

GEERIN, HALLY AND CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND PROPERTY SALESMEN.

Offices and Salerooms, 161 Princes Street, Dunedin.

DENTAL (Wellington) Up-to-date Equipment; cheap
BAKERY (Dunedin), Sale or Lease; live concern
HOTEL AND STORE (Otago); turn-over £2,200 a year
HOTEL (West Coast), freehold; bargain
FARM (Southland), 320 acres; £4 10s per acre
ORCHARD (Otago Central), sure competency to live man
Full particulars given upon application.

FEW QUESTIONS ARE MORE VITAL

Than the quality of the Underwear you have on. If it is Pure Wool "MOSGIEL" made up under perfect Hygienic conditions, you are safe. If it is an apparently beautifully finished "Shoddy," made up in some of the insanitary factories of Great Britain and the Continent your health is in danger. Don't run risks! Insist on "MOSGIEL" the Popular Pure "A" ae 'oo" New Zealand Make.

Commercial

PRODUCE

Wellington April 27.

The Department of Industries and Commerce has received the following cablegram dated London 25th inst.—Mutton.—The market is quiet, with less demand and a tendency in favor of buyers. Canterbury brands are quoted at 4½d. and North Island at 4d.

The weather lately has been very unfavourable for the sale of lamb, and the market is quiet. Canterbury lamb is quoted at 5½d., and other Canterbury brands at 5½d.

The beef market is dull. Hind and forequarters are quoted respectively at 3½d. and 3¼d.

The butter market is very firm, and there is a general and active demand for the choicest, New Zealand butter is quoted at 102s, Australian 108s., Danish 112s., and Siberian 108.

The cheese market is steady at 61s. for white, and 62s. for coloured makes.

The hemp market is steady, and there is a better demand at the following quotations:—Spot, good to fair, £26 10s, fair, £25 10s; fair current Manila, £25 10s. April-June shipments, good to fair, £27, fair, £26; fair current Manila £26.

The cocksfoot seed market is firm. Stocks on hand are only small, and are quoted at 80s. per cwt.

Invercargill Prices Current:—Wholesale—Butter.—Wholesale net cash price for best factory ½lb prints, 1s 3d per lb. Cheese, 7d. Butter—Farm, 9d; separator, 11d. Hams, 9d. Eggs, 1s 6d. Barley, 2s to 2s 6d. Chaff, £4. Flour, £12 to £13. Oatmeal, £12 10s to £13. Bran, £5 5s. Pollard, £6 10s. Potatoes, £4 per ton. **Retail.**—Farm butter, 11d; separator, 1s 1d. Butter (factory), pats, 1s 5d. Cheese, 9d. Eggs, 1s 9d. Bacon, 11d. Bran, 6s 3d. Pollard, 11s 3d. Chaff, 2s 3d. Oatmeal, 50's, 7s 9d, 25's, 4s. Flour—200lbs, 26s; 100, 13s 6d, 50, 7s; 25, 3s 9d. Potatoes, 6s per cwt.

Messrs. Donald Reid and Co. report:—

We held our weekly auction sale of grain and produce at our stores on Monday. To a representative attendance of buyers we submitted a full catalogue, made up of most classes of produce at satisfactory prices. Values ruled as under:—

Oats.—The demand during the latter part of the week has improved, and the market shows a firming tendency. All lines offering are readily taken up by merchants, who have a preference for prime samples suitable for seed. Medium samples are being taken up by the local trade at full rates. Quotations: Prime milling, to 2s. 5d. good to best feed, 2s. 4d. to 2s. 4½d. inferior to medium, 2s. 2½d. to 2s. 3½d; damaged and discoloured, 2s. to 2s. 2d. per bushel (sacks extra).

Wheat.—Since the holidays, the market has been quieter, and millers are holding off. Those holding wheat, however, show no desire to force sales, and consequently little business is done. Prime samples, suitable for seed, are in request for autumn sowing. In milling lines, only choice lots have any attention from millers. Medium grades are therefore being offered as fowl wheat, for which there is moderate demand both locally and for export. Quotations: Seed lines, 4s. 8d. to 4s. 9d; prime milling, 4s. 6½d. to 4s. 7d; medium 4s. 5d. to 4s. 4d; broken and damaged, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 2d. per bushel, (sacks extra).

Chaff.—We offered about 50 tons at our sale, and under good competition, we cleared the bulk of it at late values. Prime heavy lots are in strong request,

both for shipment and local consumption, at late prices. Medium and discoloured samples are also in good demand, but prices are unchanged. Quotations: Prime to £4, good to best, £3 12s. 6d. to £3 17s. 6d; medium £3 5s. to £3 10s. inferior, £2 15s. to £3 2s. 6d; (bags extra).

Potatoes.—Consignments during the week have been fairly heavy, but owing to the demand both for shipment and for local consumption, prices have been well maintained. At our sale there was strong competition for freshly-dug lots at prices which show an advance of 2s. 6d. per ton on those of last week. Medium quality was also more saleable. Quotations: Prime freshly-dug lots to £4 12s. 6d; good to best, £4 5s. to £4 10s; medium, £3 17s. 6d. to £4 2s. 6d; small and inferior, £2 10s. to £3 15s. per ton (sacks included).

Messrs. Stronach, Morris, and Co. report:—

Oats.—During the week the demand has been good, and prices are a little firmer. All prime samples are readily taken up by shipping buyers, and medium oats are readily saleable to the local trade. Prime milling, to 2s 5d; good to best feed, 2s 3d to 2s 4d; inferior to medium, 2s 2½d to 2s 3½d; damaged, 2s to 2s 2d per bushel (sacks extra).

Wheat.—There has been very little business passing lately, and as millers are not inclined to buy at the present figures wheat shows a slight tendency backwards. There is a medium demand for fowl wheat, but this is not bringing within ½d per bushel of last week. Quotations: Prime milling, 4s 5d to 4s 6½d, medium to good, 4s 5d; whole fowl wheat, 4s 4d to 4s 5½d; medium, 4s 3d to 4s 4d; broken and damaged, 3s 6d to 4s 2d per bushel (sacks extra).

Chaff.—There is not so much chaff about, and as the demand for shipping continues good prices are much on a par with last week's quotations. Prime heavy oaten sheaf chaff is in most demand, but medium and discolored lots are hard of sale. Quotations: Prime, up to £4, good to best feed, £3 12s 6d to £3 17s 6d; medium to good, £3 5s to £3 10s; inferior, £2 15s to £3 2s 6d (bags extra).

Potatoes.—As there has been a good demand during the week for shipment and local consumption, prices have been well maintained. All freshly-dug lots meet with ready sale at an advance of 2s 6d per ton on last week's prices. Medium and stale potatoes are also easier to quit. Quotations: Prime freshly-dug lots, to £4 12s 6d; good to best, £4 5s to £4 10s; medium, £3 17s 6d to £4 2s 6d; small and inferior, £2 10s to £3 15s per ton (sacks in).

Pressed Straw.—There have been large consignments during the week, and prices still rule at 30s for wheaten, and to 35s for oaten.

WOOL

Messrs. Stronach, Morris, and Co. report:—

Rabbitskins.—We held our usual fortnightly sale on Monday, 27th inst, when we submitted a medium catalogue. Prices were much on a par with those ruling at the last sale, although bidding was keen up to a certain point. Early winters brought from 11d to 12½d; autumns, 9½d to 10½d; summers, 6½d to 7½d; spring bucks, 7d to 9½d; others, 6d to 7d; small, 3d to 4½d; horse hair, 15d to 18d.

Sheepskins.—We held our sale on the 28th inst., when we submitted a medium catalogue to a large attendance of buyers. Bidding was brisk, but prices showed no improvement on those ruling at the last sale, except for half-bred, which advanced about ½d per lb. We sold best half-bred, 5½d to 6d; medium to good, 4d to 4½d; best crossbred, 3½d to 4½d; medium to good, 2d to 3½d; pelts, 3½d to 4½d; merino, 4d to 4½d for best, and 2½d to 3½d for medium; lamb-skins, 3½d to 4½d.

Hides.—Our next sale will be held on Thursday, the 30th inst.

Tallow and Fat.—There has been a good deal coming forward lately, which is readily taken up at late rates. Best rendered tallow brings from 20s to 22s; medium to good, 17s to 19s 6d; inferior, 12s to 15s best rough fat, 16s to 18s; medium to good, 11s to 15s.

LIVE STOCK

DUNEDIN HORSE SALE YARDS.

Messrs. Wright, Stephenson, and Co. report as follows:—

The market continues bare of supplies of first-class draughts. This week our entries were made up, with a

The UNITED INSURANCE CO., LTD

INCORPORATED 1882

Fire and Marine

Capital £500,000

New Zealand Branch - Principal Office, Wellington.

HEAD OFFICE - SYDNEY

Manager: THOMAS M. TINLEY Secretary: BARTIN HAIGH

BRANCHES:

London...Edward Batten, Res. Sec. Melbourne—T. Lockwood, Res. Sec. Adelaide—T. C. Reynolds, Res. Sec. Hobart—W. A. Tregear, Res. Sec. Perth—J. H. Percuse, Res. Sec. Brisbane—E. Wickham, Res. Sec. Townsville—C. W. Gilbert, Dis. Sec. Rockhampton—T. H. Shaw, Dis. Sec.

Directors—Nicholas Reid, Chairman. Martin Kennedy, R. O'Connor

Resident Secretary—James S. Jameson.

Bankers—NATIONAL BANK OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD.

Branches and Agencies:

Auckland—L. W. D. Andrews, Dis. Sec. Gisborne—Dalgety and Co. Ltd. Taranaki—D. McAlum. Hawke's Bay—J. V. Brown and Foss (Firs); W. Kinross White (Marine). Nelson—M. Lightband Marlborough—B. Purkiss; Westland—T. Eldon Coates. Canterbury—W. B. McKenzie, Dis. Sec. Otago—J. R. Cameron, Dis. Sec. Southland—T. D. A. Moffett, Agent. Oamaru—E. Piper, Agent.

A. & J. BURK

Certificated Plumbers
and Drainers Dunedin

Drainage & Sewerage
Board,

Gasfitters & Ironworkers

120 GT. KING STREET

All Orders Promptly attended to.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Telephone 680.
Private Address:—22 Calder St., St. Kilda.

THOMAS COOK AND SON
PASSENGER AGENTS FOR ALL
LINES.

Before booking your passage to London
or elsewhere, write for "COOK'S SAILING
LIST," with map, posted free, giving
FARES and DATES of Sailing by all
Lines.

No Commission Charged.

COOK'S SHIPPING OFFICE
Exchange Buildings, Water Street.

UNION STEAM SHIP COM
PANY OF NEW ZEALAND, LTD.

Steamers are despatched as under
(weather and other circumstances
permitting):

LYTTLETON and WELLINGTON—

(Booking Passengers West Coast Ports)
Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

NAPIER, GISBORNE, and AUCKLAND—
Tuesdays and Fridays.

SYDNEY, via WELLINGTON and COOK
STRAIT—
Every Wednesday.

SYDNEY, via EAST COAST PORTS and
AUCKLAND—
Every Tuesday.

MELBOURNE via BLUFF and HOBART—
Every Sunday.

NELSON and NEW PLYMOUTH, via
Oamaru, Timaru, Lyttelton, and Well-
ington—
Corinna Fortnightly.

WESTPORT and GREYMOUTH—via
Oamaru, Timaru, Lyttelton, and Well-
ington (cargo only)—calling at Picton
fortnightly—
Every Thursday.

SUVA and LEVUKA

Regular monthly trips from Auckland
TONGA, SAMOA, FIJI, and SYDNEY—
Regular Monthly Trips from Auckland.
BARATONGA and TAHITI—
Regular monthly Trips from Auckland.

CANADIAN-AUSTRALIAN LINE
(Under the British Flag)

via Pacific Islands and Vancouver. Cheap-
est Quick Route to Canada, United
States, and Europe—

Every Four Weeks from Sydney and Suva

MACARTHY & CLARK

HOUSE FURNISHERS,

UPHOLSTERERS

PIANO IMPORTERS.

PIANOS SOLD AT WHOLESALE
PRICES.

Cash or Terms. Old Pianos taken in
exchange for new ones.

Old furniture repaired and made equal
to new.

ARMAGH ST. CHRISTCHURCH.

To Drain Pipe Users

TRY OUR

CEMENT PIPES

Uniform in size. Cylindrical inside and
out, perfectly straight, thoroughly
matured.

Sizes, 4in. to 24in.

Three feet lengths, giving the advantage of
fewer joints.

Pricers and further information from
the makers.

The Milburn Lime and Cement Co., Ltd.
37 CUMBERLAND STREET.

1st in Public Favor.

1st in Solid Value.

1st in Perfect Purity.

and the people know it.

— "Highlander" —

CONDENSED MILK

is made in New Zealand from N.Z.
Milk for New Zealand People.

For Infants "HIGHLANDER"
is an Ideal Food.

Because—it is free from starch.

—it is easily digested.

—it is absolutely pure.

—it is thoroughly nourishing.

and because it is good enough to be
"Good for the Baby" it is good
enough for anything where milk is
required.

Ask for "Highlander"

"You can depend upon it."

A. J. SULLIVAN,

7 Crawford Street, Dunedin.

Di tict Manager of the

AUSTRALIAN ALLIANCE ASSURANCE
COMPANY (Fire).

NORWICH AND LONDON ACCIDENT
INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

Telephone No. 877.

ABOUT SILVERINE

Have you heard of Silverine, the
splendid new Substitute for Silver?
Spoons, forks, etc., made from this
metal are even more durable than
silver. They are the same color
throughout—no coating of plate to
wear off—and are quite unaffected
by fruit acids, etc.

Then, look at the difference in
price—

Afternoon Teaspoons ...	5/- per doz.
Teaspoons ...	5/- per doz.
Dessert Spoons ...	10/- per doz.
Dessert Forks ...	10/- per doz.
Table Forks ...	15/- per doz.
Table Spoons ...	15/- per doz.

The above are all in Old English
Pattern—handsome goods that will
look well on any table, and will last
a lifetime.

Write to-day for what you require
in table silver. These goods will be
sent post free by return mail.

EDWARD REECE & SONS
Colombo St., Christchurch.

KELLY AND MOORE

Wholesale Boot Manufacturers
and Importers.

AUCKLAND.

Robert Ewing Thomas A. Fraser, Jun

EWING, FRASER, AND CO

GENERAL COMMISSION AND

ESTATE AGENTS,

PROPERTY SALESMEN, SHARE-

BROKERS, AND FINANCIAL AGENTS

Bills Discounted, and Advances Made on
Freehold and Leasehold Properties, Bond
Warrant, and Trade Securities,

QUEEN'S ROOMS,

CRAWFORD STREET, DUNEDIN

few exceptions, of medium and inferior sorts. The attendance was good, both town and country buyers being present, and anxious to secure horses for immediate work. There were numerous inquiries for good draughts, heavy horses, four to six years old, for town work, but for some considerable time this class has been exceedingly hard to pick up. First-class draughts, both heavy and medium, would realise good prices at the present time. Stale and worn-out animals are very hard to place—in fact, they are almost unsaleable. As is usual at this time of year, hacks and light harness horses are not in such strong demand, and prices have eased slightly. Still, whenever a real good sort is put on the market it commands attention and realises current rates. We quote: Superior young draught geldings, at from £45 to £50; extra good do (prize-winners), at from £50 to £55; superior young draught mares, at from £50 to £60; medium draught mares and geldings, at from £30 to £40; aged do, at from £15 to £20; well-matched carriage pairs, at from £70 to £100; strong spring-van horses, at from £25 to £30; milk-cart and butchers' order-cart horses, at from £18 to £35; light hacks, at from £8 to £13; extra good hacks and harness horses, at from £13 to £25; weedy and good do, at from £5 to £7.

California's Golden Crop

In view of the important position which fruit-growing is likely to assume in New Zealand in the near future, it is of interest to note what that industry has done for the State of California, the orchards of which bring in more than £7,000,000 per annum, that is more than one-third of the value of the whole of our exports. California produces more than one-half of the American peach crop, a third of the pear crop, and seven-eighths of what are termed sub-tropical fruits. It supplies practically all of the prunes, apricots, lemons, figs, and the bulk of the oranges grown in America. Put into figures this means 175,000 tons of prunes alone, 1,000,000 boxes of lemons, nearly 3000 tons of olives, 5000 tons of figs, 2,500,000 bushels of peaches, and 10,000 tons of walnuts and almonds. As 85 per cent. of the oranges and lemons raised in the State are distributed through the fruit associations at Los Angeles, the business done at this centre will give an idea of the industry in southern California.

An average of 3000 carloads of fruit of all kinds have been sent daily through the shipping season out of the thirteen counties of which Los Angeles is the selling centre. In Fresno county, where 80 per cent. of the raisins cured in California are produced, fully 50,000 tons will be the record for 1908, the revenue from this fruit aggregating fully £800,000. Thirty years ago not more than 25,000 orange trees were in bearing in the 500 miles of fruit belt stretching from the foothills of Mount Shasta south to San Diego. The orchards at the present time cover more than 75,000 acres, nearly all of them being the seedless variety, raised from two little shoots which were planted in 1873.

The area containing the great orchards of California consists principally of the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys, with what is locally termed the Los Angeles country, comprising the five counties of southern California. While irrigation is needed for a large proportion of the orchards in southern California, the yield in an average year is so large and the financial returns so great that many of the companies who control the larger orchards could sell them at a price averaging £500 an acre, although this land prior to irrigation was not worth £1 an acre. An investment ranging from £20,000 to £100,000 in a single fruit ranch is not uncommon, although these are many small individual growers who are prospering, since through their membership in one of the associations they are enabled to sell their harvests to as great advantage as their larger competitors.

Although oranges will ripen in California nearly every month of the year, the harvest season is usually from November 1 to June 1. As fast as a wagon load is picked it is sent to the packing house. There the boxes are credited to the grower, then prepared for market. Here the oranges are dumped into a long narrow tank, filled with water, at one end of which is a big wheel with a tire of soft bristles. As the wheel revolves the brush works in connection with another set of brushes in a smaller tank underneath, and the oranges, after hobbling about in the big tank, pass between the wet brushes and come out bright and clean.

