Table B.—Analysis of Expenditure on Education for the Year ended 31st March, 1932. (For more details see appendix to this Paper.)

| Branch of Education | Total Expenditure (Net).* | Expenditure expressed as Percentage of Total Expenditure. | Expenditure per Head of Population.† | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--------------|-------------|
| | | | £ | | £ s. d. |
| Departmental administration | | | 32,435 | 0.94 | 0 0 5 |
| Board's administration | | | 55,416 | 1.60 | 0 0 9 |
| Cost of inspection— | | | , | | |
| Primary | | | 35,380 | $1 \cdot 02$ | 0 0 6 |
| Native | | | 2,051 | 0.06 | ‡ |
| Post-primary | | | 5,252 | 0.15 | 0 0 1 |
| Primary education— | | | | ! | |
| Public schools | | | 1,940,069 | 56.06 | 1 5 8 |
| Departmental Correspondence | e School | | 5,377 | 90.00 | 1 5 8 |
| Native Education— | | | | | |
| Native schools | | | 71,569 | $2 \cdot 23$ | 0 1 0 |
| Scholarships and bursaries | | | 5,695 | 4.40 | 0 1 0 |
| Post-primary education— | | | , | | |
| Secondary, technical, and cor | | | 519,999 | | |
| Secondary departments of dis | chools | 76,072 | 17.60 | 0 8 1 | |
| Correspondence School | | | 4,225 | 11.00 | 001 |
| Scholarships and bursaries | . , | | 10,319 | | |
| Higher education | | | 96,711 | $2 \cdot 79$ | $0 \ 1 \ 3$ |
| Training of teachers | | | 145,484 | $4 \cdot 19$ | 0 1 11 |
| Special schools | | | 19,808 | 0.57 | 0 - 0 - 3 |
| Child welfare | | | 125,172 | 3.60 | 0 1 8 |
| Capital expenditure on school k | \mathbf{u} ildings | | 259,108 | $7 \cdot 47$ | $0 \ 3 \ 5$ |
| Superannuation | | | 46,935 | $1 \cdot 35$ | 0 0 7 |
| Miscellaneous | | | 12,766 | 0.37 | 0 0 2 |
| Total* | | | 3,469,843 | 100.00 | 2 5 9 |

^{*} This includes revenue from endowments administered by the various Boards, &c., as well as direct expenditure from public funds— \pounds

| From public funds as shown | in appen | dix | | | •• | • • | | 3,409,877 |
|----------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Endowments— | | | | | | | | |
| Secondary and technical | schools | | • • | | | | | 46,747 |
| University colleges | •• | • • | • • | • • | • • | • • | | 13,219 |
| | | | | | | | · C | 3,469,843 |
| | | | | | | | | 0,100,010 |

 $[\]dagger$ Mean population for twelve months ended 31st March, 1932, was 1,517,103.

It is impossible to state with any degree of accuracy the costs per pupil in any branch of education, except in the primary schools, because the technical schools and combined secondary and technical schools, besides providing instruction for full-time day pupils, also provide instruction for no fewer than 10,536 part-time pupils. These pupils take subjects for varying periods in the day and evening, and in most cases are taught by instructors who are also engaged in teaching full-time pupils during the day.

From the statement of expenditure and recoveries the following is the cost per pupil based on average attendance at public schools, at the junior high schools under the Auckland Board, at the public schools in the Chatham Islands, and at the Department's Correspondence School (primary department): Primary—including buildings, £10 5s. 8d.; excluding buildings, £9 12s. 11d.

The cost per child for elementary education in England and Wales for the year 1930-1931 was £13 2s. 6d.*

No significant amount.

^{*} This, however, includes school medical services, provision of meals for undernourished children, evening play centres, and nursery schools (somewhat similar to New Zealand kindergartens).