Session II. 1923.

NEW ZEALAND.

EDUCATION OF NATIVE CHILDREN.

[In continuation of E.-3, 1922.]

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency

CONTENTS.

No. 1.—Extract from Report of Minister			Page	No. 3.—Detailed Tables :—	Page
No. 2.—Report of the Inspector of Native New Schools, &c.			5	Table H1. Native Schools and Teachers	 11
Attendance, &c			5	H2. Attendance at Schools	 15
Native Village Schools			5	H3. Higher Education	 17
Mission Schools Secondary Native Schools		• •	$\frac{6}{6}$	H4. Maori Children at Public Schools	 17
School Buildings and Grounds Inspection of Schools	3		$\frac{\ddot{6}}{6}$	H5. Classification of Maori Childre Public Schools	 18
General Remarks			7	H6. Race of Children	18
Secondary Education Scholarships, &c		• •	9 10	H7. Ages and Standards	 20
Concluding Remarks	• •	• •	10	H8. Summary of Expenditure	 20

No. 1.

EXTRACT FROM THE FORTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

EDUCATION OF NATIVE CHILDREN.

Number of Schools.

The primary education of Maori children living in districts principally settled by Natives is provided by means of Native village schools specially instituted by the Government and under the direct control of the Education Department. All of these schools (numbering 127 at the end of 1922) excepting two are situated in the North Island. The schools were graded as follows:—

Grade	I (average attendance 9-20)	 	 	19
,,	II i (average attendance 21–25)	 	 	14
,,	II ii (average attendance 26–35)	 	 	27
,,	IIIA i (average attendance 36-50)	 	 	30
,,	IIIa ii (average attendance 51–80)	 	 	28
,,	IIIB (average attendance 81–120)	 	 	8
,,	IVA (average attendance 121–160)	 	 c 5	1
	Total			197

In addition to the Government schools there are in operation for the benefit of Maori children nine primary mission schools (three more than in 1921) and ten boarding-schools, the latter affording a rather more advanced educational programme. These schools have been established by private enterprise, but they are inspected by the Department's officers, and the Government provides a number of free places for Maori children at the boarding-schools. Maori children living in districts more or less settled by Europeans attend the ordinary public schools, 643 of these