Molesworth access conservationists' aim

By JANE DUNBAR
Foot access by responsible visitors over the whole of Molesworth is one of the hopes the Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society has for the future management of the high country.

for the future manage-ment of the high country station.

A management plan devised by Landcorp, the Department of Conserva-tion and an independent chairman is reportedly complete and due for pub-lic release and submis-

The director of the society, Dr Gerry McSweeney, said that

"there is a minefield of difficulties to traverse in order to get on to this public land, and we're keen to see it doesn't apply for future genera-tions."

Access was not particularly easy for the society on its field trip over the week-end. There is supposedly free public access to the western zone of the station via the New Zealand Electricity Department's road from Jacks Pass following the Clarence River through to the Tarndale lakes.

At the week-end, however, there was a sign

saying "private road, no throughfare" at the first turn-off from Hanmer, and a "road closed" sign at the St James station. Special permission was required, and obtained,

Special permission was required, and obtained, for travelling up the Acheron Gorge.

The society field trip was a "pioneering visit," said Dr McSweeney. If allowed people to learn about management problems and perhaps have some say on the station's future once public submissions on the management sions on the management plan were called. It had been disappoint-ing that recreational and

had not been asked for comment while the plan-ning had been done, he said.

ning had been done, ne said.

"Molesworth is a common heritage, something we all have an interest in. We hope it's managed for farming as well as the conservation of nature, soil and water, and scenery, and is available for recreation."

Molesworth station is a Crown-managed farming enterprise which at 182,000 hectares is New Zealand's biggest farm and carries about 10,000 head of cattle.



Sir.—Visiting Molesworth
Station I discovered that this right country farm is far more high country farm and has far than just cattle and has far than just cattle and has just greater responsibility than just farming. I was impressed by the farming. I was impressed by the vast expanse of tussock, shrub ands, and alpine herb fields. I fascinating and spectacular. I fascinating and spectacular. I commend the management that has undoubtedly brought about a fascinating and spectacular. I and spectacular and spec

JEREMY ANDERSON. October 29, 1987.



Molesworth

Sir,—I have been privileged to visit Molesworth over Labour week-end. For a long time I have had an absorbing interest in the area. To see at first hand the area. To see at first hand the area of the man intervention, and the efforts of dedicated people the efforts of dedicated people the efforts of bealance has been restoring some balance has been inspiring and humbling. On the end of the en



Mr Alfred Gollan on one of the horses used to trek through the high country station, Molesworth, as Mr Gollan did himself nearly 60 years ago.

Acquaintance renewed

Nearly 60 years after his first trip through Molesworth, Mr Alfred Gollan was back again at the week-end to enjoy the vast grandeur of the 182,000ha high country station.

182,000ha high country station.

A member of the Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society's week-end field trip to the area, Mr Gollan recounted how he had travelled the outskirts of the station in 1929.

On a horse trek organ-

LENHEIM

On a horse trek organ-ised by Mr Joe Gibbs, of

Nelson, Mr Gollan joined nine others on a 10 day trip which took them from the station's Top House to Lewis Pass and on to Springs Junction. "When we arrived at the old Top House we were met by a young girl of 19, Joe's niece Gladys, who had brought up the 10 horses with her tother from Nelson," he said. "Gladys was one of the five girls on the trip."

As the group travelled through the station they noticed rabbits had done a lot of damage to the

ground cover. There was no evidence, however, of sheep or people.
At Tarndale there were a few cattle, and near the Ada homestead there were about 100 wild horses. there were wild horses.

wild horses.

A near disaster was averted when in the early hours of one morning the trek horses excaped, and were heading back in the direction of the wild ones. An avalanche had fallen through the beech forest, however, flattening trees, and blocking the valley. The horses

stopped there, and were recovered at dawn.

The party eventually reached the Lewis Pass where they saw the beginnings of the pick and shovel work being done to build the Lewis Pass blobway.

to build the Lewis Pass highway.
Since 1929, Mr Gollan has made two return trips to Molesworth. In comparison with his first journey he said the vegetation was looking better, there were weeds, and the beech and tanekaha were the predominant trees and regenerating well.



Top Right: Sub-alpine day trip, Molesworth Photos: Gerry McSweeney

Right: Acheron accommodation house.

