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EDUCATION OF MAORI CHILDREN.

[In continuation of E.-3, 1917.]

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency.

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No. 1.

EXTRACT FROM THE FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

EDUCATION OF NATIVE CHILDREN.

Number of Schools.

There were 118 Native village schools, including two side schools, in operation at the end of the year 1917, the number being the same as for the previous year. During the year one new school was established, and two schools were reopened, while one school was transferred to the Auckland Education Board, one school was permanently closed, and a third was closed temporarily towards the end of the year. With the exception of two, all of the Native village schools are situated in the North Island.

In addition to the Native village schools, three primary mission schools for Maori children and ten boarding-schools affording more advanced education to Maoris were inspected by the Inspectors of Native Schools. Throughout the Dominion there were 574 public schools at which Maori children were in attendance, this number being seventy-three more than the corresponding number for the previous year. Thus the total number of schools under inspection where Maori children were receiving instruction was—

Native village schools	 partment	$\frac{118}{3}$
Public schools at which Maori scholars were in attendance		
Total number of primary schools		 695
Native boarding-schools affording secondary education to Maoris		 10
Total	•	705

The following table shows the number of Native village schools classified according to grade for the years 1916 and 1917:—

			1916.	1917.
Grade	I (average attendance 9-20)	 	 13	16
. ,,	IIi (average attendance 21-25)	 	 16	19
,,	Hii (average attendance 26-35)	 	 25	26
,,	IIIai (average attendance 36-50)	 	 39	33
,,	IIIaii (average attendance (51-80)	 	 16	15
,,	IIIB (average attendance 81-120)	 	 7	8
,,	IVA (average attendance 121-160)	 	 2	1
			118	118

New Buildings.

New school buildings were completed at Pamapuria early in the year, and the erection of new buildings was put in hand at Moerangi. The erection of temporary buildings at Ruatahuna has been undertaken by the Maoris and is nearing completion. Additional class-room accommodation was provided at three schools during the year, and the increased attendance at several other schools will necessitate in these cases, likewise, the provision of additional accommodation.

Roll Number and Attendance.

The number of pupils on the rolls of Native village schools at the end of 1917 was—Boys, 2,697; girls, 2,476: total, 5,173. Included in these numbers are 292 boys and 259 girls who are Europeans, leaving 4,622 Maori children—62 more than in 1916. The following are some figures for the years 1916 and 1917 in connection with the attendance at Native village schools:—

			1916.	1917.
Number on rolls at end of year		 	 5,132	5,173
Average weekly roll number		 	 5,190	5,191
Average yearly attendance		 	 4,504	4,507
Percentage of regularity of attend	lance	 	 86.8	86.8

The average weekly roll number, average attendance, and percentage of regularity of attendance were practically the same in 1917 as in 1916. The percentage of regularity of attendance (86.8) in view of the special conditions applicable to Native schools, may be regarded as sufficiently good. Of the 118 schools, thirty-eight gained over 90 per cent. in regularity of attendance, while twenty-one failed to reach 80 per cent.

The number of pupils on the rolls of the Native mission schools at the end of 1917 was 124, and on the rolls of Native boarding-schools 487. The total number of children on the roll, at the end of the year, of Native village, mission, and boarding-schools visited and inspected by the Inspectors of this Department was therefore 5,784. The following are the figures for the years 1916 and 1917 in respect of the three classes of Native schools mentioned:—

		1916.	1917.
Combined rolls of Native schools	 	 5,709	5,784
Combined average weekly roll number	 	 5,789	5,806
Combined average yearly attendance	 	 5,054	5,073
Percentage of regularity of attendance	 	 87.3	87.4

The increase in the development of the Native village schools since the year 1881, when they were transferred to the control of this Department, is shown in the following table:—

NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS.—NUMBER, ATTENDANCE, AND TEACHERS.

	Year. Se at		Number		Aronoro	Average Attendance		Num	ber of Tea	chers.	
			Year. Schools		Mean of Average Weekly Roll.	Mean Ol Attendance		Teachers in Charge.		Assistant Teachers.	
		!	Year.			Weekly Roll.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	mistresses
1881			60		1,406		54	6		4	48
1886			69	2,343	2,020	86.2	60	9		26	30
1891			66	2,395	1,837	76.7	59	8	t	26	37
1896	• •		74	2,874	2,220	77:3	64	11.		61	16
1902			98	3,650	3,005	82.3	77	20	٠.	83	11
1907			. 99	4,321	3,561	82.4	82	18	2	105	3
1912			108	4,644	4,042	87	86	22	4.	122	2
1914			115	5,053	4,385	86.7	. 87	27	4	122	3
1915		٠.	117	5,232	4,604	88	- 81	33	7	123	
1 9 16		٠.	118	5,190	4,504	86.8	79	37	8	123	2
1917			118	5,191	4,507	86.8	71	45	9	122	1

No account is taken in the above table of a number of schools that have from time to time been transferred to the various Education Boards. Table H2 in E.-3 supplies the information for each school in regard to roll number and average attendance.

In addition to the Maori children in attendance at the schools specially instituted for Natives, there were 4,747 Natives attending 574 public schools in December, 1917, as compared with 4,628 pupils attending 501 public schools in 1916. These figures showed a considerable decrease in 1915 and 1916, and it is satisfactory to note that the falling tendency has been checked, the figures again being higher than they were in 1915. Details as to the age and classification of these pupils will be found in Table H5 of E.-3, from which it appears that the great majority of their number are in the lower classes, the proportion of pupils reaching the higher standards being much smaller than in the case of Maoris attending Native schools.

