

INTERCOLONIAL

Mr. Carroll, a late member of the teaching staff of the Christian Brothers' College, Perth, has become editor of the 'W.A. Record,' in succession to Mr. Grattan Grey.

It has been decided to hold a great meeting in Sydney on July 28 for the purpose of inaugurating the 'Home Rule Tribute for Ireland,' and to bid farewell to Mr. W. Redmond, M.P. At a preliminary meeting his Eminence Cardinal Moran presided, and it was announced that the Lord Mayor would take the chair at the public meeting.

The Right Rev. Dr. Dunne, Bishop of Bathurst, has been able to make the pleasing announcement that the Cathedral of SS. John and Michael and the palace are entirely free from debt, which speaks volumes for the generosity of the people of the diocese. The total cost of the Cathedral was £25,000. The palace was commenced three years ago, and erected at a cost of £5000, and it must be indeed gratifying to the devoted Bishop, his clergy, and people to know that there is not one penny of debt now on the Cathedral or palace.

The newly-created Knight Bachelor, Sir Samuel McCaughey, M.L.C., has a record of nearly fifty years in Australia. He has spent £50,000 on imported merinoes. His estate at North Yanco, near Narandera, on the Murrumbidgee, is a model of Australian sheep stations. He has, in the years of the trying drought, proved that irrigation and hand-feeding on an extensive scale are justified by their results. Sir Samuel during the Boer War contributed £5000 towards the cost of the New South Wales Contingents.

Mr. Humphrey Page, K.S.G., has left Tasmania, it is presumed, for good, and was, prior to his departure, presented with an address by those with whom he has been associated in many good works since his arrival in Tasmania. There was a large attendance of prominent Catholics on the wharf to say good-bye to him, and many of them (says the 'Monitor') cherish the hope that some day the ex-Indian Judge will return to this State and add to the intellectual culture of the community, and the good work of the Catholic societies by his presence and co-operation.

Senator Keating, the Honorary Minister of the new Deakin Ministry, is from Tasmania. Mr. Keating is a barrister by profession, and while he is the youngest member of the Senate, had the honor of topping the poll in his State at the first election of the 'Commonwealth.' At the opening of the Federal Parliament he moved the Address-in-Reply in the Senate, and at once attained to considerable prominence and popularity. He is an Irishman and a Catholic. He is an effective speaker, and an incisive debater, and, while he still remains head of his firm in Launceston, he has practically chosen to make his career in politics. He is an inveterate Protectionist, and was Government Whip in the Barton Administration.

An immense congregation, the largest yet seen in Broken Hill, attended the solemn opening of the Pro-Cathedral of the Sacred Heart on Sunday, July 2. The ceremony opened with a procession from the Bishop's residence to the Cathedral, the procession making the circuit of the Cathedral. Pontifical High Mass was then celebrated by his Lordship Dr. Corbett, Bishop of Sale, assisted by the Very Rev. Father Norton (Petersburg, S.A.), Father Hughes (Cobar), and Father Shore (Broken Hill). The Rev. Father Maguinness was master of ceremonies, and his Lordship Dr. Dunne, Bishop of Wilcannia, presided at the throne, assisted by Monsignor Tracey, Vicar-General of the diocese, and the Very Rev. Dean O'Connell (Hay). There were also present the Coadjutor-Archbishop of Sydney (Dr. Kelly), the Archbishop of Melbourne (Dr. Carr), the Bishop of Ballarat (Dr. Higgins), Bishop of Maitland (Dr. Murray), and Bishop of Goulburn (Dr. Gallagher). The Archbishop of Melbourne, who preached the occasional sermon, referred to the marvellous change which 18 years of patient labor had effected in Catholic circles in Broken Hill, and said all honor was due to those who had brought the Cathedral into being. The collection made in aid of the Cathedral funds was over £1200. Archbishop Kelly preached in the evening.