At some of the packing houses the old method of hand washing is still in use, and groups of women, each with a brush and a tub of water, stand under an awning and scrub busily. After the bath the oranges are spread upon long, slanting racks to dry in the sun, and from the lower end they roll into the boxes and are carried into the shade of the warehouse to cure. After the hours of curing they are fed into a hopper which drops them single file into a belt that runs between revolving cylindrical brushes. They come out sleek and shiny, and are carried in a belt elevator to the sorting table, where they are graded into fancy, choice, and standard. The grades are determined by the size and appearance. Any blemish places the fruit among the culls. The sorting table inclines slightly, and the dividing stream passes in two files upon narrow tracks of moving ropes, which diverge gradually. The smallest oranges fall through first, the larger sizes further on, grading themselves and falling into their proper bins.

There are a dozen sizes, from the small ones that run 360 to a box, to fruit that cannot be spanned with both hands and which pack 48 to the box. Both extremes are subject to discount from the market price as off sized.

Oranges are very tender and must be handled with great care. Finger nails are kept short, lest a slight bruise be made on the skin in handling; and wherever an orange drops even an inch or two spouts, bins, and tables are padded. Usually the warehouse is on a siding or on the direct line of railway, so that the boxes can be loaded into the cars from the building without loss of time. A carload is from 400 to 500 boxes.

Late Burnside Stock Report

Cattle.—263 head forward. Prices were about the same as last week, and ruled for good from £7 2s 6d to £8 5s.

Sheep.—Owing to the high prices ruling at the last sale there was a large yarding of 3695. The yarding consisted of a good proportion of ewes and some pens of fair wethers. The prices for wethers showed a drop of 1s and of ewes 2s per head compared with last week. Prime wethers, 19s to 22s; extra, 23s 9d; medium, 16s to 18s 6d; inferior, 13s; best ewes, 13s to 15s 6d; extra, 22s 6d; medium, 11s to 12s 6d; inferior, 10s 6d.

Lambs.—1549 penned. Prices were firm at about last week's rates. Prime lambs, 17s to 18s 6d; extra, 19s; medium, 15s to 16s 6d; light and inferior, 9s 6d to 14s.

Pigs.—120 penned. Suckers and slips were in good supply, and prices eased somewhat. Suckers, 9s to 11s; slips, 14s to 18s; stores, 21s to 25s; porkers, 38s to 41s; light baconers, 47s to 53s; heavy do, 55s to 59s; choppers, up to 62s.

For Children's Hacking Cough at night Woods' Great Peppermint Cure. 1s 6d and 2s 6d.

SLIGO BROS.,

MEMBERS DUNEDIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, PRINCES STREET.

STOCK & SHAREBROKERS, MINING EXPERTS

Investment Stocks a Specialty.

TELEGRAMS....." SLIGO, DUNEDIN."

HIGHLAND SHEEP DIP

Wright, Stephenson & Co. Ltd
AGENTS.

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL CATHOLIC DEPOT.

LOUIS GILLE AND CO.

73 AND 75 LIVERPOOL
STREET, SYDNEY.300 AND 302 LONSDALE
STREET, MELBOURNE.By Special
AppointmentSuppliers to
His Holiness Pius X.

JUST LANDED.

The CATHOLIC HOME ANNUAL for 1908.

Price 1/-

Per Post 1/3

Charming Frontpiece in Colors, and Numerous Other
Illustrations.

CONTENTS:

Commodore John Barry, the father of American Navy
God's Business, by Grace Keon
The Cure D'Arz, the life of the great wonder-worker, by
Very Rev. A. Lings
The Chivalry of Ah Sing, by Maud Regan
Through Catholic Spain, a faithful picture of a little
known land
His Mother, by Marion Ames Taggart
The Land of the Tercentennial, by Ella Loraine Dorsey
Love is Young, by Jerome Harte
A Corner of the Green Isle, by P. J. Smyth
A Daughter of Erin, by Mary E. Mannix
Wild Animals of America, with Illustrations
The Diamond Cross, by Shiela Mahon
Notable Events of the Past Year, with Illustrations

S. T. PATRICK'S COLLEGE
WELLINGTON

CONDUCTED BY THE MARIST FATHERS.

Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Grace the Arch-
bishop of Wellington.

The object of the Marist Fathers in this country, as in their
colleges in Europe and America, is to impart to their pupils a
thoroughly Religious and a sound Literary education, which will
enable them in after-life to discharge their duties with honour to
Religion and Society, and with credit and advantage to themselves.

Students are prepared for the N.Z. University Junior and
Senior Civil Service, Medical Entrance, Solicitors' General Know-
ledge, Bank and all other Public Examinations.

Students not preparing for the learned Professions have the
advantage of a Special Commercial Course, under efficient manage-
ment, where they are taught all that will be of use in mercantile
pursuits.

Special attention is also paid to the teaching of Physical
Science, for which purpose the College possesses a large Laboratory
and Demonstration Hall, Vocal Music, Elocution, Drawing, and
all other branches of a Liberal Education receive due attention.

Physical culture is attended to by a competent Drill Instructor
who trains the students three times a week in Drill, Rifle Practice
and Gymnastics. A large and well-equipped Gymnasium is attached
to the College.

The religious and moral training of the pupils is an object of
special care, and particular attention is bestowed on the teaching of
Christian Doctrine.

A well-appointed Infirmary attached to the College is under
the charge of the Sisters of Compassion, from whom in case of ill-
ness all students receive the most tender and devoted care, and who
at all times pay particular attention to the younger and more
delicate pupils, who without such care would find the absence of
home comforts very trying.

For TERMS, etc., apply to

THE RECTOR.

THE CATHOLIC BOOK DEPOT

—(OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL)—

BARBADOES STREET, CHRISTCHURCH.

Resolution adopted by the AUSTRALASIAN CATHOLIC
CONGRESS:

"We welcome with satisfaction Mrs Sadlier's Translation of Dr
Chuser's 'BIBLE HISTORY,' and we desire to recommend this
Manual for adoption in our Primary and High Schools."

This 'BIBLE HISTORY' is an excellent Class Book, well
bound, and contains 418 pages, with 110 Illustrations and 2 Colored
Maps.

I am booking orders for above, and will be pleased to hear from
the Heads of Catholic Schools regarding quantities, etc., to prevent
disappointments and secure regular supplies.

An Extensive Stock of Catholic Literature and Object
of Catholic Devotion. Wax Candles, Etc.

E. O'CONNOR Proprietor.

THE PROVINCIAL ECCLESIASTICAL SEMINARY
OF NEW ZEALAND,
HOLY CROSS COLLEGE, MOSGIEL.

IN conformity with arrangements made at the First Provincial
Synod, held in Wellington in 1899, this Seminary has been
established for the Education of Students from all parts of New
Zealand who aspire to the Ecclesiastical State.

Students twelve years of age and upwards will be admitted.

Candidates for admission are required to present satisfactory
testimonials from the parochial clergy, and from the superiors of
schools or colleges where they may have studied.

The Pension is £35 a year, payable half-yearly in advance. It
provides for Board and Lodging, Tuition, School Books, Furniture,
Bedding and House Linen.

The Extra Charges are: Washing, £1 10s a year, and Medicine
and Medical Attendance if required.

Students will provide their own wearing apparel, including the
Soutane, as well as Surplice for assistance in Choir.

The Annual Vacation ends on Saturday, the 15th of February.

The Seminary is under the patronage and direction of the Arch-
bishop and Bishops of New Zealand, and under the immediate per-
sonal supervision of the Right Rev. Bishop of Dunedin.

Donations towards the establishment of Bursaries for the Free
Education of Ecclesiastical Students will be thankfully received.

The course of studies is arranged to enable students who enter
the College to prepare for Matriculation and the various Examina-
tions for Degrees at the University.

For further particulars apply to

THE RECTOR,
Holy Cross College, Mosgiel.

WINTER, 1908.

I have Just Opened Up a Large Stock of
WINTER UNDERCLOTHING, SHIRTS, SOX, HATS,
UMBRELLAS, PYJAMAS, Etc.

Shirts Made to Order. White Shirts Refitted, with
Neck Band, Cuffs, and Fronts.

JOE CASEY

40 PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN.

(Next Braithwaite's)

MR. J. E. BUTLER,
DENTIST.108 WILLIS ST.
WELLINGTON.

AUSTRALIAN CATHOLIC TRUTH SOCIETY.

FOR the Dissemination of Catholic Truth and the Defence of
Holy Church, 48 penny Pamphlets on most interesting and
Instructive Subjects have already been issued.

An Australian Catholic Prayer Book has been compiled, and
can now be procured: In boards, 3d.; leather, 1s. 3d.; leather with
Epistles and Gospels of Sundays and Feasts, 1s. 6d.; and beautifully
bound Morocco, 3s. 6d.

Subscription, 5s per Annum, entitling to all the Penny ub
lications issued during the year.

Life Members, £3 3s.

REV. J. NORRIS,
Secretary,

312 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne.

YOU WANT VALUE

And straight forward dealing, and you can absolutely depend on
these from

... JOSEPH HENDREN ...

COAL, FIREWOOD AND PRODUCE MERCHANT,
120 Lincoln Road, Addington.

Deliveries in City and in all Suburbs Daily.

All Orders attended to with promptness and care.

A CARD.

G. F. DODDS,

SUCCESSOR TO T. J. COLLINS

Surgeon Dentist,

UNION BANK BUILDINGS,

Opposite Brown Ewing & Co.

DUNEDIN.

TELEPHONE . . . 333

THOMSON & CO.

* * Monumental Works * *

Moray Place DUNEDIN TELEPHONE 2295

{ Have the Largest and Cheapest Stock to select from. DIRECT . . .

Inspection Invited.

*

Designs or application.

IMPORTER

A BOOK

For the Home, for the Priest's Table, the College Library, the School Library, the Parochial Library, the Public Library, the Prize List, the Wedding Gift.

"LECTURES AND REPLIES."

BY THE ARCHBISHOP OF MELBOURNE.

The Church and the Bible," "The Primacy of the Roman Pontiff," "The Primacy Further Considered," "The Origin of the Church of England," "The Church of England and the Church Catholic."

THE JUBILEE EDITION.

930 Pages, Handsomely Bound in Cloth, Gilt Letters. Worth a barnful of expensive 'book-fiend' books that cost from 30s to £12 each.

Published price 8s, Posted 8s 10d.

Apply,
MANAGER, 'Tablet,'
Dunedin.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—100 Foreign Stamps, splendid assortment, for 1/6. Postal Note to P.O. Box 17, Thames.

ROSSBOTHAM'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

Established 1892.

Principal: T. J. Rossbotham, I.P.S. (honors)—the only teacher holding the I.P.S. teacher's certificate in Otago.
49 DOWLING STREET, DUNEDIN.

Telephone 736.

We Teach Shorthand, Typing, Book-keeping, Accountancy, Etc. Individual Tuition. Term commences at any time.

The most successful Commercial College in Dunedin, our pupils obtaining the highest positions as shorthand and typists in all the leading offices in Dunedin.

TO THE CLERGY.

BAPTISMAL AND CONFIRMATION REGISTERS

ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK.
Also, FORMS FOR BAPTISM CERTIFICATES.

PRICE 5s PER 100.

N.Z. TABLET CO., OCTAGON, DUNEDIN.

ST. JOSEPH'S PRAYER BOOK.

Post Free - - - 1/4.

MAY BE OBTAINED AT N.Z. TABLET CO

EDITOR'S NOTICES.

Send news WHILE IT IS FRESH. Stale reports will not be inserted.

Communications should reach this Office BY TUESDAY MORNING. Only the briefest paragraphs have a chance of insertion if received by Tuesday night's mails.

ADDRESS matter intended for publication 'Editor, TABLET, Dunedin,' and not by name to any member of the Staff.

ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATIONS are thrown into the waste-paper basket.

Write legibly, ESPECIALLY NAMES of persons and places.

Reports of MARRIAGES and DEATHS are not selected or compiled at this Office. To secure insertion they must be verified by our local agent or correspondent, or by the clergyman of the district, or by some subscriber whose handwriting is well known at this office. Such reports must in every case be accompanied by the customary death or marriage announcement, for which a charge of 2s. 6d. is made.

DEATH

HARRON.—Of your charity pray for the repose of the soul of Thomas Harron, beloved husband of Dora Harron, and native of County Donegal, Ireland, who died at his residence, Devonport, Auckland, on March 24, fortified by the rites of Holy Church.—R.I.P.

MESSAGE OF POPE LEO XIII. TO THE N.Z. TABLET.

Pergant Directores et Scriptores New Zealand Tablet, Apostolica Benedictione confortati, Religionis et Justitiæ causam promovere per vias Veritatis et Pacis.

Die 4 Aprilis, 1900.

LEO XIII., P.M.

TRANSLATION.—Fortified by the Apostolic Blessing, let the Directors and Writers of the New Zealand Tablet continue to promote the cause of Religion and Justice by the ways of Truth and Peace.

April 4, 1900.

LEO XIII., Pope.



THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1908.

THE MANCHESTER ELECTION



OLITICAL prophecy has been described as one of the most gratuitous forms of human error. Such predictions 'gang aft agley'; but there is no inherent improbability in the prophecy made regarding Mr. Winston Churchill when he was a rather meteoric war correspondent during the Boer war: 'Lord Randolph Churchill will yet be remembered as the father of Mr. Winston Churchill'. At thirty, he has risen to Cabinet rank, and the future is full of roseate promise for him. But in the North-west Manchester election, a few days ago, he received a check in his career when, on a poll of eighty-nine per cent. of the possible voters, he was heavily defeated by Mr. Joynson-Hicks, the Conservative candidate. Excitement ran a 'banker', and the issue of the hard-fought contest seems to have been generally accepted as a defeat for Free-trade and a victory for tariff reform.

There was, however, one other great issue fought out in the North-west Manchester contest. This was the education question. It played a far more important part in determining the issue than last week's cable messages give it credit for. There exists throughout Lancashire a large and well-organised vote that is hostile to the education policy of the Government, and (says a contemporary), 'the recently published statistics of public education explains the special interest of Lancashire churchmen in the result of the election'. The voluntary (religious) schools in the county of Lancashire number 1915, with an average attendance of 461,073, as against the 410 council schools, with an average attendance of 230,246. Our contemporary adds:

'Thus the voluntary schools throughout Lancashire outnumber the council schools by nearly five to one, and even including the populous centres where large and expensive council schools have been erected, they still educate almost exactly double the number of children educated in the council schools. In the whole county there are only four educational areas in which the council schools outnumber the voluntary. On the other hand, there are no fewer than eight large boroughs entirely dependent on voluntary schools for elementary education. There are other large boroughs where the

strength of voluntary over council schools is overwhelming.

In Manchester, there are 84 voluntary schools, with an average attendance of 44,687, and 79 council schools, with an average attendance of 50,995. The figures given here imply a large vote interested in the existence and efficiency of the religious schools and opposed to the educational policy of the Government. Considerable numbers of these were enrolled in the Parents' League for the protection of the interests of the voluntary or denominational schools.

In places where there is no council school, but only a denominational one, the Nonconformist conscience has a grievance which Catholics (although they have spent enormous sums in providing their own schools) duly appreciate. The Government proposals, however, in their scheme for removing grievances, threatened to inflict greater ones. Among other things, they propose a scheme of unequal benefits from rates and taxes which would inflict a grave injustice upon the Catholic schools, and place them in a position of permanent inferiority. The Nonconformists are to have the schools and the religious instruction which they desire supplied at the public expense. Catholics are to be required to pay their full share of rates and taxes for this purpose, but are to receive a very much smaller per capita contribution from these funds. This would mean the closing of a considerable number of our schools, especially in the poorer quarters of the great cities. Catholic feeling has been greatly stirred, both in and out of Manchester, by this proposed denial of the right of equal treatment; and we have no doubt that many Catholic votes went, on this account, to swell the crushing majority which rejected Mr. Winston Churchill in North-west Manchester. 'We have', says the 'Tablet', 'fairly bought our right to have Catholic instruction in the schools we have built for Catholic children, by the millions spent in erecting them, and the tens of thousands spent in their erection and repair. For the rest, we claim equal rights, and, as citizens who pay the education rate, we claim the right to share it'. This is the issue on which the North-west Manchester election was in part fought out.

Notes

An Apt Quotation

The 'Ave Maria' has dug up a happy quotation from Father Ryder. Penned twelve years ago, it has (says our esteemed contemporary) an applicability to the present time: 'The Catholic Church, like every old building, accumulates dust, and the process of dusting thoroughly and carefully from time to time is a most necessary one. But the writers in question, instead of applying their duster to this useful purpose, prefer, instead, to flourish it out of the window as a flag of liberty'.

Manners in the School

Marlborough's good manners are said to have done much to raise him to the pinnacle of fame and place. To some extent, they made up for his comparative illiteracy. So, at least, says Chesterfield. We mention the rectoric Duke—although, perhaps, an extreme case—to indicate the importance of giving 'the young idea' a suitable equipment of good manners in the home and the school. In this respect, the Church school is a leverage upon the child that is lacking to a greater or less extent in the secular school; for, after all, the inculcation of religious truths and moral principles into the mind and heart is the only true and permanent basis of courtesy between man and man. Without this, good manners become, not so much a part of the

man, as a sort of superficial veneer. 'Practical Politics' of February 22 (quoted by the 'S.H. Review') says, in this connection, regarding the local schools: 'Whoever is responsible for the code of education and morals in Boston public schools has an opportunity to make a reputation by teaching the children of the public schools how to behave on the street and other places, as well as in the schoolroom. The average boy or girl of the public schools has small regard for age or infirmity. In marked contrast is the deportment of the children who come and go from the parochial and other private schools, where the children file into the street in perfect order, and behave like human beings, and not like a herd of young panthers let loose.'

