NO STRANGERS TO THE EAST

DROGRAMMES by Maurice Clare and Marta Zalan this week comprise a Sonata in D by Weiner, of unusual interest because Miss Zalan studied under Weiner in Budapest, a Handel sonata and Milhaud's second sonata. Weiner, who is comparatively unknown in this country, is of the same generation as Bartok, Kodaly and Dohnanyi, but like Dohnanyi, has written mainly on traditional lines. "He looks back rather than ahead," says Miss Zalan, while Kodaly and Bartok have flashed ahead. In his writing there is always tremendous care for detail. An interesting point about this sonata is that the main theme of the first movement comes back as the main subject in the last movement, only in a different rhythm. The second movement is very quick, a kind of stylised waltz, and then there is a slow movement of extraordinarily passionate romanticism."

atmosphere are found in the sonata by Milhaud, a son of Provence, "This is made a name for herself as a solo broadan easy going work which poses no great caster and a chamber music player of intellectual problems, nor does it probe distinction. Last year she played with any tremendous depths-it is simply to the Musica Viva in their opening conbe enjoyed," said Maurice Clare. Although the emphasis in these programmes is on the Romantics, Maurice Clare by way of contrast will later be pianists of today she enjoys chamber playing two works by the modern composer Dallapiccola. He has also recorded for later broadcast six sonatas by Corelli with Dr. Thornton Lofthouse at the harpsichord, and teken the solo violin parts in a recording of all the Brandenburg concertos recently made by the National Orchestra.

Miss Zalan is a newcomer to New Zealand. In Budapest she studied the piano under Lec Weiner, then later in Paris her teacher was Lazare Levy.

A lullaby lilt, provincial tunes and Five years ago she left Europe to settle in Australia, where she has quickly certs, made two concert tours of Noumea, and played with members of visiting quartets. Along with many other music most of all.

> These artists will soon be setting off on a long tour of the Far East. which eventually will take them back to Europe. They have, both been to the Far East before, playing in places such as Singapore, Borneo and Japan. In Japan the audiences are quite different from Western audiences in their reactions, and at first this is rather puzzling to artists unused to their ways. "The audiences are magnificent, they re-

main absolutely silent much better than a Western audience, but they are inclined to be reserved in their applause," said Maurice Clare, "It takes some time before you are sure of their reactions and can tell just how they feel. This reserve has been a source of trouble to many visiting artists from overseas, who are puzzled by it and don't quite know what to make of it."

"In Japan they take music so terribly seriously," said Miss Zalan. "In the past they have had so many German teachers who have drilled them in the German tradition of seriousness so well that this tradition is still a very strong one." Mr. Clare added: "As far as music goes Tokyo is just like a Western capital: it has frequent concerts and at least three symphony orchestras."





Spencer Digby photographs

MARTA ZALAN

MAURICE CLARE

genre, Sir Thomas Beecham, whose arrangement of The Faithful Shepherd suite, from Handel, should serve as a model for all such ventures. The scoring is soupy, and overpoweringly rich; the orchestra gave us, quite properly, a tone of great sweetness and amplitude, but the final effect was gummy. The last work was John Antill's ballet suite Corroboree. On a first hearing, it is rhythmically most ingenious, but in atmospheric effect, it seemed to owe far more to Respighi than to a genuine feeling for the Australian landscape. I feel that its divorce from the occasion which

gave it birth is an unhappy one, but it

was worth hearing, and well worth

(continued from previous page)

lessons available from his master in this

Years of Pilgrimage

playing.

I CAN'T say I thought much of the BBC journey through the tumultuous life of Franz Liszt, called Worshipper at Noon. It was a simple chronicle, with a great number of piano asides from Louis Kentner, spiced with comments from his celebrated contemporaries, Berlioz, Wagner and others. Mr. Kent-ner played the Liszt music to admira-

tion, but when, to illustrate a point by Master Restored Berlioz, on the purity of Liszt's style, Kentner gave us the first movement of the Moonlight Sonata, I was abashed by the wilful, mannered and affected reading he gave of it. Liszt, as most people know, had two strains running through his nature, for which the words spiritual and sensual will do, forming a crux on which his whole artistic life was based. Some investigation of this, in musical terms where necessary, would have been absorbing and entertaining. The BBC opted against this, and opted for a style which involved the reading of many private letters. They made the same error that I have often heard on our own radio programmes, of quoting a letter in character, as if the author were speaking it. Such a device always works against conviction; nay, it out-Herods Herod, and should at all costs be avoided. -B.E.G.M.

CORRECTION: In last week's "Radio Review" a paragraph, "Back to the Wall," was incorrectly attributed to B.E.G.M. Its author was J.C.R.

ONE of the great masters of the 17th century was Marc-Antoine Charpentier who, because of one of the most notorious musical rivalries in history, has been neglected for over 250 years. In his own day Charpentier was a celebrated musician holding several Court positions under Louis XIV. Due to the rivalry of Jean-Baptiste Lully, who was the favourite Court Musician, Charpentier never obtained a permit to have his compositions published. He had a tremendous output, approaching 500 works, all of which have lain in manuscript form on the shelves of the Bibliothèque Nationale in Paris. A reprieve has now come, due largely to a Monsieur Guy-Lambert, president of a new French organisation known as the "Friends of Marc-Antoine Charpentier." M. Guy-Lambert has copied and edited many of the manuscripts found in the library, and recently arranged the first performance in 250 years of Charpentier's Mass, Assumpta est Maria. A recording of this concert has been made available to the NZBS through the French Legation, and will be broadcast as the first of several such programmes from France in the Music from Oversea series from all YCs, on Saturday, February 2, at 9.30 p.m.



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