You may talk about Niagara,
And rave of quaint Japan;
Quote the Trans-Siberian railway
As the greatest work of man.
Not e'en the greatest Colossus!
Can such pride of place secure,
As the famous cough reliever
Known as WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE.

Friends at Court

GLEANINGS FOR NEXT WEEK'S CALENDAR

- July 23, Sunday.—Sixth Sunday after Pentecost. St. Apollinaris, Bishop and Martyr.
 „ 24, Monday.—St. Vincent de Paul, Confessor.
 „ 25, Tuesday.—St. James, Apostle.
 „ 26, Wednesday.—St. Anne, Mother of the Blessed Virgin Mary.
 „ 27, Thursday.—St. Veronica Juliana, Virgin.
 „ 28, Friday.—St. Victor I., Pope and Martyr.
 „ St. Innocent I., Pope and Confessor.
 „ SS. Nazarius and Celsus, Martyrs.
 „ 29, Saturday.—St. Felix II., Pope and Martyr.

St. Apollinaris, Bishop and Martyr.

St. Apollinaris, first Bishop of Ravenna, and according to tradition, a disciple of St. Peter, suffered martyrdom during the reign of the Emperor Vespasian, in the first century.

St. Vincent de Paul, Confessor.

St. Vincent de Paul was born in 1576. The indications of ability which he exhibited led to his being sent to school at Toulouse. He was admitted to priest's orders in 1600. He laid the foundation of what eventually grew into the great and influential Congregation of 'Priests of the Missions.' Vincent's preaching was of the most simple kind, singularly effective and progressive. He founded the Order of the 'Daughters of Charity' at Paris in 1634. The Order is popularly known by the title of 'The Sisters of Charity,' or 'Grey Nuns,' and its members have won for their Order as well as themselves the admiration, esteem, and well-deserved praise of all nations for their gentle ministrations to the sick and afflicted during times of war and peace. St. Vincent died at the advanced age of 85 at St. Lazare, September 27, 1660; and was canonised by Clement XII. in 1737.

St. James, Apostle.

St. James was a brother of St. John the Evangelist, and a near relative of the Blessed Virgin. After Pentecost he preached to the Jews, who, having left Judea, had found homes in the neighbouring countries. According to a very ancient tradition he is said to have voyaged to Spain, which honors him as its principal patron. Coming to Jerusalem in 43, St. James was apprehended and beheaded by order of King Agrippa, who in order to acquire popularity among the Jews, persecuted the Christians.

St. Anne, Mother of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

St. Anne is proposed to the faithful as a perfect model of a wife and mother, and as special patron of those who have entered into the married state, or are entrusted with the care of children.

St. Veronica Juliana, Virgin.

St. Veronica was a native of Mercatelli, a town in Italy. Having become a nun, she led during fifty years a life of extraordinary mortification and perfect obedience. She died in 1727.

SS. Victor I., Innocent I., Nazarius, and Celsus.

Of these saints St. Victor, an African, was martyred in 202, during the reign of Septimus Severus. St. Innocent governed the Church from 402 to 417; Saints Nazarius and Celsus sealed their faith with their blood at Milan under Nero.

St. Felix II., Pope and Martyr.

St. Felix was Supreme Pontiff about the middle of the fourth century. No records of his life are extant.

The Hobart correspondent of the Launceston 'Examiner' writes in a recent issue:—Monsignor Beechinor, Dean of Launceston, but still 'Father Dan' to the people of the capital, experienced the heartiest of hearty welcomes upon the occasion of his visit to Hobart to participate in the celebration of the ninetieth birthday of his uncle, the venerable Archbishop Murphy. An honored guest alike at Government House and in the cottage of the worker, the Monsignor renewed acquaintances with old friends—among them people whom he had christened who are now parents, as well as some of the old identities, who, during the period of his administration in this city were full-grown members of the congregation; but, alas! the ranks of the old brigade are thinning.