We know of places, nearer home to us than Boston, to which these remarks have an application.

A German Example

German Catholics are the best-knit, best organised, and (for their number) the strongest and most energising body of our co-religionists on Continental Europe. And they owe this proud position in part to the spirit that has been infused into them by a strong, able, and vigorous religious newspaper press. 'Statistics, as interesting as they are instructive', says 'Rome', 'have just been published by the "Zeitungswesen" concerning the Catholic papers of Germany and their readers. In 1880 the number of readers of Catholic papers in Germany was 596,000, a figure that probably surpasses the readers of Catholic papers throughout the whole English-speaking world at present. But ten years later it had risen to a million, in 1900 to a million and a half, and at present it is over two millions. Is it any wonder that the Catholics of Germany are solidly united, or that the Centre party (which, although not exclusively Catholic, is almost entirely so) should have come to be known as the Tower of Ivory?

Still Sore

Some people's wounds heal slowly. The feelings of sundry well-meaming but over-anxious folk in England are still black and blue, and (so to speak) running, ever since the King and Queen attended the Requiem Mass for the murdered royalties of Portugal. They have been showing their wounds in the March number of the 'Protestant Alliance Magazine'. One good soul, for instance, declares that 'the King's action is a disgrace to a Protestant monarch', and another wants to know 'what we are coming to when a Protestant King of a Protestant people can dare to be present at such a service'. However, no harm is done by these complaints, and superheated feeling finds in them a safety-valve. A wise and practical suggestion in point comes from the Birmingham 'Daily Post'. 'Apart', it says, 'from the somewhat painful controversy immediately involved, good may come from the raising of this matter now, as advantage might be taken, when there is no immediate prospect of a demise of the Crown, to settle once and for all the vexed question of the Accession Oath, which few persons in these days consider should continue to be administered to each succeeding British Sovereign in its present form, which is crudely offensive to the feelings of every Roman Catholic in these realms.'

It is high time that the British statute book should be purged of the 'relic of barbarism' which requires the Sovereign, on his accession, to single one faith out of all the faiths in his far-flung Empire, and publicly and by oath place upon it the brutal stigma of superstition and idolatry.

The Rink Stables, Moray Place, Dunedin, will be found the best place to patronise for drags, landaus, dog-carts, wagonettes, and vehicles of every description. The proprietors, Messrs. Perriam and Mountney, will leave nothing undone to give satisfaction to patrons....

J. TAIT, Monumental Sculptor,

273 Cashel Street W., Christchurch.

Just over Bridge and opposite Drill Shed. Manufacturer and Importer of Every Description of Headstones, Cross Monuments etc., in Granite, Marble and other stones.

DIOCESE OF DUNEDIN

According to a cable message, received on Thursday the Right Rev. Dr. Verdon has been received in audience by the Holy Father.

The Sisters of Mercy, South Dunedin, desire to return their sincere thanks to many friends in town and country who have forwarded donations of clothes and fruit for the orphans—gifts of both being always very acceptable. The Sisters would be very pleased to supply cases for fruit to country friends who have a surplus of such, and who are desirous of presenting it to the orphanage.

St. Joseph's Gymnastic Class was opened on Monday evening, when there was a large attendance, including several new members. A new punching-ball, kindly donated by Mr. J. Kilmartin, has been added to the apparatus, and several repairs and additions have been carried out by Messrs. W. Butler, Jos. Swanson, and A. Powell, which make the gymnasium in point of equipment equal to any in Dunedin. The members are all enthusiastic, and the coming season promises to be highly successful.

The annual meeting of St. Joseph's Boys' Club was held in St. Joseph's Hall on Monday evening. The Rev. Father Corcoran presided, and there was a good attendance. The following office-bearers were elected for the ensuing year:—Patron, Right Rev. Dr. Verdon; president, Rev. Father Corcoran; committee, Messrs. Geo. Lovell, F. Power, E. Wilkie, and R. Fogarty; secretary, Master Jno. Dunne. The first meeting of the season will be held on next Monday evening.

A meeting of the members of St. Joseph's Men's Club was held in St. Joseph's Hall on Tuesday evening for the purpose of forming a Glee Club. Mr. Deehan presided, and there was a good attendance. A large number handed in their names as active members, and the club commences with every prospect of success. The following office-bearers were elected:—Conductor, Mr. T. Deehan; musical director, Mr. F. Heley; committee, Messrs. Jos. Swanson, T. Hughes, and E. W. Spain. The club meets on Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock.

The opening run of the St. Joseph's Harriers was held on Saturday afternoon from the residence of the Hon. J. B. Callan, M.L.C., the club's president. The day was beautiful, and attracted a muster of 20, including several new members. The trail went through the Kaikorai and around the surrounding hills for about five miles, and then home through Roslyn. The runners were hospitably entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Callan. Mr. Deehan (vice-president) expressed the club's appreciation of the kindness shown by the host and hostess.

The St. Patrick's Young Men's Club, South Dunedin, held the first meeting for the present season on Monday evening, when there was a good attendance. The president, Rev. Father Howard, during the course of his address, complimented the members on having had a successful season last year, and trusted that they would have even a better one this year. He also thanked members for taking an active interest in the affairs of the club, and emphasised the necessity of all working zealously and harmoniously so as to ensure its success. The secretary read the rules, and intimated that the meetings would be held on Monday in each week, and would commence at 7.15 p.m. The membership fees for the current year are as follow: 1s for members attending school, 2s for members who are in employment, and 5s for honorary members. The club has made arrangements to open a gymnastic class on May 5, and thereafter to hold the class on Tuesday evening in each week. The club is indebted to Mr. J. Dee for having offered his services as instructor. During the evening musical items were given by Messrs. Meekin, Perkins, Atwell, McLean, Ahern, Marlow, and Tonar.

Messrs. Herbert, Haynes, and Co., Dunedin, are at present offering four special lines in furniture, viz., a full-sized iron bedstead, duchesse chest, dining-room suite, and drawing-room suite, at exceptionally low rates....

Messrs. Ballantyne and Co., Christchurch, call attention to their sleeping socks of pure wool at very moderate prices. They are said to be very efficacious, and all who suffer from cold feet should give them a trial....

WANGANUI

The second annual meeting of St. Mary's Catholic Club, Wanganui, was held on Monday evening of last week. The following report was presented:—

In presenting the second annual report and balance-sheet, the executive has much pleasure in congratulating members on a successful year's work. Considering the club's infancy it has progressed exceedingly well, being now one of the recognised institutions of the town, and though still struggling under the financial burden incidental to a young club, has every prospect of a bright future. There is a satisfactory balance of cash in the bank to commence the present year's work on, whilst the assets show a large surplus over the liabilities, the number of members now on the roll totals 261, of whom only some 14 are unfinancial; and the majority of these will probably settle up shortly. During the year Mr J. R. Hunt was compelled to relinquish the office of president owing to his removal from the district, his successor being Mr J. M. Murphy, who has done full justice to the position. The various branches have worked well during the year and are all in a satisfactory condition, the debating branch showing much promise for the coming season. Rooms set apart for games—draughts, cards, quoits, etc.—should attract the juniors during the winter months. The social hall has proved an immense success from a social and financial point of view, and should continue to do so during the coming year.

Several card tournaments were held with other societies during the year, in nearly all of which the club proved victorious. An art union held last winter yielded a fair return. A visitors' book for the purpose of receiving the comments of visitors was opened recently, and has produced some interesting reading. The executive desire to thank the kind friends who so readily came forward with donations and prizes, and in conclusion would return thanks to members for the assistance so readily given during the term, and would urge upon them to continue supporting the club in future, especially during the ensuing twelve months, as a heavy, but progressive, year's work is predicted.

The Very Rev. Dorn Grogan (patron), who was present throughout, in the course of his remarks gave members some instructive advice on the benefits to be derived from joining young men's clubs, dwelling particularly on the branches dealing with literature, debating, etc., which was warmly applauded. The president's address referred to the prosperous condition of the club as compared with the past, his programme showing that the work for the present year will be of a very progressive nature. In addition to the already large number of branches, a strong effort will be made to establish a gymnasium.

The election of officers resulted as follows:—Patron, Very Rev. Dean Grogan (re-elected); president, Mr. J. M. Murphy (re-elected); vice-presidents, Messrs. Jas. Dempsey, Martin Hearn, D. P. Cullinan, W. E. Power, M. McTubbs, Selby Morton, and Jas. Brennan; spiritual director and treasurer, Rev. Father Mahony (re-elected); hon. secretary, Mr. F. Gaffaney (re-elected); assistant hon. secretary, Mr. Morgan; hon. auditors, Messrs. J. P. Markham and G. J. D'O; executive committee, Messrs. J. Leydon, J. W. Mills, A. D. Murphy, E. Derungs, C. P. Ryan, McKenna, and T. Roche. Several other minor matters were dealt with, and votes of thanks were passed to the retiring officers, donors of prizes, etc.; the press, and the chair, the meeting then terminating.

Oamaru

(From our own correspondent.)

April 22:—The Right Rev. Mgr. Mackay has returned from Hammer much benefited in health by the change.

The general Communion of the members of the Catholic Club was held on Easter Sunday at the half-past eight o'clock Mass, when there was a good attendance.

The Hibernian Sports on Easter Monday were fairly well attended, although the weather was far from pleasant, a cold wind sweeping across the ground. The meeting was held on the new Caledonian Grounds. The winner of the Sheffield handicap was a resident of Oamaru, Mr. T. Birmingham, who is to be congratulated on his success. The half-mile and mile handicaps brought forth two of the strongest fields yet seen in the Dominion, and the times were exceptionally good. All the events were promptly got off. The officials worked well, and it is to be regretted greater success did not attend their efforts. In the evening the society's annual concert was held in the Town Hall, when a capital programme was submitted. Miss K. Hannan played the accompaniments.

Interprovincial

The postal revenue of the Dominion during the March quarter of this year was £112,034, as against £109,846 for the corresponding period of last year. The telegraph revenue was £71,581, compared with £67,050.

We have received the second number of the "C.Y.M.", a magazine issued under the auspices of the Adelaide Catholic Club. It is very well got up, and nicely printed and illustrated, and is very creditable to the society.

At a meeting of the Oamaru Harbor Board on Monday it was decided to ask the ratepayers for permission to borrow £50,000 for the purpose of purchasing a new dredge, and so render the harbor and approaches absolutely safe for Home-going vessels of any size.

At the local school committee elections (telegraphs our Wellington correspondent) candidates favoring the introduction of Bible-reading into the State schools were decisively rejected. The League proposals were almost unanimously condemned by committees.

The sale of unclaimed articles at the Christchurch Police Station on Saturday realised £30 odd, by which amount the Police Provident Fund will benefit. The articles included eleven bicycles and a variety of trinkets, hand-bags, etc., found in the Exhibition during the period of its currency.

Mr. H. St. A. Murray, the Canterbury athlete, who is going Home to represent New Zealand at the Olympic games, and who passed through Wellington on Friday on his way to Sydney, has been provided by the Prime Minister with a letter of introduction to the High Commissioner, Mr. W. P. Reeves.

During the first quarter of this year the total amount deposited in the Post Office Savings Banks of the Dominion was £2,542,188, as against £2,325,099 during the first three months of 1907. The withdrawals during the same period totalled £2,382,933 for 1908, and £2,000,251 for 1907, the excess of deposits over withdrawals being £159,253 for this year, and £324,849 last year.

The 'Press' reports that a householder at a suburban school committee election on Monday evening referred to the fact that, during the previous year, the school library had been augmented by a number of volumes presented by an anonymous giver. 'I intend to make an anonymous gift of books this year,' he pursued, 'and I hope there are others present who will do the same.'

Sir Joseph Ward, in the course of a speech at Wellington on Monday night, said the financial position of the Dominion was highly satisfactory. The revenue of the year ended March 31 showed a record of £9,055,946, and other receipts that could not be called ordinary revenue amounted to £8043, making the total receipts for the year £9,063,989. At the beginning of the year they had brought forward £717,825.

As indicating the peculiar season in the Wairarapa, wattle trees in full bloom may be seen at Konini, as well as apple trees blossoming after having yielded a good harvest of fruit. In Masterton one resident has secured two crops of potatoes consecutively from the same piece of ground since the beginning of spring. In several Christchurch gardens the wattle trees are in bud, while currant bushes are sprouting new growths which threaten to burst into leaf before the past season's foliage is finally disposed of.

The new Hermitage at Mount Cook will be built on a commanding site at Governor's Bush. This is the one piece of bush now left near Mount Cook on the eastern side of the divide. A beautiful stream runs past it from small glaciers situated high up on the Sealy range which towers to a height of 8000ft. in the immediate background. From the front windows magnificent views of Mount Cook (12,349ft.), Mount Sefton (10,350ft.), St David's Dome (9948ft.), and the bold rocky peaks of the Liebig Range will be procurable.

The Government has decided to erect a temporary covered footbridge across Sydney street, Wellington, in order to connect Government House, where Parliament next meets, and the Parliamentary Library. The latter was not consumed in the recent fire, and the bridge will be erected for convenience of members of Parliament and others, during the forthcoming session. The Wellington City Council has given its consent to the proposed work, on condition that the passage will not be a permanent structure.

Advice was received in Oamaru on Saturday, that the Government have decided to purchase the Kauroo Hills estate, near Maheno, for closer settlement. There are one or two details in connection with the purchase still to be arranged with Messrs Teschmaker, but it is very satisfactory to be able to record the Government's decision. The estate consists of 19,113 acres of freehold, to which is at present attached about 7500 acres of Crown land leasehold and 800 acres of School Commissioners' land, also held on leasehold. The property has been one of the most reputed in North Otago from the early days of the district, both for its wheat and for its wool-growing capacities. It is well watered, has a fertile soil, and a nice aspect, and it is at present subdivided into seven farms, which are all well fenced and roaded.

With the object of keeping New Zealand and its resources before the notice of newspaper readers in the United Kingdom, the Government is making an important and interesting experiment. An arrangement has been effected with Reuter's Telegraph Company to despatch three times a week from New Zealand to England a message of a hundred words containing items of general news which will be of interest to newspaper readers at Home. The selection of the news is left entirely to Reuter's Agency, it being understood that the items are to be free from bias. Matters which no doubt will receive attention will be any important statements by the head of the Government, crop prospects, mining returns, the yield of wheat, and matters affecting the extensive trade between New Zealand and the United Kingdom, Canada and America.

Mr. E. G. Staveley, manager of the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company, in giving evidence before the Conciliation Board, at Christchurch, said that the farmers' outlook was not too promising, and though there was no reason to fear a great depreciation in the value of our staple products, this was an inopportune time to alter the conditions of expenditure now prevailing for farm work. The small farmer was not doing so well as he had been for some years, owing to the lower values of some farm products. Wool was considerably lower; sheep were down in price; and fat lambs were very much lower. Certain classes of wool had declined in London by 3d to 4d per lb during the past twenty-four months. Any further tax would be detrimental to the small farmers, many of whom were bearing as much as they could already. An award imposing further burdens would cause his firm to advance money less freely to farmers.

The American Consul-general (Mr. W. R. Prickett), in conversation with a representative of an Auckland paper, referred to the question of the advertisement of this Dominion in his country. He viewed favorably the suggestion of the Hon. Dr. Findlay (Attorney-General) that the officers and men of the United States fleet on their forthcoming visit to Auckland should be shown our thermal regions if the requisite arrangements as to transport could be made. Mr. Prickett pointed out, however, that the trip would occupy two or three days at least. Still, everyone to whom you can show the thermal region, he declared, 'must count for something.' In Mr. Prickett's opinion, however, the most important thing is to procure good accommodation between here and San Francisco. 'Until you get that,' he said, 'you cannot expect to get very many people to come here from the United States. Some arrangements should be made between the New Zealand and American Governments to provide for a good steamship service.'

Dealing with the question of holidays for farm and station hands (says the 'Press'), Mr. Ackland remarked at the Conciliation Board on Monday that those demanded by the Farm Laborers' Union did not suit either the employers or the men. He knew that on same back stations the shearers wanted to shear on Christmas Day, and they would shear on Sundays if they were allowed. In Queensland they had practically compelled the bosses to let them shear on Sundays, and the same applied in New Zealand, though not to the same extent. A holiday was little use to a man 30 or 40 miles from anywhere, and he had heard of men spending a holiday in poaching paradise ducks or damming a creek for eels. As to the allegation that a weekly half-holiday was necessary so that the men should do their washing on Saturday instead of Sunday, he dismissed it as an agitator's excuse; probably the men would play cards on the Saturday half-day, and continue the practice of doing their washing on Sundays.

For Bronchial Coughs take Woods' Great Pepper-mint Cure. 1s 6d and 2s 6d.

A. & T. INGLIS

BEG respectfully to announce that the extensive alterations and additions to their premises, George Street, are now completed and they will celebrate the event by offering on Thursday next, APRIL 9th AND FOLLOWING DAYS, Special Bargains in.....

BLANKETS, UNDERCLOTHING

MILLINERY, Hosiery, GLOVES

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, Etc.

For the **WINTER SEASON.**

A VISIT OF INSPECTION WILL BE APPRECIATED.

A. & T. INGLIS,
THE CASH EMPORIUM, GEORGE ST., DUNEDIN

BREAD and BISCUITS.

We require your support, and it will pay you to patronise us.

ASK FOR THE WELL-KNOWN

"Cockatoo" Brand of Biscuits.

BREAD Delivered to all parts of City and Suburbs.

CLEANLINESS is observed in the manufacture of all our articles.

WM. WRIGHT & CO., LTD.,
Bread and Biscuit Bakers, Coffee Merchants,
KING STREET, DUNEDIN.
Ring Up 921 Or written s.

THE CHURCH AND THE WORLD.

By THE REV. T. LE MENANT-DES CHESNAIS, S.M.

SECOND EDITION—REVISED THROUGHOUT.

A book of Encyclopedic information for the Catholic Home. Full of fact that every Catholic ought to know. Should be in every Catholic Household, and on the Prize List of every Catholic School.

