Year ended 31st March,		Great Britain. United States of America or Canada.		Other Countries.	Total Registration.	
			A.	Iotor-cycles.		
1927			70	30		100
1928			<b>7</b> 6	24		100
1929			80	20		100
1930			81	19		100
1931			82	18		100
1932		;	76	24		100
1933			<b>7</b> 3	26	1	100
1934			73	26	1	100
1935			75	24	1	100
1936			78	20	2	100
1937			86	14		100
1938			90	10		100
1939			90	10		100
	Totals		79	20	1	100

The above table shows a steady growth of the share of new cars obtained by Great Britain up till the depression year of 1933, when 60 per cent. came from that source. Then came a drop following upon the improving economic conditions, with a sudden increase for 1936–37 to 57 per cent., while for 1938–39 a similar percentage is maintained.

Up to 1933-34 a somewhat similar trend is noticeable in the case of commercial vehicles, when 39 per cent. of the total came from Great Britain. Over the past four years this proportion has been slowly declining in favour of American and Canadian vehicles, and the imports from these two countries outnumber imports from Great Britain by over two to one. It should be noted that imports from "Other Countries" have been omitted from the percentage table; this is because practically all the figures under that heading refer to trailers, 3,409 of the 3,482 vehicles under that heading for 1938-39 being trailers.

In the motor-cycle field the British entry shows an increasing predominance since the depression years, and the slight swing-over to American machines has not been maintained. Foreign motor-cycles do not appear to be able to establish any hold on the New Zealand motor-cycle market.

## C. MOTOR-VEHICLES LICENSED AS AT 31st MARCH, 1939.

The appended figures show the number of motor-vehicles licensed for the year 1938-39 as at 31st March, 1939 (the licensing year expires on 31st May each year):

. 10.4 40.7 10.7 10.7	Type of Ve	hicle.		North Island.	South Island.	New Zealand Total.
Cars			 	141,285	71,281	212,566
Light trucks (2 tons and			 	18,442	9,352	27,794
Heavy trucks (over 2 to	ons laden)		 	14,659	6,734	21,393
Passenger trucks			 	1,064	588	1,652
Omnibuses			 	492	199	691
Taxis			 	1,186	509	1,695
Service cars			 	393	266	659
Rental and private-hire	cars		 	486	$\frac{296}{296}$	782
Dealers' cars				1,367	586	1,953
Local-authority road ve	hicles		 	2,212	2,438	4,650
Government vehicles			 	2,431	1,061	3,492
Trailers			 	5,319	4,026	9,345
Dealers' motor-cycles				96	54	150
Motor-cycles			 	13,335	7,774	21,109
Totals			 	202,767	105,164	307,931

The increase in the number of licensed motor-vehicles (all groups) compared with those at the 31st March, 1938, was 27,604, or 9.84 per cent.

In this connection it is interesting to compare the ratio of population per vehicle for New Zealand with the latest authentic figures available for overseas countries:—

			Per Cent.
U.S.A., December, 1937	 	 	 $4 \cdot 16$
New Zealand, March, 1939	 	 	 $5 \cdot 23$
Australia, June, 1937	 	 	 8.60
Great Britain, September, 1937	 	 	 $16 \cdot 20$

Compared with last year the motor-cycles licensed decreased by 1,771, or 7.74 per cent., whilst motor-cars increased by 22,012, or 11.55 per cent.; the increase in trucks licensed was 2,167, or 4.61 per cent., whilst "Other Vehicles" licensed advanced by 5,070, or 28.33 per cent.