The Government, taking all these factors into account, announced that they current year's would buy all butter and cheese which is exported after 31st July, 1937, and guaranteed which is manufactured on or before 31st July, 1938, at the following prices per pound f.o.b. ocean steamer:—

CREAMERY BUTTER.

Finest grade— 94 points and ov	er		• •	• •		ce per Ponnd. d. 13·375				
93 to $93\frac{1}{2}$ points	(basic	guaranteed	price)			30.0				
First grade—			· ,							
92 to $92\frac{1}{2}$ points						$13 \cdot 1875$				
90 to $91\frac{1}{2}$ points						13.00				
Second grade						$12 \cdot 50$				
WHEY BUTTER.										
First grade				• •		$12 \cdot 25$				
Second grade				• •		$11 \cdot 75$				
CHEESE.										
Finest grade— 94 points and over	0.79					# 0000F				
93 to 93½ points		• •	• •	• •	• •	7.69625				
First grade—	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	$7 \cdot 665$				
92 to $92\frac{1}{2}$ points			$7 \cdot 54$							
91 to $91\frac{1}{2}$ points		• •		• •		$7 \cdot 4775$				
Second grade	• •	• •		• •		$7 \cdot 29$				

Allowing 21d. per pound butterfat for costs between delivery at factory and on board ship, the return to the farmer from an efficient dairy factory should be 13.88d. per pound of butterfat for butter.

ma			P	rice per Pound.	
This price is made up as follows:—	d.				
Working and maintenance costs		• •		$5 \cdot 07$	
Allowance for interest on capital				$3 \cdot 06$	
Labour on farm	• •			$7 \cdot 29$	
Less return from pigs				$15 \cdot 42$ $1 \cdot 54$	
				13.88	

In order to cover the difference in costs of production and in returns from byproducts in the case of butterfat for cheese, the purchase-price of cheese is so fixed that the average efficient cheese-factory will pay out to its suppliers 2d. per pound butterfat over the pay-out for butter, or 15.88d. per pound.

The Government are satisfied that the prices guaranteed represent a fair and just payment to dairy-farmers for their produce, and that these prices, fixed entirely in accord with the Government policy, will give an efficient dairy-farmer a security of living-standard better than he has known for many years.

Pay-out on shipment at a known price sufficient to cover his costs gives the farmer the position that is due to him as a contributor towards the national income and development.

The Government desire in concluding this section of the Financial Statement High quality the importative need of maintaining and even improving the quality of essential. to stress the imperative need of maintaining and even improving the quality of our products. The name of New Zealand stands very high in overseas markets for quality, and every dairy-farmer and factory-worker should accept a personal responsibility for maintaining that quality.