Up till the present the examinations in arts and science have been conducted by examiners appointed in Great Britain. The Senate has now agreed to conduct these examinations up to pass grade in New Zealand by the appointment of external examiners in the several subjects, who will act in conjunction with the responsible teacher of the subject in each college.

The following table shows the principal receipts and payments of the University of New Zealand for the year 1921:—

Т	GENERAL	A acrossm
		ALCOHOLS

	Receip	ots.		£		Pa_i	yments.		£
Balance, 1st Janua	ry, 19 2 1			8,030	Transfer to	Ordinary '	Scholarship	Λc -	1,500
Statutory grant				4,000	count				
National endowme	$_{ m nt}$			3,416	National end	owment			3,416
Fees				19,894	Examinations	s			11,620
Miscellaneous	• •			514	Office salaries	and rents			1,998
					Expenses of S	Senate Sess	ions		673
					Miscellaneous				2,111
					English agent	·			3,356
					Suspense				28
					Balance, 1st	January,	1922 (inclu	ding	
							nglish agent)		11,152
			ā	$\mathfrak{t}35,854$					£35,854
			-						

II. -ORDINARY SCHOLARSHIP ACCOUNT.

Receipts.	£	Payments.	£
Balance, 1st January, 1921	28,775	Scholarships	2,985
Transfer from General Account	1,500	Balance, 1st January, 1922	28,674
Interest	1,384	, ,,	,
			
	£31,659		£31,659

In the above statements no account has been taken of special scholarships and prize funds.

AFFILIATED COLLEGES.

(Tables M1-M5.)

The number of students in attendance at the four University colleges in 1921 was 3,924, as compared with 3,672 in the preceding year. The figures for 1918, 1920, and 1921 are shown below, and it will be seen that the number of students has increased since the year 1918 by 83 per cent.

STUDENTS ATTENDING UNIVERSITY COLLEGES.

				1918.	1920.	1921.
Men	 		 	1,122	2,327	2,524
Women	 	• •	 	1,018	1,345	1,400
Totals	 		 	2.140	3.672	3.924

The students are classified as follows: Graduates, 162; undergraduates, 2,503; non-matriculated students, 1,259. In addition to the matriculated students mentioned above there were 199 students attached to the various University colleges, but exempt from lectures—that is, they were prevented by distance or by the necessity of earning their living from attending lectures at the college, but were allowed to keep terms by passing the annual college examination.

Of the 3,924 students attending University colleges, 1,656, or 41 per cent., were receiving free tuition, being the holders of scholarships, bursaries, or training-college studentships.

In addition to the students attending the four University colleges, fifty-three students, of whom six were Government-bursary holders and two were holders of Kitchener Scholarships, were taking an agricultural course of university grade at the Lincoln Agricultural College in Canterbury.

Of the students attending the colleges 2,987 are returned as taking definite courses as follows: Arts, 1,061; law, 543; medicine, 403; commerce, 256; engineering, 254; science, 192; dentistry, 89; music, 82; home science, 71; architecture, 23; and agriculture, 13.