

## From the Deep Sea

Africa, across the Indian Ocean, and

has dropped its line into the 34,000feet deep Philippine trench. Last week it left on a brief voyage to the Ker-

madees trench, where it was to send

down for the first time, in a globe made

from a special non-magnetic alloy, in-

struments designed to find out whether

there is an increase or a decrease in

THE interest which we all take in books like *The Kon-Tiki* Expedition, radio programmes like Focus on Inter-Planetary Travel, and films of a similar kind is a pretty good indication that we are still as fascinated as ever by the unknown. Some people tend to think that there's not much exploration and discovery left on Earth, but has it ever occurred to you that one-third of the world's surface is covered by water more than 12,000 feet deep, and that there are some parts of it so deep that as Dr. Anton F. Bruun, of the Danish

when the Danish research ship Galathea

the magnetism of the earth a few miles nearer its centre. Meanwhile, the collection of deep-sea animals, big and small, grows, and the study of their conditions of life and of the production of mic. scopic plant life in the sea continues. On board the Galathea is Hakon deep-sea expedition, puts it in a broad-Mielche, known to English-speaking cast to be heard soon-Mount Everest readers as a writer of travel-books. In could be placed on the bottom and still charge of information services, he is leave about a mile of water above? specially concerned with making known Of course, there's much animal life the work of the expedition. This is in this water, but very little was known being done to an unusual extent. But, about it at depths, below 15,000 feet as Hakon Mielche puts it, the man in the street in Denmark "has paid for set out from Copenhagen in October. his passage" on the Galathea. Funds for 1950. The Galathea, which has been in the expedition were collected in small contributions from the people as a New Zealand waters recently, has already sailed round the south of whole. So back to Denmark the story of the expedition is going as the voyage ON THE GALATHEA: Left. Hakon Mielche, travel writer. Below: Patrick Smyth (left) interproceeds. Many films have already been made, about the work and the countries views Dr. Anton F. Bruun, expedivisited, for showing in schools and clubs. Programmes have been recorded for broadcasting. Illustrated articles are being sent back all the time. Hakon tion leader Mielche himself is writing three books about the voyage. And wherever they have the opportunity the expedition's men are talking and showing films about their country. Apart from the Danish scientists and the foreign scientists they have as guests most of the time, the Galathea has on board a group of young Danes who are spending their period of national service with this naval vessel.

All this seemed to suggest that there was excellent broadcasting material on the ship, and when she was fied up at Auckland the other week a small team from the NZBS with recording gear spent the day aboard. They were Arthur . Jones, script writer, of 1ZB, James Boswell, Talks Officer at 1YA, Patrick Smyth, of the Auckland Recording Studios, and a technician. They brought back enough material for several hours' playing. The leader of the expedition, Dr. Bruun, talked about the work they were doing and some of the creatures that have already been collected, and other members of the party described their special work-just how the deepsea trawl is put down, for instance, and how the collection is preserved. Answers were given to such questions as whether deep-sea fish explode when they are brought to the surface, and whether (and where) deep-sea monsters not seen before might be found. The captain and some of the young conscripts also were brought to the microphone; and there is an interview with a sea-elephant. Hakon Mielche contributed to the recordingand then turned his microphone on Patrick Smyth and interviewed him.

From all this fascinating material two documentary programmes — one for National and one for Commercial stations—and a number of shorter talks are being prepared. Dates and times of broadcasting had not been decided when we went to press, but it should all be on the air very soon.



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