SOME CRITICISMS:—

"A golden mine of accurate information on the Religious Questions that are discussed at the present day."—Cardinal Moran.

"A very mine of Ecclesiastical Wealth, quite a Theological Encyclopedia."—The Right Rev. Dr. Grimes, Bishop of Christchurch.

"A Feast of good things. . . . An armory for all."—
"N.Z. Tablet."

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
by the

"N.Z. TABLET", CO.

Price, 3s. 6d.

Posted, 4s.

USE ONLY

Royal Worcestershire Sauce

Purity and Quality Unsurpassed. Once Used Always Used.

A. McNAUGHTON & CO. MANUFACTURERS,
MAITLAND STREET, DUNEDIN.

LEARN AT HOME

18—SIMPLE LESSONS!!!—18

GREGG SHORTHAND

The Only System that is being Successfully taught by
CORRESPONDENCE.

YOU can learn in your SPARE TIME, in your own home, no matter where you live. No need to spend MONTHS, as with old systems. Sentences written at first lesson; Business Letters at the fifth. FEW RULES; NO EXCEPTIONS; NO positions; NO shading, as in other systems.

Our MAIL graduates—including EDITORS, Ministers, Reporters, Teachers in Schools and Convents—all proclaim the EASE with which the GREGG can be learned by Correspondence (see Testimonials).

NOTE! In the recent N.Z. Exhibition Shorthand Contests open to the WHOLE of New Zealand, our students secured **GOLD MEDALS** in the Highest Speed Contest, Senior Shorthand-Typist Contest, and Legibility and Accuracy of Shorthand, completely outclassing Pitman writers.

WHY? Because GREGG Shorthand is **Easiest to Learn, Easiest to Read!! Easiest to Write at Any Speed!!!**

Write for FREE First Lesson, J. WYN IRWIN, Principal, Testimonials, & particulars to Australasian Representative

GREGG SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, 5 Cuba St., Wellington

Information for Readers of the 'Tablet.'

BENTLEY & ABBOTT

Painters, Decorators, Paperhangers, and

LEADLIGHT MAKERS

Give Best of Workmanship.—TRY THEM.

90 MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN. Telephone 487.

"OXOL"

**Compounds
FOR CATTLE**

They Cure
and
Fatten
Cattle
When
All Else
Fails.

**"OXOL"**

**Compounds
FOR CATTLE**

One
Representative Only
in
Each District.

S. R. & T. C. WINDSOR
Merchants,
RATTRAY STREET
(Wholesale only)

NEW ZEALAND

H B

CLOTHING FACTORY

BEST HOUSE

For Men's Underwear
For Men's Hats
For Men's Ties
For Men's Overcoats
For Men's Suits
For Boys' Suits

The South British Insurance Company, Limited.

Capital ...	...	...	...	...	£2,000,000
Accumulated Funds ...	...	...	...	...	£532,000

The following Risks are accepted at Lowest Current Rates:—
Fire, Marine, Mortgages' Indemnity, Employers' Liability, Workers' Compensation, Ordinary
Accident, Public Risk, Plate Glass, Burglary, Fidelity Guarantee.

The SOUTH BRITISH COMPANY'S "Up-to-Date" Policy is the most
liberal yet offered to the Public in New Zealand.

JAS. KIRKER,
General Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES EVERYWHERE.

**COLD FEET are
Fatal to Comfort**

To Minimise Discomfort
At Night

BALLANTYNE'S

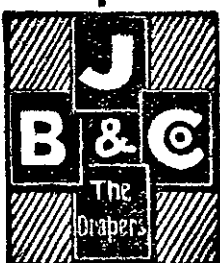
Are Selling **SLEEPING SOCKS OF PURE WOOL**

From 1/11 to 5/6 per pair

They are said to be Most Efficacious

Just what is best for Winter is submitted throughout Ballantyne's Warehouse

Cashel and Colombo Streets - Christchurch



Irish News

ANTRIM—A Link with the Past

The death took place at Roxborough, Crumlin, on March 5, of Mr. Michael Diamond at the advanced age of 92 years. By his death (writes a correspondent of the 'Irish Weekly') the last surviving link is severed that brought us back to troubled times, and even to the days when our forefathers knelt to worship God and assist at the Sacrifice of the Mass beneath the shelter of the white-thorn or around the rock on the bleak mountain side. Mr. Diamond's grandmother was a sister of Father John Cassidy, who for over fifty years was parish priest of Ahoghill and Portglenone, and erected the first churches after the Reformation at Aughnahoy and Ahoghill. Another brother of his grandmother, Father Peter Cassidy, was parish priest of Belfast for 21 years, and died in 1815, the year after Mr. Diamond was born. Father John Cassidy, P.P., Ahoghill, died on January 12, 1819, at the age of 75 years. He died in Priest Town, Ahoghill, in his own modest little residence, which is still standing—and even the very bed he died in is still preserved.

The Lough Neagh Litigation

A decision is pending in the High Courts which affects the means of livelihood of 3000 people who rely on the fishing industry of Lough Neagh for their support. The fishermen claim the free and unrestricted right of the public to fish in Lough Neagh which they say has existed from time immemorial, and which has come down from generation to generation. The owners of the Toomebridge Eel Fisheries and others claim the whole lough as a private fishery, basing their claim on a grant made by King James I. and another made by Charles II. Lough Neagh has a shore line of about sixty-five miles. The lough abounds in eels, pollan, and trout—the pollan being a characteristic fish of this, the greatest lake of the British Isles.

Death of the Bishop of Down and Connor

Our Home exchanges report the death of the Right Rev. Dr. Henry, Bishop of Down and Connor, which occurred with tragic suddenness whilst his Lordship was attending a sacred concert in St. Mary's Hall, Belfast, on the evening of Sunday, March 8. On Sunday morning his Lordship began a day of strenuous duty, apparently in the prime of his health and strength. He celebrated the Holy Sacrifice during the morning. He attended the twelve o'clock Mass at St. Mary's, and preached a vigorous sermon. After Mass he administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to a large number of children, delivering fatherly addresses to them before and after the ceremony. Immediately afterwards he presided at the quarterly meeting of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, and took an active part in the proceedings. Then, after a few hours' rest, he returned to duty again, leaving St. Mary's presbytery to attend a sacred concert at St. Mary's Hall, in aid of Father Skeffington's new Church of St. Columbkille at Ballyhackamore. Immediately after entering the hall, and scarcely had he been seated, when his Lordship was seized with a sudden spasm, and fell backwards, evidently seriously ill. Several of the clergy and laity in the vicinity at once proceeded to render assistance, Rev. Father Skeffington and others raising his Lordship up and doing everything possible for him. Meanwhile a member of the audience immediately left the hall to seek for medical assistance. His Lordship was then carried to an ante-room, and Very Rev. P. Convery, Adm., observing the gravity of the attack, administered the last Sacraments. Dr. H. Stevenson and Dr. R. Campbell, who had hastened to the scene in response to the urgent message despatched earlier, soon arrived at the hall, but, unfortunately, too late to render any assistance, death having quickly supervened on the sudden seizure with which his Lordship was affected. The Right Rev. Dr. Henry was born in the parish of Loughiel, not far from Ballymoney, County Antrim, in 1847. After spending some years at the Diocesan College, Belfast, he entered Maynooth College, and was ordained to the priesthood in 1870. From then until 1895 he was associated with St. Malachy's College, Belfast. On August 16, 1895, Dr. Henry received from the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda notification of his appointment as Bishop of Down and Connor.

CORK—Charitable Bequests

The bequests of the late Mr. John Dwyer, of Middleton Park, Queenstown, included twenty-two shares in the G.S. and W. Railway Co. to Mercy Hospital, Cork; £1000 each to Good Shepherd Convent, the Mag-

dalens Asylum, and St. Patrick's Hospital, all of Cork; £500 to the Convent of Mercy, Queenstown, and £100 each to the St. Vincent de Paul Society and the General Hospital, Queenstown.

A Very Sudden Death

A painful sensation was caused in Youghal on the evening of March 5 by the very sudden demise of the esteemed Superior of the Youghal Christian Brothers—Rev. Brother Maher—who was found dead in a railway carriage on the arrival of the 3.35 p.m. train from Cork. Brother Maher attended school in the morning apparently in his usual health, and went to Cork by the 11 a.m. train. When the sad discovery was made the deceased was sitting on the seat leaning against the side of the carriage, as if he were asleep.

DUBLIN—A Home for Youths

On February 23 was opened in Dublin a new foundation of St. Vincent's Male Orphanage, which owes its existence and upkeep to the St. Vincent de Paul Society, and which is under the devoted care of the Christian Brothers. The home is intended to furnish a safe and comfortable abiding-place for those youths who, having finished their courses at the orphanage, have gone out into the world to earn their livelihood.

A Successful Insurance Company

The directors of the Irish Catholic Church Property Insurance Company, in their annual report state that, after payment of re-insurances, the income of the company for the year 1907 was £1658 8s 2d. The payments for fire losses amounted to £1178 13s 1d, the general expenditure to £8.9 8s 9d, and the directors' fees to £250, making a total of £2238 1s 10d, and leaving a surplus of £342 6s 4d. Out of this surplus the directors have allocated £500 to payment of dividend on the paid-up capital at 5 per cent. for the year. They recommend that £920 6s 4d be placed to the credit of reserve, which would then stand at £8474 4s 7d, and that the balance of £1000 be distributed to the Catholic Archbishops and Bishops of Ireland, as provided by Article 90 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

GALWAY—Interred in his Native Land

In accordance with the terms of his will the remains of John Morley, an Irishman who amassed considerable wealth in South Dakota, have been removed from that State and interred in his native place at Woodford, County Galway. The greater portion of his fortune he bequeathed to a community of Nursing Sisters of St. Louis, and to his nephews, Michael, Patrick, and John Guerin, of Nenagh, and to their sister, who lives in England, he left £200 each.

KILDARE—Maynooth College

Replying to a question in the House of Commons on March 11, Mr. Birrell said it was given in evidence before the Robertson Commission on University education in Ireland, that Maynooth College received from the State amounts varying from £8000 to £9000 a year from its foundation in 1795 up till 1845, when the annual grant was increased to £26,360 a year. This latter grant was continued until 1874, when it was withdrawn, the sum of £369,040, representing 14 years' purchase, being paid to the college in compensation out of the Irish Church Fund. The Board of Works also expended on buildings and maintenance and remission of building loans the sum of £52,835. The Queen's College, Belfast, has received £7000 a year since its foundation, together with grants in aid amounting in all to £82,600, and the Board of Works have expended on buildings and maintenance £95,558. The number of students at Maynooth for the year 1907-8 is 562; the number at Belfast for the current winter session is 380. Both of the colleges are exempt from rating.

LIMERICK—The Holy Father's Jubilee

At a meeting of the Limerick Corporation on March 6 the following resolution was moved, by the Mayor, and adopted:—That we, the Mayor, Aldermen, and burgesses of the County Borough Council of Limerick, on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the priesthood of our most Holy Father, Pope Pius X., with profound homage beg to offer to his Holiness the heartfelt congratulations of the citizens of this ancient Catholic city, and the earnest prayers of his faithful Irish children that God may graciously strengthen and sustain him amongst the grievous trials that press round his exalted throne. We pray that his Holiness may be spared to see again the triumph of the truth, for which he has striven with all the dignity of apostolic simplicity; that his erring children, whose dangerous doctrines his Holiness has condemned in his

J. O'ROURKE,

First-class OUTFITTER, HATTER & MERCER, STAFFORD STREET, TIMABU
All Goods direct from Manufacturer to Customer. Finest Stock in South Canterbury. Up-to-date
Tailoring in charge of a First-rate Outfit. Prices Strictly Moderate.

recent great Encyclical, will hearken dutifully to their Father's counsel; and that in this year of the Golden Jubilee of her own sacred shrine of Lourdes, our Blessed Lady may comfort the heart of the Holy Father by securing, through her powerful intercession, the restoration of France to her glorious inheritance as Eldest Daughter of the Church. That this resolution be communicated by the Town Clerk to his Lordship the Bishop, the Most Rev. Dr. O'Dwyer, to be forwarded by him to his Holiness.

WATERFORD—The Glenaheiry 'Outrage'

In the House of Commons on March 10 Mr. John Redmond asked the Chief Secretary whether, having regard to the fact that the appeal in the claim for damages laid by Lord Ashtown had now been disposed, and that the only issue on appeal was a question of malice, the Government would institute a public inquiry into all the circumstances surrounding the case, with a view to the discovery of the guilty party. Mr. Birrell—The Irish Government are not at present in possession of any information which would justify the belief that a public inquiry on oath would secure the proof of any fact which would lead to the discovery of the guilty parties. Such information may, however, be hereafter forthcoming, and whenever it is, we shall be perfectly willing to take the steps most likely to discover the real authors of this outrage.

GENERAL

Railway Rates

Addressing a meeting in Liverpool in support of railway nationalisation, Sir John Gorst, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, said: Of the parts of the United Kingdom ill-treated by railway systems the worst was Ireland, and he believed if this were explained the Irish people would be up in arms. The traffic of Ireland was regulated for the benefit of English railway companies. There were differential rates, and it was, he believed, just to say that many Irish agriculturists found the cheapest way of transporting bullocks, agricultural produce, and flax from one part of Ireland to another was to send them to England and have them reshipped there.

Grievances from Ireland

Mr. Maddison, M.P. for Burnley, addressed the following reply to Lord Ashtown, in answer to an appeal for funds to assist in carrying on the campaign connected with the publication called 'Grievances from Ireland':—'Mr. F. Maddison presents his compliments to Lord Ashtown, and desires him to know that he regards the work of the Federation with which he is connected as the worst example of fanaticism which has come under his notice. Mr. Maddison has no ear for the harsh music of the Orange drum, and regrets that his lordship is so untouched by national pride and sentiment. The cause of true religion must suffer by his attempt to fan the flames of sectarian strife, the cessation of which should be the aim of good citizens. Mr. Maddison writes as a strong Protestant, and as such is delighted to know that the funds of the Federation are running low, as it is some evidence that in Ireland its work is not appreciated. He hopes that his lordship will not send him any more begging appeals for so unworthy an object.'

The Cost of the Police Force

In discussing the vote in the Estimates for extra police in Ireland the 'Freeman's Journal' says:—Ireland has practically the same population as Scotland; it has less than one-fourth of the serious crime of Scotland; it has double the police force. Ireland has one-eighth of the population of England and Wales; about one-twentieth of its serious crime; and nearly one-third of its police force. And this is the country to whose police establishment a Liberal Government pledged to economy adds four hundred men out of deference to a clamor, the nature of which was exposed by Mr. Redmond. There ought to be an end to this pandering to slander and this surrender to an officialism whose wastefulness cannot be paralleled outside the annals of corruption. The Irish police establishment ought to be reduced, the men engaged in it converted into a civil force and given a living wage, and the funds wasted upon it made available for educational, industrial, and rating reform in Ireland. Seven hundred thousand pounds a year is wasted upon the establishment; the Liberal Government have added £40,000 a year more to that charge, while they deny the National Board the means of giving the teachers of Ireland a decent salary.

TUSSICURA.

THE MASTER REMEDY FOR.
AILMENTS OF THE THROAT AND
LUNGS.

DOUGLAS RAMSAY,

SOLICITOR, No. 7 Joel's Buildings, Crawford Street, Dunedin.

Money to Lend on Approved Security at Lowest Current Rates
interest Telephone No. 54.

People We Hear About

King Leopold of Belgium has conferred upon Cardinal Gibbons the Grand Cross of the Royal Order of the Crown, as a mark of his personal esteem; and also in recognition of his great services to the cause of Christianity and humanity throughout the world.

The reported elaborate festivities arranged to be held in Vienna this spring on the occasion of the Emperor's Diamond Jubilee will be abandoned owing to the state of his Majesty's health. The festivities would involve inviting foreign Royalties and Princes, the reception of whom might prove too severe a strain upon the Emperor.

The Hon. James Kent, who has been appointed Minister of Justice of Newfoundland in succession to Sir Edward Patrick Morris, who resigned the office last year is a native of that Colony. He received his education in Ireland at Tullabeg and Clongowes Colleges, and graduated B.A. of the Royal University of Ireland in 1890.

Mr. Charles Rous-Martin, who died in London in the early part of last week, was well known in Wellington, where at one time he occupied the editorial chair of the 'Evening Post,' and later that of the 'New Zealand Times.' He was a facile writer, and was recognised as one of the leading musical critics in the Dominion. In recent years he acted as London correspondent of some of the daily papers in New Zealand.

News has been received of the death after a severe illness, of Colonel Thos. O'Reilly, K.S.G., C.M.G., who was Mayor of Cape Town during the three years of the late South African War. Colonel O'Reilly, who went to the Cape over twenty years ago, was for ten years a member of the Cape Parliament, in which he was one of Mr. Cecil Rhodes' most formidable opponents. He was a staunch Catholic, and some years ago the title of Knight of St. Gregory was conferred upon him by the Pope.

Sir Charles Santley spent his seventy-fourth birthday in his native city of Liverpool. He visited the institute, where he received his early education, and listened to part songs by the school choir. Afterwards he was presented with a silver bowl from the pupils as a birthday gift, and delighted the boys by singing 'Rud-dier than the cherry,' 'Simon the Cellarer,' and several other songs. He also chatted pleasantly about his career in the musical world, and impressed upon the boys the value of classical study in training the mind.

Mr. W. Redmond, who displayed such concern in the House of Commons the other day as to Australia's contribution to the navy, is one of the few Irish members who have a practical experience of political and social life at the Antipodes, (says the 'Pall Mall Gazette'). A few years ago he made a prolonged tour in the Southern Continent, and, though he gave his attention primarily to Irish affairs, he gained an enormous amount of knowledge on the tariff question, old-age pensions, the power of the Labor Party, education, and the like, which is likely to reappear to advantage when such questions break through what he calls 'the crusty conservatism of England.'

