# WOMEN OF BURMA

TOON Over Burma" activities, and we were concerned prin-Hollywood caption, according to Miss Delight Lynn, general secretary of the New Zealand Y.W.C.A., who has recently returned to this country after four years' work in Rangoon.

"I shall always remember the Burmese moon," said Miss Lynn. "The Burmans hold many of their most important religious festivals at the time of the full moon. One of them, the Festival of Lights, comes at the end of the rainy season, and is a time of universal rejoicing at the coming of the fine weather. All the houses and streets are festooned with coloured lights and above them all shines the Burmese moon. I thought I had struck fairyland.

"The Burmans love festivals. They are an attractive people, naturally inclined to laughter and gaiety. There are two main races in Burma, the Karens and the Burmans, both of Mongolian stock, so that the people of Burma are much more akin to the Chinese than to the Indian peoples.

"When you think of Burma you usually think of jungle and elephants and teak and rubber, but I did not see a great deal of this side of Burma. My work was mostly in Rangoon itself, organising various activities among the young women of the city.

#### Not Like Indian Women

goon are English-speaking, for the majority have had a high school education and many of them go on to University. They have quite a different outlook and upbringing from the women of India. There is no such thing as a purdah system, and caste is practically unknown. From childhood the girls of Burma enjoy the same advantages as the boys. In addition the mother of the family is a highly respected person and wields a great deal of power.

"The girls are very attractive. They wear a loose white muslin jacket over a brightly-coloured skirt, usually of handwoven and beautifully embroidered material, and decorate their hair with flowers. Unlike most women of the East the Burmese women do their own housework, but as the houses are fairly simple -bamboo matting walls and a wooden floor on piles-they have plenty of time to enjoy themselves socially.

"Burmese women have not yet learnt the cigarette habit-but most of them smoke cheroots of home-grown tobacco. Even small children puff manfully at their cheerots, but it doesn't seem to do them any harm as the tobacco is freshly dried and contains no narcotic of any

# A Difficult Task

"The Y.W.C.A. was started in Rangoon forty years ago, with the object of looking after children of mixed European and Asiatic parentage—Eurasians they used to be called. However, since then it has naturally widened its

isn't just another cipally with trying to bridge the differences of race and religion which keep the people apart. We had a very difficult task ahead of us. Only two per cent. of the people of Burma are Christians, and we did not want to confine our work to



"On the whole, the women of Ran- the minority. Yet naturally, women of other religions were suspicious of us. And there was, of course, plenty of work to be done among the two per cent who were Christians. Being such a small group, the women tended to isolate themselves, and we felt that it was very important to show them ways of getting back to their own people. In addition, we tried as an experiment, an international hostel, and ran various camps and conferences to help the women of the different races and religions of Burma to get together and discuss their common problems.

### Education In Politics

"We feel that this is very important as, by the Separation Act of 1937, Burma has now some degree of selfgovernment. Women have the same voting rights as men, but the women of Burma are not yet particularly politically minded. This really isn't surprising, when we consider that even after 60 years of franchise New Zealand women don't take their political rights seriously. So the Y.W.C.A. in Burma is trying to help women to realise their rights and duties as citizens.

"This self-government is, of course, not yet complete. There is a House of Representatives to which members are elected, but the Governor-General of Burma has control of certain reserved department of State. The Premier of Burma, U Saw, who recently returned from England, expressed dissatisfaction at the fact that Burma's resources were being used for the war, when the people of Burma had no say in the conduct of lovely country, richly endowed, and

Above: A study circle at a Y.W.C.A. Vernacular Campin Rangoon Left: A Burmese

beauty

the war. However, from my experience, most of the Burmans are not unduly worried about this, as they realise that the country is not yet ready for full self-government, and that if, the people of Burma had complete control of their

own defence, they would fall an easy prey to a foreign power. At the moment, they are very conscious that Japan's next move may not be an honourable

#### An Easy-Going People

"There is no overwhelmingly strong national spirit in Burma as there is in India. But I feel that it will come. The Burmans are naturally a happy-go-lucky people. When I was working with them I sometimes wished they weren't quite so happy-go-lucky. I wished I hadn't been so concerned with organising and hustling things along, but that I had had time to play with them and make friends with them.

"Because of their easy-going temperament, the Burmans are not very successful in the business world. Sixty per cent of the population of Rangoon is Indian, and the British and the Indians between them have control of most of Burma's trade. The Burmese are only just becoming aware of the fact. The Indians, moreover, have a monopoly of the money-lending business. The Burmans are much better at spending money than making it, and have therefore come into the clutches of these Indian usurers, who in many cases have seized the land once belonging to the Burmese.

#### Very Little Poverty

"The Burmese are waking up to the fact that they are being left behind economically in their own country, while British and Indian merchants are growing fat at their expense, Burma is a

with never failing rain. The general attitude of the Burman is 'We're all right as we are. Why can't all the foreigners get out and leave us to enjoy ourselves in our own simple way?'

"The standard of living in Burma is much higher than it is in India or China. There is very little poverty. The strong family system makes it unnecessary for the State to make provision for the old or the orphaned. The Burmese, therefore, feel that interference from outside is unnecessary.

"However, the movement for independence for Burma is not likely to make headway till after the war, for the Burmans realise that without foreign help, they may fall victims to Japan. And their common fear is making them draw much closer to their Chinese kinsmen. In particular the women of Burma are drawing inspiration from the work being done to-day by China's women."



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