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, who held the office of Prime Minister from December, 1905 to the beginning of the present month, and whose death occurred last week, was born in Glasgow in the year 1836. His uncle, William Campbell, was in the early part of the last century an assistant in a Glasgow draper's shop. At that time it was common to mark goods with one price, but to be prepared to sell them, after haggling, for much less, and Dr. Chalmers, of Disruption fame, condemned the system as savoring of corruption. William Campbell was much impressed, and urged his employer to adopt a system of 'No Second Prices.' His employer ridiculed the idea, but offered to lend William Campbell £500 to try the experiment in a business of his own. William accepted the offer, got credit for a like amount from Manchester houses, and opened a 'One Price' shop with his brother, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's father, as his partner. The business grew to enormous proportions, and the Prime Minister's father, Sir James Campbell, became Lord Provost of the city of Glasgow, and a pioneer in its period of municipal expansion.

For Children's Hacking Cough at night Woods' Great Peppermint Cure. 1s 6d and 2s 6d.

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER FRUIT PILLS.
will cure pimples, blotches, and face sores, which are an abomination. 1s 6d.

POLICE v. BRADY.

Book Gift Tea

AN APPEAL.

MR. JUSTICE CHAPMAN, on appeal, quashed the conviction against Mr Brady, the Gisborne Agent, for selling "Book Gift" Tea with a coupon attached.

His Honour ruled that the system adopted by the Proprietors of "Book Gift" Tea of giving Coupons as a means of exchange for the books was perfectly legal and did not come within the meaning of the Act. This decision had the full concurrence of the other judges.

It will be good news to the many Traders who have experienced the demand for "Book Gift" Tea to know that they can continue to sell it without fear of breaking the law.

The many thousands, also, who have been in the habit of using this fine quality Tea will be delighted to know that they will not lose the opportunity of acquiring a collection of well-bound standard Books without cost.

The Proprietors of "Book Gift" Tea maintain that it costs no more for the books than it does for extensive advertising, or the giving of cash prizes, which only benefit a few.

EVERY PURCHASER of "BOOK GIFT" TEA PARTICIPATES in the DISTRIBUTION OF BOOKS. He knows that for every 5lb of Tea he buys he can select a Book from a List of over 1000 Standard Volumes. He knows from experience also that he is getting a Tea that compares more than favourably with any tea he can buy at the same or even a higher price.

MASONIC HOTEL

CHRISTCHURCH,

Visitors to the above Hotel will receive a Good Mile Faltle from the Proprietor,

E. POWER

Late of Dunedin.

PATERSON & BURK

(W. J. BURK)

Venetian and Holland Blind Works.

Old Blinds repainted and repaired with promptness and despatch equal to new. Shop and Office Windows fitted with Latest and Improved Patterns of Holland Blinds and Patent Spring Rollers. A large assortment of specially prepared Tapes and Cords and every other requisite always on hand

MORAY PLACE

(Opposite Normal School),

Telephone : 474.

DUNEDIN.

Francis Meenan,

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT,

Wholesale and Retail

PRODUCE & PROVISION MERCHANT

Great King Street, Dunedin.

(Opposite Hospital)

Buyer of Oats, Butter and Potatoes.

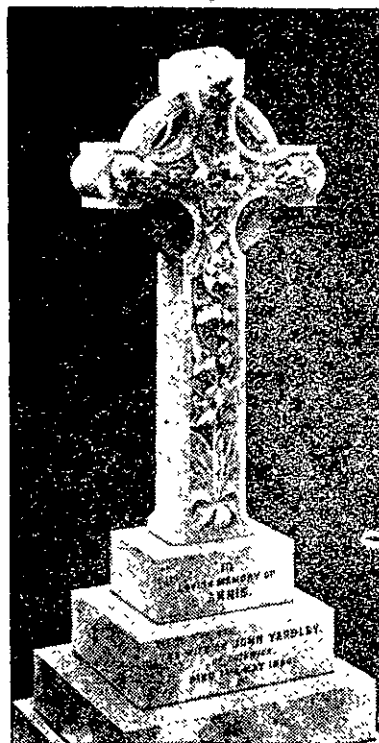
NATURE'S HEALTH RESTORER.—The Celebrated American Herbal Remedy (Chocolate-coated tablets) for diseases arising from impure blood—Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Biliousness, Skin Diseases, etc. Numerous testimonials from Christchurch Citizens.

Prices : 6d., 2/8, 5/- A. H. BLAKE, Sole Agent, 106 Peterboro' St., Christchurch.

J. B. Mansfield & Sons

CHRISTCHURCH and ASHBURTON

MONUMENTAL WORKS.



Principal Yard and Office, Manchester Street, near Railway Station.

The Largest and best Stock in the Colony.

No Travellers and no Commission men

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT is a Marvellous Remedy for Blood-poisoning, Poisoned Hands, Inflamed or Ulcerated Wounds.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Chilblains (broken or unbroken), Chapped Hands, Sprayed Skin, and all Smarting Eruptions.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Eczema, Scaly Blisthes on the Skin, and Skin Affections generally.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Cancerous Sores, Boils, Burns, Scalds, Ringworm, Ours, Bruises, Sprains, and all Glandular Swellings.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Ulcerated Legs caused by Varicocoe Veins, Tender and Sweaty Feet, and Running Sores.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Mumps, Sore Throat, Pains in the Chest and Side.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT cures Itching, Clears the Skin and Scalp, Cures Dandruff & Beautifies the Complexion.

SPRING BLOSSOM OINTMENT, "THE GREAT HEALER," cures all it touches. Sold every where. Price 6d and 1s box.

BLOOMINE, the great Corn, Wart, and Bunion Cure. Price 6d—everywhere

SPRING BLOSSOM PILLS cures Indigestion, Liver, Kidney, and Stomach troubles. 6d & 1/- everywhere or post free from Mrs L. HAWKINS, 106 George st., Dunedin

"All who would achieve success should endeavour to merit it."

WE have during the past year spared no expense in endeavouring to make our Beer second to none in New Zealand, and can now confidently assert we have succeeded in doing so.

We invite all who enjoy A Good Glass of Beer to ask for **STAPLES BEST**

On Draught at almost all Hotels in the City and surrounding districts

And confidently anticipate their verdict will be that **STAPLES AND CO.** have successfully removed the reproach that Good Beer could not be brewed in Wellington.

J STAPLES AND CO., Limited
MOLESWORTH AND MURPHY STREETS
WELLINGTON.

PURIRI NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

FOR RHEUMATISM, INDIGESTION ETC.

At all Clubs, the Leading Hotels, and on board the U.S.S. Co.'s Steamers.

PURIRI NATURAL MINERAL WATER

H. E. BEVERIDGE

36 GEORGE STREET,

NOVELTIES for the COMING SEASON :

Millinery, Laces, Belts, Gloves, Blouses, Skirts, Dress Fabrics, Muslins, Delaines, Underclothing.

DRESSMAKING A SPECIALTY.

How to Cook Well!

The Instructions of one of New Zealand's Leading Teachers :—

"Pastry is most particular in requiring a HOT QUICK OVEN to cause the starch cells of flour to burst and absorb the fat. If the oven is slow—the pastry is tough.

"Bread and Cakes. — First heat the oven thoroughly some time before it is wanted, so that there will be a GOOD STEADY HEAT by the time it is required.

"Meats.—The application of a QUICK STRONG HEAT to the surface coagulates the albumen. This prevents juice escaping.

The "Hot Oven,"

"Good, Steady,"

"Quick, Strong"

Heat

essential to good cooking can always be attained by using

COALBROOKDALE

COAL.

It gives an intense, strong, and efficient heat, always under control.

You can order "Coalbrookdale" Westport Coal from your own coal merchant. See you get "Coalbrookdale"!

The Canary Bird

About 350 years ago a ship, returning from the islands in the Atlantic which people then called the Fortunate isles, but which were undoubtedly the Canaries, went ashore on the coast of Italy near Leghorn. A case of beautiful birds captured in those islands was broken and the birds were liberated. Through some caprice they did not take refuge on the mainland, but went up to the island of Elba, where in due time they nested and bred and increased in numbers. The Italians discovered that they were admirable singers, and began to capture them and sell them in cages. This gave rise to a traffic which soon completely cleared the island of Elba of "canary birds," so that not one was left there in a wild state. From that time the history of the canary has been a record of perpetual imprisonment and transformation of its appearance and character. In their natural state, as they still exist in the Canary and Madeira and other Atlantic islands, the birds are of a grayish green or greenish brown color and they are not remarkable for beauty, but they have been known to burst the membrane of their throats in pouring forth their songs.

The sweet girl strolled along the block.

The cheeky dude remarked 'Ahem!'

Not dreaming of the sudden shock

That would reward his stratagem!

The maid remarked with humor grim:

'Your cough seems bad to-day! I'm sure

You'd best take this' and handed him

A bottle of Woods' Great Peppermint Cure.

CONSTIPATION.

THIS TROUBLE IS MORE SERIOUS THAN GENERALLY SUPPOSED—HOW TO CURE IT SO THAT IT WILL STAY CURED.

What happens when a house drain is stopped up? You cleanse it. You remove from it all obstructions, and make a clear passage from end to end.

What happens when a lamp chimney becomes dirty? If you want light and comfort you wash and cleanse it. And a good cleansing is the only thing to produce the result desired.

Just so with the body.

When the various organs become clogged with undigested food you must cleanse them if you wish to retain perfect health. Headaches, biliousness, rheumatic pains, constipation, sour stomach, piles indigestion, pimples, boils, are all the result of clogged organs.

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE helps the stomach to digest food thoroughly. It removes from the system all the waste that is not required. It keeps each and every organ in fine condition. It coaxes the stomach to do good work, keeps the liver active, and the bowels in regular order.

DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE is sold by good chemists and grocers everywhere. Get a bottle to-day, and commence with a dose of from 20 to 25 drops after meals. Repeat this dose two, three or four times each day until every passage and every organ is thoroughly cleansed and well. Before many doses have been taken its effect will be so helpful and beneficial that you will be gladly recommending your sick and ailing friends to do likewise. Price, 2s 6d per bottle. Be sure you buy the genuine DR. ENSOR'S TAMER JUICE. The Tussicura Manufacturing Co., Dundee, sole proprietors.

TO SHEEP FARMERS, SHEEP BREEDERS and OTHERS

Henry S. Fitter & Sons
OF SMITHFIELD MARKET,
LONDON,

Invite Consignments of Frozen Mutton and Lamb for realisation in all parts of the United Kingdom.

Having been established in the Central Meat Market for over Half a Century, and having been connected with the Frozen Meat Trade since its very commencement, they are in the best position to deal with consignments.

They have no Retail Shops of their own, no interest in any, and do not buy on their own account, so all their energies are directed to obtaining the highest possible price for their Clients' Shipments.

Consignments can be sent to them through any Freezing Company, or through any of the Banks, and by doing this shippers will get all that is to be obtained for the Wool, Meat, Pelts, and Fat.

R. B. Bennett,

Representative,
170 Hereford Street, Christchurch.

To the Readers of "The Tablet."

J. A. O'BRIEN

● Merchant Tailor ●

Rosbotham's DOWLING STREET
Buildings - - DUNEDIN.

Fit, Style, and the Best of Workmanship
Guaranteed.

CLERICAL TRADE A SPECIALTY.
J. A. O'BRIEN

VISITORS TO DUNEDIN

.. will find ..

**COUGHLAN'S NEW
SHAMROCK HOTEL**

MAOLAGGAN STREET, DUNEDIN,
the Best place to stay at
The Tariff is 4s 6d per day. The bedroom
are newly done up and sunny.

The house though central is away from the
noise of the principal thoroughfare.

Address:—SHAMROCK HOTEL DUNEDIN

WHAT BETTER

Could you give as a present, than a nice
Prayer Book?

NOTHING!

Where can you rely upon getting a good
selection and value for your money

—at—

ALEX. SLIGO'S

42 George Street, Dunedin.

If you can't come to select one you can
have one sent by post

...POST PAID PRICES...

1/-, 1/7-, 2/-, 2/3, 3/-, 4/- 5 6, 7/6-, 10

MACALISTER AND CO

(J. J. HISKENS),

CHEMISTS, INVERCARGILL.

A Complete Stock of Everything that is
looked for in a first-class Pharmacy

SPECIALTY:

Dispensing of Physicians' Prescriptions and
Supply of Nurses Requisites.

P.O. Box 120, Telephone 90
INVERCARGILL.

JAMES SAMSON AND CO

Auctioneers, Commission, House and
Land Agents, Valuers,
DOWLING STREET, DUNEDIN

F. W. BOLT,

EMPIRE BUILDINGS, PRINCES ST.
General Household Furnisher and
Direct Importer.

Carpets, Linoleums, Rugs,
Mats, Quilts, Blankets,
Sheetings, Towels
Bedsteads and Bedding,
a specialty.

Special Line Curtains, Job Lot
Traveller's Samples, to clear at
Half Price.

GOVERNMENT
INSURANCE
DEPARTMENT

FACT No. 9.

FOR EVERY £100 collected in
premiums, the Department has
returned to its Policyholders (or
their representatives), or holds
in trust for them, £117.

GEORGE DYER & CO.

14 GREAT KING STREET

(Opp. Taleri and Peninsula Butter Factory)
DUNEDIN

Licensed Plumbers & Drainers.

DOROTHY

Has pleasure in advising her removal
from High Street to More Central
Premises in 49 Princes street (directly
opposite Braithwaite's and next to
Howden and Moncrieff's), where you
can depend upon viewing a complete
up-to-date show of

Millinery, Ladies' Wear and Fancy
Goods.

Your orders and visits appreciated.

Yours faithfully,
M. M. FOORD.

The Catholic World

ENGLAND—A Venerable Priest

There passed away recently at the Brompton Oratory, London, a remarkable man and a notable priest in the person of Father Felix Philpin de Rivieres, at the advanced age of 93 years. He was a prolific writer, a linguist, an artist, and a poet. Among other works he translated into French Father Bowden's 'Life of Father Faber.' His intellect remained clear and alert up to the last moment, and he was engaged in his autobiography the very day of his death. The deceased, who was born at Langres, France, entered the Jesuit College at Fribourg, Switzerland, at the age of twelve years. He was ordained in 1839, and for about ten years was engaged in parochial work. In 1853 he went to England, and was admitted into the Congregation of the Oratory.

A Tribute to the Sisters of Charity

A remarkable tribute was paid by the Rev. Mr. Greer at the annual meeting of the Rest for the Dying, Camden Row, to the Sisters of Charity in charge of the Hospice for the Dying, London. The Sisters, he said, catered for patients irrespective of their religious beliefs, and they acquainted the management of the Rest when Protestant patients were received. The kindness of the Sisters, he said, had often been responsible for some of the Protestant inmates becoming Roman Catholics, but he wished it to be understood, the kindness and care had not been extended by the Sisters with the object of proselytising. This, he thought, was all the greater reason why Protestants should see that they looked after their own fellow-brethren, and support the Rest, which was established for the purpose of providing for destitute Protestants.

GERMANY—Religious Denominations

According to accurate statistics there was in the German Empire on December 1, 1905, a Protestant population of 37,646,852 and a Catholic population of 22,094,492.

ROME—The Cardinal Secretary of State

When the Cardinal Secretary of State (writes the Rome correspondent of the 'Catholic Weekly') was attacked by a band of anti-clerical ruffians last summer during his nominal holiday at Castelgandolfo, the natives, indignant at the outrage, assembled in the courtyard of the residence to give his Eminence an ovation. On his showing himself the poor peasants entreated him not to leave them, disclaiming all share in the bad treatment he had received. The Cardinal has now given substantial proof of his kindly feeling towards the very class to which his assailants belonged. During his visit he appears to have been painfully impressed by the wretched state of the workmen's dwellings, and has of late been directing the planning and erection of a block of new buildings, ordered by the Holy Father, with twenty-four convenient and well-ventilated lodgings, having their own supply of drinking water.

The Revision of the Vulgate

An interesting article in the 'Pall Mall Magazine' from the pen of Salvatore Cortesi describes how Abbot Gasquet is beginning his laborious work of revising the Vulgate. 'Abbot Gasquet,' we read, 'is determined to dedicate the remainder of his life to his revision, and he has already set to work in his cell in the great Benedictine Monastery on the crown of the Aventine. "Twenty years ago," said the learned Abbot to me, "Leo XIII. set me to historical research, which I pursued without interruption; now Pius X. orders me to revise the Vulgate, and I have willingly abandoned all for it—studies, work, friends, country." As to the programme to be followed, it is as yet difficult to speak, Abbot Gasquet thinking that in the first six months which he will pass in Italy, chiefly in Rome, it will already be a great achievement if he can begin to make use of the first material accumulated. To have an idea of how gigantic the work is, it will be sufficient to say that the Abbot believes that the early MSS. to be entirely collated, arranged, divided, etc., amount to perhaps twenty thousand. They may be more, as there are countries like Spain in which libraries and archives attached to the different cathedrals have MSS. which are quite unknown to scholars; it is, therefore, necessary to send Benedictines to each of these countries to carry the MSS. to Rome if possible; and, if not, to photograph them, or when this is not allowed, to copy them. Every effort will be directed to the reconstruc-

tion, as far as possible, of the text of St. Jerome, which will be the foundation of the revision, but the next step will be to discover how far St. Jerome himself was correct. The Psalms, probably, will be the first portion to be undertaken. St. Jerome made three versions—the last direct from the Hebrew. The third translation from the Hebrew came when the Gallicana (a version from the Greek) had become so popular that the new one, although better, was not adopted. The differences are enormous, as can be seen by comparing the Psalms in the present Vulgate with the version in the English Book of Common Prayer, which last practically represents the Hebrew one. Pius X. manifested to the writer of this article his firm desire that the work should be conducted on such scientific lines as to convince all that what is aimed at is the truth, and nothing but the truth, so that all shall be satisfied with the result.'

UNITED STATES—The Catholic University

Cardinal Gibbons was the guest of honor at a reception given on Washington's birthday by the Knights of Columbus. The society proposes to raise a fund of £100,000 for the Catholic University of America, and in a brief address the Cardinal commended the movement.

Visit of an Irish Prelate

It is not often (says an American exchange) that Catholics in this country have a chance to see and hear a Bishop from the Emerald Isle. As a consequence the Catholic population of the diocese of Rochester, N.Y. is full of expectancy for next summer. Right Rev. Dr. Clancy, Bishop of Elphin, is coming at the request of the venerable Bishop McQuaid to dedicate the new buildings of St. Bernard's Seminary.

Diocesan Anniversaries

April 8 was the 10th anniversary of the erection of the sees of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Louisville, and also of the establishment of the diocese of Baltimore as a metropolitan see.

GENERAL

A Jubilee Gift

The Catholics of Buenos Ayres have communicated to the Holy See the practical manner in which they have decided to take part in the Jubilee of Pius X. Through their Archbishop they have intimated their intention of collecting a large sum of money sufficient to purchase a residence in keeping with the dignity of the Apostolic Nuncio who is to live in their capital. The project was made known to the Holy Father by a cablegram, and his Holiness has replied by thanking and blessing all those who have taken part in the movement.

Dogs as Beasts of Burden

In many parts of the Continent dogs are freely used as beasts of burden, and in Brussels a number of specially trained dogs are enrolled in the police force, and accompany the night men on their rounds. Some of the Continental armies are also busy experimenting as to the use of dogs in time of war. Writing in the 'Windsor Magazine,' Mr. Irving Montagu gives a chatty account of what is being done in this direction. In Silesia the German military authorities have conducted a series of most interesting experiments for testing the value of watch dogs, their capability for carrying back a message from a reconnoitring party to the rear, conveying ammunition to a given point, and barking—even in some cases 'pointing'—on the discovery of wounded men who would probably have been unseen owing to rocky or wooded surroundings, or otherwise playing some new or useful part in connection with future campaigns. The dogs experimented with are German pointers, sheep dogs, collies, spaniels, boarhounds, St. Bernards, and Russian Borzo hounds. For ambulance work and for carrying ammunition and stores light carts are used. A certain Signor de Rossi, who is much interested in the subject, has invented, amongst other things, a canvas satchel, which is carried on the animal's loins, and is intended to be used in conveying ammunition to the front. In the Alpine branch of the Italian army, the lonely sentinel's companion through the night is his dog, and many instances might be quoted in which this four-footed patrol has been of great service.

Woods' Great Peppermint Cure for Coughs and Colds never fails. 1s 6d and 1s 6d.

Grain! Grain! Grain! Chaff! Potatoes! etc.

SEASON 1908.

OTAGO CORN AND WOOL EXCHANGE, VOGEL ST., DUNEDIN.
To the Farmers of Otago and Southland.

ANOTHER Grain Season being at hand, we take the opportunity of thanking our many Clients for their patronage in the past, and to again tender our services for the disposal of their Grain here, or for shipment of same to other markets, making liberal cash advances thereon, if required.

Special Facilities for Storage, &c.—We would remind Producers that we provide special facilities for the satisfactory storage and disposal of all kinds of farm produce. Our Stores are dry, airy, thoroughly ventilated, and in every respect admirably adapted for the safe storage of Grain, being conveniently situated, and connected to railway by private siding. Produce consigned to us is delivered direct into Store, and is saved the loss and waste incurred in unloading and again carting into warehouse.

Weekly Auction Sales.—We continue to hold the regular Weekly Auction Sales of Produce as inaugurated by us many years ago, and which have proved so beneficial to vendors; and owing to our commanding position in the centre of the trade, and our large and extending connection, we are in constant touch with all the principal grain merchants, millers, and produce dealers, and are thus enabled to dispose of consignments to the very best advantage, and with the least possible delay.

Account Sales are rendered within Six Days of Sale.

Corn Sacks, Chaff Bags, &c.—Having made advantageous arrangements to meet the requirements of our numerous Clients, we can supply best Calcutta Corn Sacks, all sizes, and at the lowest prices. Also Chaff Bags, Seaming Twine, and all farmers' requisites at the shortest notice, and on the best terms.

ADVANTAGES.—We offer Producers the advantage of large Storage and unequalled Show Room Accommodation. No delays in offering. Expert Valuers and Staff. The best Service. The Lowest Scale of Charges. The Highest Prices, and Prompt Returns

Sample Bags, Advice Notes, and Labels sent on Application.

DONALD REID & CO. LTD.

BY WARRANT



OF APPOINTMENT

W. SEY..

Painter and
. . . . Decorator

Wholesale and Retail Paperhangings, Oil,
Colour and Glass Warehouse

107—COLOMBO STREET, CHRISTCHURCH—107

NEW SEASON'S WALL PAPERS, beautiful designs, rich colourings, at reasonable prices, carefully selected from the best British manufacturers. Also a large selection of other artistic decorative materials—Linocuta, Anaglypta, Lignomur, Cordelova, Fabrilona, Cellings, Friezes and Dadoes, for interior decoration. Samples sent free on application to any part of the colony.

"Bon Accord" Sanitary Paint, "Bon Accord" Metallic Paint, Oils, Varnishes, Brushwares, Plate Glass, Mirror Plate Glass, &c., &c.,

OPENING IN DUNEDIN,

On MONDAY, 13th January, 1908, with a
Qualified Staff of Instructors, a Branch of
the well-known.

Stott and Hoare's Business College.

This College has been established in Melbourne (Vic.) and Sydney (N.S.W.) for over 20 years, and in Brisbane (Q.), Adelaide (S.A.), and Perth (W.A.) for over 10 years. It has over 1,800 Students in daily attendance.

OVER 1,000 POSITIONS AT HIGH PAY

Are found in Australia every year for its
Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping
Students.

The Hon. Alfred Deakin, Prime Minister of Australia.
The Hon. J. H. Carruthers, Premier of N.S.W.
Frank Tate, Esq., Director of Education, Victoria.
F. Bridges, Esq., Chief Inspector of Schools, N.S.W.
The Chambers of Commerce of the Commonwealth.
The Hon. A. O. Saches, Minister of Education, Victoria.

And many others have all recommended this
College to the public.

Apply for Prospectus to the Office, Brown, Ewing's Buildings, corner Manse and Princes streets.

STOTT AND HOARE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Brown, Ewing's Buildings, corner Manse and Princes streets,

A HIGH AUTHORITY ON

WAI-RONGOA MINERAL WATER.

Bottled only at Springs, Wai-Rongoa.

The New Zealand Medical Journal says:—

In regard to the Water itself, as a table beverage it can be confidently recommended. Beautifully cool, clear and effervescent, the taste clean, with just sufficient chalybeate astringency to remind one that there are healing virtues as well as simple refreshment in the liquid, this Mineral Water ought soon to become popular amongst all who can afford the very slight cost entailed."

We supply the Dunedin and Wellington Hospitals, the Union Company's entire fleet and Bellamy's with our Pure Mineral Water. Specially-made Soda Water for Invalids. For Permit to visit Springs apply Dunedin Office.

THOMSON AND CO.,

Office: Dunedin.

NORTH ISLAND.

HOTELS FOR SALE

HOTEL, Hawke's Bay—Lease 7 years; trade about £130 weekly. Elegantly furnished. Leading house.

HOTEL, Suburbs, Wellington—Trade about £40 weekly.

HOTEL, Wellington, Country District—14 years' lease.

HOTEL, Wellington, City—Trade about £72 weekly.

HOTEL, Taranaki—Freehold and Furniture £2250.

HOTEL, West Coast—Freehold £1900; furniture valuation.

HOTEL, Wellington—Drawing 40 hhds beer monthly. Price £3500.

COUNTRY HOTEL—Freehold. Lease expires March 1st. Price £5500.

HOTEL, Palmerston North—Long lease. Trade £600 monthly.

HOTEL, near Otaki—Price £2500. Big flax mills in neighborhood.

HOTEL, Forty-Mile Bush—Improving district.

HOTEL, Wellington—Leading thoroughfare. Price £2300.

For all further particulars apply to

DWAN BROS., HOTEL BROKERS
WILLIS ST., WELLINGTON.

EUROPEAN HOTEL

GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Good Accommodation for travelling Public
Best brands of Wines and Spirits kept.

J. MORRISON - Proprietor.
(Late Banbury, Central Otago).

HUGH GOURLEY

desires to inform the public he still continues the Undertaking Business as formerly at the Establishment, corner Clark and MacLaggan streets, Dunedin.

Funerals attended in Town or Country with promptness and economy.

WITH Robinsons Patent
"Groats" a Most Nutritious and Easily Assimilated Gruel can be made in Ten-Minutes.

Using it, you will Have a Supper which will nourish you, and yet will allow the digestive organs to get the rest required during the night.

Especially good for elderly people.

Deaf and Dumb Institute, Waratah

The number of pupils at present under instruction at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, Waratah, New South Wales, is higher than it has ever been before. There are (on roll in the Institute for the years 1907-1908) 53 deaf mutes, 18 boys and 35 girls. This institute is the only Catholic school for deaf mutes in Australasia, and its pupils come from many different parts. There are now 25 from the archdiocese of Sydney, and 12 from other dioceses of New South Wales, four from Goulburn, three from Maitland, three from Armidale, one from Lismore, and one from Wilcannia. Victoria sends eight children, four from the archdiocese of Melbourne, three from Ballarat, and one from Sandhurst. From Queensland there are six children, four being from the archdiocese of Brisbane and two from Rockhampton. New Zealand sends two children, one from Wellington and one from Auckland.

The Dominican Nuns, who have founded and maintained this very necessary work of Catholic education, have always received the warmest encouragement and support from the venerated hierarchy of Australasia; and their appeals for the necessary assistance, without which the work would be impossible, have always met with a generous response from the Bishops and many of the clergy and laity.

The following summary gives the sums received from the various dioceses during the year 1907:—Maitland, £220; Sydney, £198; Goulburn, £36; Brisbane, £23; Cooktown, £16; Melbourne, £15; Armidale, £12; Wellington, £11; Sandhurst, £10; Ballarat, £8; Lismore, £8; Bathurst, £7; Wilcannia, £6; Christchurch (N.Z.), £6; Rockhampton, £4; Auckland (N.Z.), £3; Sale, £2; Port Augusta, £2; Adelaide, £1; Perth, £1; Hobart (Tas.), £1.

The circumstances of the children who come to be educated at Waratah as a rule prevent their parents or guardians from furnishing the small pension of £25 yearly, which is necessary for their support, and as the charity receives no subsidy from the Government, the burden of building and maintaining the Institute has made no small demands on the charity of its patrons.

The following is a summary account of the total amounts received by the Dominican Nuns from each diocese. The Dominican Community has had the entire burden of providing the teachers and supporting them. Besides this the diocese of Maitland has contributed to the Institute since its establishment £7200; Sydney has contributed £1450; Goulburn, £246; Melbourne, £222; Armidale, £159; Bathurst, £119; Brisbane, £116; Ballarat, £82; Hobart, £80; Wilcannia, £79; Wellington (N.Z.), £70; Rockhampton, £49; Dumedin (N.Z.), £37; Adelaide, £26; Vicariate of New Caledonia, £26; Lismore, £23; Sale, £22; Auckland (N.Z.), £16; Vicariate of Cooktown, £14; Port Augusta, £10; Sandhurst, £7.

The good work has been the source of untold blessings to upwards of 140 afflicted children, who but for it would have been obliged to live either in the darkness of their seclusion, or worse still, to lose their faith in the secular institutions maintained in Sydney and Melbourne, and generously assisted from the public purse. The nuns are very anxious to see the time when a separate institution for boys will be established by some Order of Brothers. As things are, they keep such boys as are sent to them during their earlier years, but they cannot keep the boys long enough to complete their training and fit them for the battle of life.

Jinks, M.H.R., grew desperate,

Drugs by the quart was quaffin',
And yet his cough would indicate
He'd soon require a coffin!

He took Woods' Peppermint Cure! And since

He's been of all debaters

The ne plus ultra, and the prince

Of loud-lunged legislators!

HOW TO PAINT A HOUSE CHEAP.

Carrara Paint In White and Colours. Mixed Ready for Inside and Outside Use. **CARRARA** retains its Gloss and Lustre for at least five years, and will look better in eight years than lead and oil paints do in two. **USE CARRARA**, the first coat of which is no greater than lead and oil paints, and your paint bills will be reduced by over 50 per cent. A beautifully-illustrated booklet, entitled 'How to Paint a House Cheap,' will be forwarded free on application.

K. RAMSAY & CO., 19 Vogel Street, Dunedin.

Domestic

Food and Health.

Do not eat, if you can avoid it, raw vegetables or fruit which have been washed with unboiled or unfiltered, contaminated water. Boil, if you cannot properly filter, all suspected water before drinking. Do not place dependence on the household filter. The ordinary faucet filter is worthless. A filter of stone or charcoal is dangerous unless cleaned daily. Buy no filter until it has been endorsed by some well-known chemist or bacteriologist; then keep it clean. Beware of well water, unless you know the well. Hideous death is often concealed in the 'old oaken bucket' and the chain pump of the day.

Cook the Milk.

'Cook the milk!' is the new slogan of the health department of Chicago, superseding the oft-repeated, but always profitable injunction, 'Boil the water!' In every case of death from typhoid fever during the last year, examination of the milk supply used by the victim had been made. On an average, the milk had been found to contain 10,000,000 bacteria in each cubic centimetre. The permissible limit in milk intended especially for the feeding of infants and young children is 100,000 bacteria in the cubic centimetre, or one hundred times less than the number actually found. Whatever reasons exist for cooking the milk re typhoid fever apply with double force as to diphtheria—and that diphtheria may be conveyed in a milk supply has long been conceded.

Drinking Helps Nature.

The human system requires a large quantity of fluids, and if you dislike to drink water, make it a habit to eat plenty of ripe, juicy fruits. Exercise out of doors will make you thirsty, and then you will crave good cold water, for there is nothing which quite takes its place. Children and animals live more normal lives than do men and women, and they drink a great deal of water. Many a girl suffering from an ugly, blotched, unhealthy complexion could cure the trouble completely by eating fruit, drinking water, and taking a quick beauty bath every morning. The idea is to stimulate the body in its natural work of sending away poisonous substances. Bathe the face every night with warm water, using a complexion brush and pure soap, rinsing, drying, and applying a good cream.

Tea Drinking.

Dr. Scott Tebb, Public Analyst to the Borough of Southwark, England, says people drink far too much tea. He calculates that each person, on an average, takes a daily dose of 3.6 grains of alkaloid and 9.7 grains of tannin. This means that the average tea-drinker takes half as much alkaloid and nearly as much tannin as the maximum allowed by the British pharmacopoeia for an occasional dose. And of course many thousands of people drink a great deal more than the average dose. Over-infused tea is the chief danger. The effect of drinking tea 'stewed' is to produce dyspepsia, which tends to a state of mental depression, and Dr. Tebb warns specially against what he terms 'over-infusion'—that is steeping the tea until the water becomes infused with the injurious qualities of the leaves. The Japanese and Chinese, who, it may be said, are innately intimate with the beverage, pour boiling water over the leaves and almost immediately fill the cups with a sparkling decoction. Scientists pronounce this drink 'slightly exhilarating and harmless.' The resultant genuine refreshment of this drink may be a good deal due to the reviving effects of the hot water. It is medically admitted that the drinking of simple hot water is physically recuperative. That the hot water, in itself, has much to do with the refreshment quality of the beverage, may be deduced from the fact that when the infusion is done with water that has been reboiled, the beverage is flat, quite lacking in 'buoyant taste.' All of which goes to demonstrate that tea must be correctly brewed in order to be harmlessly exhilarating.

Maureen

'The publication of an advertisement in a Catholic paper shows that the advertiser not only desires the patronage of Catholics, but pays them the compliment of seeking it through the medium of their own religious journal.' So says an esteemed and wide-awake American contemporary. A word to the wise is sufficient....

R. HUDSON & Co., Ltd.

—Manufacturers of—

**BISCUITS, CONFECTIONERY,
COCOA AND CHOCOLATE...**

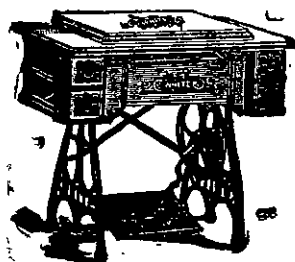
TRY OUR...

Chocolate Biscuits, . . .

Rivoli Biscuits

Cream Wafer Biscuits

FOR AFTERNOON TEA



Famous WHITE Machines

Guaranteed 5 years.

Prices from - - £7

Cash or Time Payments,

Pram Tyres. Wringer Rubbers.

Machines of all kinds repaired.

W. MELVILLE

40 GEORGE STREET DUNEDIN

BUY BY MAIL.

The Modern Money—SAVING MONEY.

WRITE us about anything you want—
Drapery, Millinery, or Clothing.

We have expert buyers in the World's markets
buying specially for us, thus enabling us to
buy to the very best advantage.

That's how we can Sell CHEAP.

You are quite safe buying by mail. We take
all the risk, you none. If anything is not
satisfactory, send it back, and we refund your
money. That's our way.

.. WRITE TO US TO-DAY. ..

BEATH & CO. LTD.,

176 Cashel St., Christchurch

SEND YOUR NEXT PRINTING ORDER

TO

**THE N.Z. TABLET PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO
OCTAGON, DUNEDIN.**

—SOME OF—

Strange's Standard Makes in Household Flannelettes.

"Rochette"

Flannelette

(In self cream only)

Beautifully Soft and Very
Durable

36in. wide.

Price **8½d** Yard

"Rochette"

Flannelette

(In white only)

A Fine Pure Make, and
Exceptional Value

36in. wide.

Price **9½d** Yard

The "Dacea"

Family Flannelette

In white, cream, and pink

36in. wide.

Price **9½d** Yard

The "Dacea"

Striped Flannelette

Fine Twill, Very Service-
able.

36in. wide.

Price **10½d** Yard

PATTERNS POST FREE ON APPLICATION

W. STRANGE & CO., LIMITED, CHRISTCHURCH.

J. J. CRONIN

SUSSEX CHAMBERS, WELLINGTON

THE VERY LATEST IN FLOWERS are the **CELLULOID**
VARIETY, of which we hold Large Stocks for any purpose
you desire. The Ideal Flowers for the Milliner.

The Acme of Perfection for Table and Home Decorations.

When used for Millinery purposes, the rain adds a charm to them
and they are not in the least affected by the sun.

Sprays, Branches, Bunches and Wreaths, in endless and beautiful
designs.

**WE INVITE COMMUNICATIONS FROM THOSE
INTERESTED.**

**J. J. CRONIN, Indentors and Importers,
Sole Agents, Wellington.**

THE COLOSSEUM

General Drapers & Importers

MEN'S MERCERY & CLOTHING

First-class Dressmakers and Milliners

M. & M. Quirk, Proprietors

SOUTH DUNEDIN

BRANCH—MAIN ROAD, CAVERSHAM.

Science Siftings

Thermometer and Wind.

Many persons, if asked about it, would say that the thermometer is affected by the wind, but it is not. If you stand out where the wind can blow freely over you, you feel the cold much more than you do when sheltered—say, by the corner of a building—but it is different with a thermometer. Try it by hanging up two thermometers, one in the wind and the other in a sheltered place near by, and you will find that they mark the same temperature, everything else being equal. Wind is merely air in motion, and the motion does not make it colder. You feel the cold more sensibly when exposed to it because the current of air takes heat away from your body.

Caterpillars.

The caterpillar spends his time trying to keep out of everybody's way. Some species hide on the under surface of leaves, others on the stems or blades of grass, which serve them as food; others again build little nests for concealment or else they lie snugly hidden between the curled edges of leaves, which they draw close together until the opposite edges meet. The caterpillar is a sociable creature in his own family. He knows that there is safety in numbers, and you will find whole companies feeding side by side while keeping a sharp look-out for their bird enemies, but when a caterpillar is by himself he scarcely dares to move for fear of attracting attention. Even when he is obliged to change his skin he doesn't venture to leave his old coat lying around. The moment that he takes it off he eats it. The caterpillars that live in companies shed their skins boldly. Only the poor solitary fellows feel forced to swallow their old clothes.

Why the Sky Looks Blue.

It is the atmosphere that makes the sky look blue and the moon yellow. If we could ascend to an elevation of fifty miles above the earth's surface, we should see that the moon is a brilliant white, while the sky would be black, with the stars shining as brightly in the daytime as at night. Furthermore, as a most picturesque feature of the spectacle, we should notice that some of the stars are red, others blue, yet others violet, and still others green in color. Of course, all of the stars (if we bar the planets of our own system) are burning suns, and the hues they wear depend upon their temperature. The hottest stars are blue. Thus Vega, in the constellation Lyra, is a blue sun hundreds of times as large as our solar orb. We are journeying in its direction at the rate of millions of miles a day, and at some future time it may gobble us all up. For, after all, humiliating though the confession be, our sun (says 'The Reader') is only a very small star—of the sixth magnitude or thereabouts—and of an importance in the universe so slight as to be scarcely within the pale of respectability.

The Duck-billed Platypus.

The remarkable animal known as the duck-billed platypus (says the 'Weekly Telegraph') is found in Tasmania and in the south and east of Australia. When specimens were first introduced into England it was fully believed that they were manufactured by some impostor, who, with much ingenuity, had fixed the beak of a duck into the head of some unknown animal. Besides this peculiarity of the duck-like beak, the platypus is also remarkable as being one of the few mammals which brings its young into the world in the shape of eggs. Its feet are webbed, and it spends a great part of its life in the water, extracting worms, insects, etc., from the banks and beds of the rivers that it frequents. It lives in burrows made in the river bank, one entrance being under water whilst the other is some distance inland, among grass or rough brushwood. The burrows are of great length, some measuring fifty feet in length. At the end of the burrow it places its nest, composed of weeds, grass, and root fibres. Here it lays its eggs, generally two in number, and rears its young.

It is said that Mrs. Thomas F. Ryan, wife of the New York millionaire, has so much charity work on hand that she has a private office and staff of clerks and stenographers. Here she spends every morning attending to the business which she has made her own. No charitable institutions are better managed than those which she has endowed, for she requires of them regular reports, and she watches them closely. She has given away about four million dollars in building hospitals, convents, schools, and churches, and before each gift has been made Mrs. Ryan has convinced herself of its necessity.

Intercolonial

The Bishop of Ballarat, his Lordship Dr. Higgins, goes to Rome shortly, and in his Cathedral city preparations are being made to give him a royal send-off.

The 'Eva' fund (writes the Melbourne correspondent of the 'Freeman's Journal') has topped £200, and it is probable that some £50 or so will be realised before the close of the movement here. Dr. O'Donnell is interesting himself in this praiseworthy object.

The funeral of the late Dean Murphy took place on April 11, at the Shepparton cemetery. The procession, which was the largest ever seen in the district, was headed by the children of the schools and the members of the local branch H.A.C.B. Society.

His Grace the Archbishop of Melbourne was to lay the memorial stone of the Ecclesiastical Seminary, Elsternwick, on Low Sunday. Including the land the total cost is about £16,000, which is the gift of Miss O'Neill. That was to be the last public act of his Grace before leaving for Europe.

The new church and convent at Eugowra was opened and blessed by his Lordship Dr. Dunne, Bishop of Bathurst, assisted by the Rev. T. J. Doran. The building cost £1100, the whole of which, with the exception of £300, has already been collected in donations from Forbes and Goolagong.

The memory of the late Very Rev. W. M. Walsh, Townsville, is to be perpetuated by the erection of a memorial high altar in the Sacred Heart Church, Townsville, at a cost of from £300 to £500. The sum of £120 towards the cost was promised at the first meeting of the parishioners.

The Ven. Archdeacon Pavy, late of Benalla, who died in January last, left by will dated February 19, 1903, estate of the value of £330 realty and £3988 personality upon trust for such religious, educational, and charitable purposes in the township of Benalla in connection with the Catholic Church as his trustees should deem fit.

The St. Patrick's Day celebration in Melbourne was not only a social but also a financial success, the net profit realising between £200 and £300. Of this sum £167 will be devoted to the Foundling Hospital, Broadmeadows, and the balance to a sinking fund. His Grace the Archbishop has generously given a substantial bonus to the secretary, Mr. J. W. Bray.

His Eminence Cardinal Moran presided at the final meeting of the St. Patrick's Day celebration committee, Sydney. The financial statement showed that the total receipts from the sports' meeting and the national concert were £967, which, after deducting expenses, including a number of prizes allotted in the musical and other competitions, left a donation of £65 to each of the following institutions:—Westmead Boys' Home, St. Ann's Orphanage (Liverpool), Waitara Foundling Hospital, Manly Industrial Orphanage, Baulkham Hills Orphanage, Kincumber Orphanage, Ryde Orphanage, and St. Joseph's Orphanage, Lane Cove-road.

His Lordship Dr. O'Connor (Bishop of Armidale), assisted by the Rev. Fathers Lloyd and Burchell, opened and blessed the other day the additions recently made to the Convent of Mercy, Moree. The attendance was large, and included many non-Catholic friends. At the conclusion of the ceremonies his Lordship said that the Sisters of Mercy had in the past eight years spent over £5000 in the purchase of land, the erection of convent buildings, and the planting and beautifying of the grounds. In Moree the people had experienced the beneficent influence of the Sisters' good example, but notwithstanding the great benefits they had bestowed on the community, they had never before made a direct appeal to the people's generosity, though he was sure that it would not be made in vain.

By his last will, the late Colonel Freehill appointed his widow, Eileen Marie Freehill, and his brother-in-law, Edward John Bede Hollingdale, executors and trustees of his estate. He bequeathed his library (with the exception of certain French, Italian, and Spanish books, which he devised to his nephews), to the Sydney University; £100 each to the Lewisham Hospital, Boys' Home at Westmead, St. Martha's Home at Leichhardt, and the Industrial School at Manly; £100 to the Rector and Fellows of St. John's College, within the University of Sydney, to found a bursary, to be awarded as they think fit; and £400 to Cardinal Moran or his successor to found a bursary for Catholic ecclesiastical students in the archdiocese of Sydney. The estate was valued for probate at close on £50,000.

DEAR ME!

Forgotten that SYMINGTON'S COFFEE ESSENCE! Whatever shall I do! Call at the nearest Store and ask. THEY ALL KEEP IT

A1 HOTEL, Corner Cashel and Colombo Streets, CHRISTCHURCH.

P. DEVANE (late of Ashburton),

Having taken possession of the above centrally-situated Hotel he has to inform his numerous friends and the public generally that the wish can rely upon

ALL THE COMFORTS OF A HOME

And the

CONVENIENCES OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

The premises are electrically lighted, and furnished with view to the comfort of patrons.

LUNCHEON A SPECIALITY,

12 to 2 o'clock, 1s.

Best Brands Only.

Night Porter.

Telephone 424.

Fletcher, Humphreys & Co

Wine, Spirit and Tea Merchants.

Sole Agents for all leading brands Wine, Whisky, Brandy, Champagne, etc.

Offices and Bonded Warehouse:

CATHEDRAL SQUARE CHRISTCHURCH.

JAMES SHAND & CO.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

.. AND ..

GENERAL IMPORTERS.

AVON BOND ... OXFORD TERRACE
OFFICES ... 209 HEREFORD STREET, CHRISTCHURCH

A. J. S. HEADLAND

THAMES STREET, OAMARU

Importer of all kinds of Ironmongery, Glass and Chinaware

Groceries, Bamboo Curtain Rods,

Japanese Baskets, and all kinds of goods for

House and Farm use.

"Champion" and Webster Agree

OUR friend WEBSTER, in his revised edition, gives the following definitions, which agree with ours, hence our defiant attitude on behalf of the WORKERS during the last SIX YEARS:

TRUST—"An organisation formed mainly for the purpose of regulating the supply and price of commodities, etc., as a sugar, steel, or flour trust."

COMBINE—"To form a union, to agree, to coalesce, to confederate."

ASSOCIATION—"Union of persons in a company or society for SOME PARTICULAR PURPOSE; as the American Association for the advancement of science; A BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION."

N.B.—WE ARE IN NO WAY CONNECTED with any of the above concerns; free in every respect, and we intend to remain so, with the WORKERS' assistance.

WORKERS, we are benevolent to a degree. This you know, and we must bashfully admit it, also exponents of the science known as the NOBLE ART when danger is hovering round you, fully verified in our recent tussle with those "RIGHT AT THE TOP," and the long combat with the FLOUR TRUST, which naively poses as an association.

But with your valuable assistance, we are still "Champion."

The only matters that baffle your CHAMPION are advancing wheat markets, caused by droughts and shortages throughout the world, and we crave your indulgence until the laws of Nature have adjusted them.

So kindly rally round your "CHAMPION" "STANDARD" once more, and the victory is yours.

NORTHERN ROLLER MILLING CO., LIMITED.

P. VIRTUE, Manager.

The Largest Equerry



in New Zealand.

RINK STABLES

GLOUCESTER AND ARMAGH STREETS, CHRISTCHURCH.

W. HAYWARD & Co. ... Proprietors.

We can supply every reasonable enquiry

CYCLERY.—The latest convenience of the age. Bicycles Stored in Patent Stall, 3d per day.

J. N. MERRY & CO.,

117 Crawford Street, DUNEDIN.

CASH BUYERS OF WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, RABBIT-SKINS, HIDES, TALLOW, HORSEHAIR, Etc.

Consignments Promptly Attended to.

Account Sales for same, with Cheque, returned day following Receipt of Goods.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

NEW ZEALAND CATHOLIC DEPOT WHITAKER BROS.,

Branch: Greymouth

LAMBTON QUAY, WELLINGTON.

The International Catholic Library (others to follow) History of the Books of the New Testament, by Abbe Jacquin, vol. 1, 7/6; The Blind Sisters of St. Paul, 7/6; Sursum Corda, 7/6.

The Great Schism of the West, by L. Salembier, 7/6; The Priest's Studies, by Father Scannell, D.D., 4/- net; Prayer Book for Religious, by Father Lasener, 6/6 net; Manual Holy Eucharist, by Father Lasener, 3/-; Mass Devotions, by Father Lasener, 3/-; The Sacred Heart Book, by Father Lasener, 3/-; Catholic Girl's Guide, by Father Lasener, 4/-; Pious Preparation for First Communion, by Father Lasener, 3/-; Visits to Jesus in the Tabernacle, by Father Lasener, 5/-; Short Visits, by Father Lasener, 1/-; The Church and the World, by Ven. Archbishop Le Menant des Cheneais, 3/6; Theory and Practice of the Confessional, by Schieler-Hensen, 14/- net; Meditations for Secular Priests, by Father Chaignon, S.J., 2 vols, 19/- net; Spiritual Letters, by Pere Didon, 7/6; Short Sermons by Father Hickey, 4/- net; Biblia Sacra, (Vulgate edition), 7/6; Consecranda, Rites, Ceremonies at Consecration of Churches, Altars, Oblates, by Father Schulte, 6/-; The Queen of May, by Father Huault, S.M., 3/- net; The Mother of Jesus, by Father Huault, S.M., 3/6 net; Catholic Teaching for Children, by Winifred Wray, 2/-.

Just Landed a Splendid Assortment of Pictures (Heliograms), size 30 x 22, 17/- each—Pieta, Crucifixion, Mater Dolorosa, Immaculate Conception, Assumption, St. Joseph, Holy Family, Immaculate Heart, Sacred Heart, St. Aloysius, St. Anthony, St. Francis of Assisi, Pope Pius X, Mother of Divine Grace, Master, Is it I?

Just Landed, direct from factory, a splendid assortment of all kinds of Religious Objects; Missions supplied on Special Terms.

Prayer Books, from 2d. upwards, the best values ever offered.

— GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER —

Tucker's Wax Candles, Floats, Tapers, Incense, Charcoal and Sanctuary Lamp Oil.

W. G. ROSSITER.

PAWNBROKER, WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER & OPTICIAN

A choice Stock of Gold and Silver Watches and Jewellery, Silver and Plated Goods, Field and Opera Glasses, Musical, Striking Alarm Clocks, and Fancy Clocks.—Bargains.

Also Musical Boxes, Instruments, Billiard Pockets, Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Cameras, Sewing Machines, and Gun Fittings for Sale.—Great Bargains.

Buyer of Old Gold and Silver, Diamonds, and Precious Stones

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery carefully Repaired by W. G. R.

Special Attention Given to Country Orders.

Note Address

5 GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN

The Family Circle

A WONDERFUL SPELLER

'You can't spell nothing,' said Willie Brown, As he held the old speller upside down.
'You can't spell dog and you can't spell cat,
And you can't spell this and you can't spell that.'

A look of serenity settled down
On the little fat face of Baby Brown;
'I can spell dog and I can spell cat,
And harder words than this and that.'

'Spell turkey, then, and let me see,'
'Turkey,' said Baby Brown, 'a, b, c.'
'Now, Miss Missy, spell chickadee.'
'Chickadee,' said Baby Brown, 'a, b, c.'

'I dare you to spell old donkey for me,'
'Donkey,' said Baby Brown, 'a, b, c.'
'And now spell coffee and then spell tea,
Blithely said Baby Brown, 'a, b, c.'

So all the morning Willie Brown
Held the speller upside down,
And Baby Brown so little and fat
Spelled harder words than this and that.

HELEN'S CHANGE OF MOOD

'Now, grandma, don't preach. I came to spend vacation quietly with you, and try to forget that horrid bank has swallowed up my last year at the School of Design, and that I must stay at home and wash dishes the same as ever.'

'Forgive me, Helen, for bringing up the matter, but I must have my say, and then we will close the subject for all time. I can't bear to see you settle down in despair, and give up your bright prospects so easily. Because the Sagertown bank has failed is no reason why you must give up fitting yourself for your life-work. It is just as necessary that you should be able to help your mother and Tom as ever it was. If you have lost the money for your art school, you must get some more. It isn't so bad to lose money as it is to lose the means of getting it.'

'But I haven't any means of getting it,' answered Helen, who was in no mood to be told her duty.

'You are young and strong, and have two good hands, and your time is your own.'

'But what can I do here?'

'Who made the dress you have on?'

'I did. Why?'

'Couldn't you make one for some one else? Elsie Walworth—'

'Yes, I know Elsie is working in the canning factory, and Maud Hastings is with the seed company. Don't think for a minute I am too proud to work for a living; it's what I expected to do—after next year. But it would take me two years at anything I can do in Sagertown to earn a year at the School of Design. And Mamma just can't give it to me. I wish I had gone to Europe last year with the Stones. I would have had something out of that money. As it is, I haven't a cent for next term, and it is only five months away.'

'My dear, don't be discouraged. You can do whatever you determine to do. I am sorry to see you give up so easily. My William—your father—wouldn't have done it.'

Helen's big brown eyes softened and grew moist at the mention of the father whom she had idolized.

'How old are you, Helen?'

'Nineteen.'

'He was only seventeen when his father died, and he had to leave school and provide for his sisters and me.'

Helen did not answer. She was looking out of the window—at nothing, and thinking, selfishly, that if her father had lived she would not have to worry about money matters. She was called from her gloomy thoughts a few minutes later by grandma.

'Helen, will you go down to Mrs. Crawford's, and get a roll of butter?'

Grandma was wise, and did not add that she thought the morning walk would do the girl good. Nor did she hint that if Helen did not go, Mrs. Crawford would send the butter next morning as usual.

Following grandma's directions, Helen soon found

herself at Mrs. Crawford's. A little boy of six opened the door to her, and led the way into a neat little sitting-room, where a woman sat by the window sewing. As she came to meet her caller, with bright eyes and smiling face, Helen saw that her right sleeve was empty.

'Oh, yes,' said Mrs. Crawford, acknowledging Helen's introduction, 'I have often heard Mrs. Stacy speak of the grandchildren. Take a seat by the fire. I was just sewing a button on Charlie's coat.'

Helen nearly forgot her errand in wonder and amazement at watching the little woman's bright face and easy movements. She was saying to herself that she would never smile again if she had lost an arm; but she took the proffered chair, saying awkwardly: 'Thank you. I came for the butter, but am in no hurry. Please finish the button.'

Helen watched her every movement with fascination, and as Mrs. Crawford broke her thread and helped Charlie into his coat, their eyes met, and Helen blushed crimson.

'I beg your pardon,' she murmured, 'I must seem very rude, but it is wonderful to me that you do things so easily and—and—cheerfully.'

'It is the result of practice and desperate determination,' she answered with a smile. 'I have proved that one can do what she sets out to do. When I found that I must lose my arm, I resolved that I would not allow myself to be made helpless. I used to earn quite a bit setting type afternoons, and it was hard to give that up; but I set about learning to do everything with my left hand that I could with my right. It has been a year now,' she added, glancing down at the empty sleeve—and I am getting used to it. And as for doing it cheerfully—isn't that the right way?'

'Yes. But I couldn't,' said Helen, with mixed feelings of pity and shame as she remembered grandma's remark, that 'it is not so bad to lose money as it is to lose the means of getting it.'

'You don't know what you can do until you have to—and try,' continued Mrs. Crawford. 'It is wonderful how many more things we can do than we think we can.'

Grandma looked out of the window many times before she saw her granddaughter coming up the hill. She had been a little anxious as to the result of her experiment, but was reassured when she heard the quick step on the walk, and saw Helen's pink cheeks and shining eyes. She did not wait to take off her wraps, or even to put away the butter, but threw herself at her grandmother's feet, exclaiming: 'Grandma, did you send me to Mrs. Crawford's on purpose?'

She did not wait for grandma to plead guilty, but rattled on: 'I never felt so humble in my life. When I left that little woman down there doing her work with one hand, I felt guilty to own two hands that were so helpless. I walked off as if in a trance—thinking of how she would do this, and how she would do that—why, grandma, you don't know how it made me feel to see her sewing on a button with one hand—and smiling! I got to the grove when the little boy overtook me with the butter, which in my confusion I had left behind. I sat down on a log and thought it all out. It is wonderful how one's mood can change in an hour. I can think of lots of things I can do. I have my plans all made. I am going to patch, and darn, and bind skirts for the girls at school—I can begin next week. Mildred Stow earned fifty dollars that way last year. Then what I earn next summer, with my patching and darning next year, will take me through. I will do it. Do you hear me, grandma? And if I ever get in the dumps again, and grumble at washing dishes with two hands, I shall come to Stanford, and go down to Mrs. Crawford's after some butter. Are you listening, grandma?'

Grandma was listening.—Exchange.

MAKING SURE

A certain young gentleman, an amateur sportsman, went to the Highlands for a 'shoot.' One day, with rather a white face, he called the keeper to him, and said: 'I say, keeper, are all your beaters here? Do you mind counting them?'

'Verra weel, sir,' replied the keeper, and whistled to his men. 'Yes, they're all here,' he continued, after counting them.

'Are you quite sure?' said the sportsman, anxiously.

'Yes, sir. Ah'm certain.'

The gentleman heaved a sigh of relief.

'All right,' said he; 'then behind that rock down there you'll find a dead rosbuck!'

THE IMPORTANT 'ME'

Robert Henri, the artist, was among the crowd at a large private view of new pictures in New York not long ago, and was pausing before a portrait by Sargent when he noticed a big, brawny man, who looked like anything but an artist, engaged in admiration of the same canvas and murmuring: 'They have given me a good place at last!'

Henri grew interested immediately. 'You are in this sort of work?' he asked.

'Been at it for twenty years,' assented the stranger; 'and this is the first time I ever got on the line.'

'Ah, indeed,' echoed the now thoroughly interested artist. 'And where is your picture?'

The stranger pointed to the Sargent. 'Right there,' he responded.

'That?' said Henri. 'Why, Sargent painted that!'

'Painted it!' sniffed the brawny man. 'Yes, I think Sargent was the name of the man that painted it, but it was me made the frame.'

POLITENESS

If those who are doubtful as to the correct course to pursue in any given situation will remember that even the wrong thing is overlooked if one is but absolutely polite in the doing of it, their relief might be great. A gentleness of demeanor and a courteous response of question can never be out of place. A man may wear a business suit of clothes to an evening party less noticeably than a truculent air of insolence. If he be perfectly well bred as far as behaviour goes, it matters not so much what his outward garb, although by an unwritten law of social observance certain clothes are the correct thing for certain occasions. Politeness is never wrong. Its practice goes nearly all the way toward the goal of the right thing in the right place. We hear of polite insolence, but insolence is never polite, and it is never, under any circumstances, polite to be insolent.

ODDS AND ENDS

A man carrying a looking-glass said to a news-boy, 'Come here and look into this glass, and you will see a donkey.' 'How did you find that out?' retorted the boy.

'I understand you were carried away by her singing?' 'Well, not quite that. I was driven away by it, though.'

Being asked once whether he had read any of the books of a popular novelist, Thackeray rejoined:

'Well, no. You see, I am like a pastry cook. I bake tarts and I sell 'em, but I eat bread and butter.'

FAMILY FUN

A Good Puzzle.—Here is a puzzle which you may try to see what you can do with: Tie a string about a yard long to a door key and take the string in the right hand. Hold it so the key will clear the floor four or five inches. If you will hold the string steady enough, it will begin to swing back and forth in a straight line. Let another person take your left hand in his, and the motion of the key will change from the pendulum-like swing to a circular swing. If a third person will place his hand on the shoulder of the second person, the key will stop. Just try the above and then solve the puzzle.

A Brown Paper Magnet.—A very simple and interesting electrical experiment may be made with a sheet of brown paper, illustrating in a remarkable manner how the most astonishing effects may be produced by the simplest means. Take a sheet of coarse brown paper, and after holding it before the fire until it is perfectly dry fold it up into a long strip about two inches wide. The magnet is now complete. To exhibit its attractive power cut some strips of writing paper about three inches long and about as wide as one of these lines, then place them upon the table, three or four together. Now take the magnet and draw it briskly under the arm two or three times. Its electro magnetism is instantly developed and becomes apparent when held over the small strips of writing paper, for they fly up from the table toward the paper magnet veritably 'by the wings of lightning.'

All Sorts

The rest cure becomes a habit with some people.

Regret is something we feel for the mistakes of our friends.

Money talks, and some people make every penny count.

Nothing delights some people so much as to be asked favors; it gives them so much pleasure to refuse.

One of the most annoying things in the world is to be prepared for an emergency that doesn't keep its appointment.

A railway through the mountains north of the Adriatic Sea, constructed by the Austrian Government to build up the trade of Trieste, though only 130 miles long, has 679 bridges and viaducts. It also runs through forty-nine tunnels.

'I want to complain of the flour you sent me the other day,' said Mrs. Newliwed, severely. The grocer inquired what was the matter with it.

'It was tough,' replied the housekeeper. 'My husband simply could not eat the biscuits I made with it.'

Lady Visitor—That new servant of yours seems very nice and quiet.

Mistress of the House—Yes, she's very quiet. She doesn't even disturb the dust when she's cleaning the room.

First Painter—I've just been showing my aunt round. Most amusing. Invariably picks out the wrong pictures to admire, and denounces the good ones.

Second Painter—Did she say anything about mine?

First Painter—Oh, she liked yours.

An orange tree will bear fruit till 150 years old, and there are recorded instances of orange trees bearing when 500 years old. In Malta and Naples 15,000 oranges have been picked from a single tree, and one in the Sandwich Islands was estimated to bear 20,000.

'Met a friend of yours the other day. He's been talking about you, and I feel it my duty to tell you what he said.'

'Ah, well, I don't care to hear what he said. I know it was something disagreeable.'

'How do you know that?'

'Because you are so anxious to tell it. Good morning.'

A quaint little fish haunts the weed tracts of the Gulf Stream, and there builds its nest and lays its eggs like a bird rather than a fish. This animal—the antennarius—imitates in color the weed it lives in, and, like the chameleon, constantly changes its color.

The many natural curiosities of Japan include a species of singing insects. The most prized of these tiny musicians is a black beetle named 'susumushi,' which means 'insect bell.' The sound that it emits resembles that of a little silver bell of the sweetest and most delicate tone.

The Newfoundland fishermen, according to a consular report, have been attempting to make whale leather a commercial product, and are said to be meeting with some success. The average whale hide covers a surface of about fifteen hundred square feet. A square foot of the hide weighs from two to five ounces. The leather is unusually tough, and is said to have great wearing qualities, and may therefore be adapted to the covering of furniture, carriage tops and seats, and also automobile uses. It is also said that it can be used for boots and shoes. Leather made from the intestines of the whale resembles kid, and is thin and tough. It will take color readily, and is to be offered to glove manufacturers for making the long-sleeved gloves now worn by women.

While some workmen were sawing a log of mahogany in the factory of the Ulster Furnishing Co., Belfast, on February 28, it was found to contain right through a very clearly defined 'photograph' of a small deer and a larger animal, running. Doubtless the 'photograph' was transmitted by lightning during a storm, and the picture must have been 'taken' a long time ago, as the tree, being 4ft in diameter, is an exceedingly old one. Every plank of the log right through shows the images clearly. The idea of photography by lightning has suggested itself to a well-known novelist, who utilised the seemingly bizarre suggestion in the plot of a popular sensational story. The above would appear to present another example of the time-worn adage that no fiction can exceed the strangeness presented by some of the facts of life.

Smith & Smith Ltd.

OIL and COLOR MERCHANTS.

WALLPAPER WAREHOUSEMEN.

Designers and Makers of Stained Glass Windows—
Ecclesiastical and Domestic—also Leaded Lights.

For up-to-date suggestions in all Glass
Decorations we are unequalled in the
Dominion.

Gainers of the Coveted Gold Medal against all
European competitors at the recent Inter-
national Exhibition at Christchurch.

Agents for "Toronto Roofing Company's" Metallic Steel
Ceiling and Walls—A Beautiful Interior Finish that suits every
class of building—Fireproof, Sanitary, Washable, and Wonderfully
Durable. Plans, Catalogues, and full particulars furnished on
application.

Importers of Artists' Materials, Brushes, Plaques, and all
requisites suitable for Convent Schools.

Bevelled Mirrors (framed or unframed) a specialty.

OCTAGON, DUNEDIN

And at

WELLINGTON AND CHRISTCHURCH.

SEASON'S

NOVELTIES

You may confidently rely upon seeing
the Newest Goods in every depart-
ment.

**Hats, Jackets, Furs,
Mantles and Dress
Stuffs**

**Tailoring and Dress-
making a Specialty.**

Duthie Bros. Ltd

DRAPERS

GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Autumn and Winter Dress.

BROWN, EWING & CO, DUNEDIN

Are now showing all the the Latest Fashions for the New Season.
The variety was never so large, and Prices are most Reasonable.
In Household Goods the values are extra keen.

Grand Flannelettes, White and Striped, 7½d yard.

Mosgiel and Kaiapoi Flannels, 1s, 1s 2d, 1s 4d, 2s.

The Best 19s 6d Double-bed Colonial Blanket in New Zealand is to be got from

BROWN, EWING & CO.

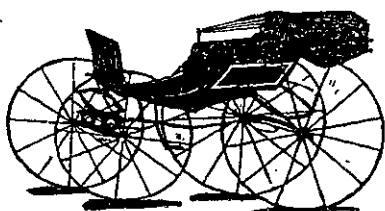
Write for a pair.

MARK SINCLAIR

COACHBUILDER AND IMPORTER,

GREAT KING AND ST. ANDREW ST
DUNEDIN.

AND AT BURNSIDE GREEN ISLAND.



Country Orders receive Special Attention,
Correspondence Invited.

Every Description of Carriage and Buggy
built to order; also Farm Drays
Waggons, and Spring Carts.

All kinds of Repairs at Lowest Prices.

Largest Prize-taker in Carriages until Prizes
were discontinued.

FORRESTER, DOW & CO.

Sole Agents for the
Standard "Rotary Shuttle,"
And

Jones' Sewing Machines.

Best House in City for

Prams and Go - Carts.

Repairs Guaranteed.

Note the Address :

53 PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN

Cooking Ranges

The Patent Prize Range

ZEALANDIA

Requires no setting, and will burn any Coal
VERANDAH CASTINGS of all kinds
Catalogues on Application

BARNINGHAM & CO.,
Victoria Foundry, George St., Dunedin
(Opposite Knox Church)

MOUNTAINEER HOTEL,

QUEENSTOWN, LAKE WAKATIPU

P. MCCARTHY - Proprietor.

This new and Commodious Hotel has been
well furnished throughout, and is now one
of the most comfortable Houses in Otago
Suites of Rooms have been set apart for
Families, and every attention has been paid
to the arrangements for carrying on a first
class trade. Hot, Cold, and Shower Bath.

TERMS MODERATE.

Best Brands of Wines, Spirits, and Beer
FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE ROOM.

A Porter will attend Passengers on the
Arrival and Departure of Steamers.

First Class Stabling.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

AGENTS FOR

The Shaw, Savill and Albion Shipping Company, Limited; Huddart, Parker and Co., Limited, Steamship Owners, Melbourne and Sydney; The China Traders' Insurance Co., Limited (Marine); United Fire Insurance Co., Ltd; the Distillers' Co., Ltd, Edinburgh; Stirling Bonding Co.'s Gaelic Whisky; Messrs Biquit, Dubouche and Co.'s Brandy, Jarnac Cognac; Messrs T. Lowndes and Co.'s Key Rum; Messrs Read Bros. Dog's head Brand of Bass's Ale and Guinness' Stout; Udolpho Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.; Sir Robert Burnett and Co.'s Vinegars, etc., London; Messrs Lever Bros., Birkenhead, Sunlight Soap; Messrs Perry Davis and Son's Painkiller; Allan's celebrated Lung Balm; John Dewar and Sons, Limited, Perth; George Goulet's Champagne, Lindeman's N.S.W. Wines, the Appollinaris Company, Limited

L. D. NATHAN & CO., LTD.

Established 1840.

General Merchants, Shipping, and Insurance Agents,
KAURI GUM, FLAX, & PRODUCE BROKERS.

London Address—**AUCKLAND.** General Cable & Telegraphic Address—"SYLVIA."
25 FINSBURY ST., LONDON, E.C. General Offices and Duty Paid Warehouse, Shortland St. Duty Paid Stores, High St.
Bonded Warehouse, Commerce St. Produce Stores, Customs St.

General Grocery, Teas, Coffees, and Oilmen's Stores, Wines and Spirits, Tobaccos and Cigars, all Hotel Requisites, Billiard Tables and Billiard Sundries, Outfery Plated Ware and Lamps, Bedsteads, Brooms and Mats, Patent Medicines and Stationery, Cornsacks, Woolpacks, and Ore Bags, Saddlery, Bicycles, Oils and Paints.

W A V E R L E Y H O T E L

QUEEN STREET,
AUCKLAND.

MAURICE O'CONNOR (late of Christchurch and Dunedin) begs to notify that he has taken over the above favourite hotel, close to Train and Wharf. Splendid view of Harbour.

Best brands of Wines and Spirits always on hand.

MAURICE O'CONNOR.

JAS. SPEIGHT & CO.

MALTSTERS AND BREWERS

CITY BREWERY, DUNEDIN

BROKERS IN
WOOL, GRAIN
SHEEPSKINS,
RABBITSKINS,
HIDES, TALLOW, &c.

STRONACH, MORRIS & CO.

CRAWFORD STREET, DUNEDIN.

ALL CHARGES ON LOWEST SCALE.

WEEKLY SALE
OF FAT STOCK
AT BURNSIDE,
COUNTRY SALES

AS PER ARRANGEMENT

Isn't it time to begin thinking of New
Carpets and Floorcloths for the Winter?

* * * *

FLOOR COVERINGS

Are a Specialty with us. We import in large quantities from the manufacturers and so secure really new patterns and the lowest of prices.

CARPETS

A very choice selection on hand. Tapestry, Axminster, Brussels, and Wilton File, in bordered squares and piece goods.

HEARTH RUGS

Elegant Oriental makes, Daghestan, Afghan, Tanjore, and Mecca. Beautiful popular patterns to match the carpets.

STAIR CARPETS

Corridor Rugs and many styles of Stair Carpets

LINOLEUMS and FLOORCLOTHS

We keep the latest styles of Nairn's celebrated make. In Art, Tile, Floral, and other patterns. The new "Inlaid" Linoleum has the design worked right through to the back. Linoleums and Floorcloths from 1/3 per square yard up.

.....Ask for Quotations and Prices.....

Our Values will give you satisfaction.

Scoullar and Chisholm
LIMITED,

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

THE CITY FURNITURE WAREHOUSE

RATTRAY ST., DUNEDIN

TRUST MONEY TO LEND

In Large or Small Sums, for Long or Short Periods,
AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES OF INTEREST.

N.B.—Our Clients do not insist upon Borrowers effecting insurances in any particular office.

GALLAN AND GALLAWAY,

SOLICITORS,

137. PRINCES STREET, DUNEDIN,

Next door to Auction Rooms of Messrs Alex. Harris & Co.

Ward and Co.'s UNRIVALLED ALES & STOUT

Superior to English and at less cost.

NEW ZEALAND TABLET

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

By Mail

In Advance.—12 Months	...	...	...	20s. 0d.
" 6 Months	...	...	...	10s. 0d.
" 3 Months	...	...	...	5s. 0d.
Booked.—12 Months	...	...	...	25s. 0d.
" 6 Months	...	...	...	12s. 6d.
" 3 Months	...	...	...	6s. 6d.

Canvassers, Collectors, or Agents have no power to deviate from these Terms.

Communications should be addressed to the
Manager, N.Z. Tablet Co., Octagon, Dunedin.

THROGMORTON WHISKY (SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD)

GRIERSON & DAVIS, Agents, CHRISTCHURCH.