The total number of children of Maori or of mixed race on the rolls of primary Native schools, public schools, Native mission schools, and secondary Native schools, together with such pupils as were receiving special technical training, at the end of the year 1917 was as follows:—

1. Primary schools					
(a.) Ğovernment Nati	ve sel	\mathbf{nools}	 	 4,622	
(b.) Mission schools			 	 124	
(c.) Public schools			 	 4.,747	
					9,493
11. Secondary schools			 	 • • •	489
111. Special technical training	g		 	 	3
'Total			 	 	9,985

Classification of Pupils.

Tables H6, H6A, H6B, and H7 give full information as to the races and classification of pupils on the rolls of the Native schools. As will be seen, 85.8 per cent. were Maoris speaking Maori in their homes, 3.5 were Maoris speaking English in their homes, and 10.7 per cent. were Europeans.

In comparing Native schools and public schools with respect to the percentages of children in the various classes it will be found that in Native schools there is a larger percentage in the lower classes. The proportion of children at the various ages corresponds, however, very closely in the two classes of schools. The following table shows in a summary form the classification of pupils in Native schools, the percentages of pupils in the various classes in public schools and in the case of Natives attending public schools being also shown for comparison:—

			•					Per	centage of l	Roll.
		Classes.			Maoris attending Native Schools.	Europeans attending Native Schools.	Total attending Native Schools.	Native Schools.	Public Schools.	Natives attending Public Schools.
Preparator	v				2,088	181	2,269	43.9	35:14	53.6
Standard	Ĭ				591	64	655	12.7	12.90	15.5
,,	11				635	61	696	13.4	12.75	12.2
	Ш	• •			522	69	591	11.4	12.14	9.3
	IV				379	64	443	8.5	10.93	5.6
,,	V				247	61	308	6.0	9.52	2.6
,,	V1				143	46	189	3.7	6.46	1.2
	⁷] [• •	• •	• •	17	5	22	0.4	0.16	

Efficiency of the Schools.

In the opinion of those qualified to judge, the Native school compares very favourably in general efficiency with the public school of similar size and similarly situated. Inspectors of public schools, who during the last two years have inspected and examined a number of Native schools, speak very highly in their reports of the work done in these schools, in some instances the general conduct of the Native schools being held up as an example to public schools. The testimony of European parents who from choice or necessity send their children to Native schools also goes to prove that the standard of merit attained in these schools in no wise falls short of that reached in public schools. In addition it should be said that, in the many instances in which the teachers enter into the true spirit of their work, the Native school, besides providing for the education of the Maori children, becomes an uplifting and generally helpful influence in the community in which it is placed.

As in 1916, the work of the inspection and examination of Native schools was carried on in 1917 by the Inspector of Native Schools assisted by the Inspectors of Public Schools, to whom was assigned a certain proportion of the schools. The following figures give an estimate of the efficiency of the schools, as judged by the Inspectors for the years 1916 and 1917:—

J				N	umber c	f Schools.
					1916.	1917.
Very good to excellen	t	 	 		3 9	42
Satisfactory to good		 	 		65	66
Inferior to weak		 	 		11	10

The number of certificates of proficiency awarded was thirty-one, and of competency (S6) also thirty-one.

Natives attending Public Schools.

The remarks that have been made previously on the progress of Maori children attending public schools still unfortunately apply. Where no well-directed effort is made to assist them in mastering the English language the Maori

pupils go through their school-life with a heavy handicap, the consequence being that they fail to achieve results in such subjects as spelling, composition, history, and geography, comparable to those attained in Native schools. Writing, drawing, and handwork, are well done, such subjects being more or less independent of a thorough knowledge of the language. The Maoris' slow progress is largely attributed also to irregularity of attendance—a fault that is not at all marked in the cases of Natives attending their own schools.

Secondary Education and Free Places.

The Government has not instituted any schools especially for the secondary education of Maoris, but a number of such schools having been established and being maintained by various denominational bodies, the Government subsidizes them by providing at them a number of free places for all Maori children possessing the requisite qualifications. The free places are each of the value of £20 per annum, and tenable for two years. The roll number of these schools (ten in number) at the end of 1917 was 487, of which number forty-one boys and fifty-four girls held the free places referred to. Ninety-two of the free-place holders were ex-pupils of Native schools, and five were public-school scholars. The syllabus of work to be followed by free-place holders is prescribed by the Department, and is designed to secure such industrial training as is considered desirable in the case of Maoris: the boys learn agriculture and woodwork, and the girls take a domestic course. In addition to the free places mentioned, two Maori scholars held free places at ordinary secondary schools. The Makirini and Buller Scholarships were founded out of private bequests, and are tenable by Maori scholars at Te Aute College; four of these scholarships were awarded in 1917.

Senior free places are provided for boys in the form of industrial scholarships, which enable the holders to be apprenticed to suitable trades. These scholarships have not of late been eagerly sought after, the boys finding that they can secure higher wages in other ways. Senior free places for girls take the form of nursing-scholarships. Three of these free-place holders, having completed their day-pupil-ships, have become probationers on the staffs of public hospitals, and three others are about to commence their preliminary training.

Staffs and Salaries.

The staffs of Native village schools in December, 1917, included 71 male and 45 female head or sole teachers and 131 assistants. The average salary of male head or sole teachers was £206 0s. 5d., of female head or sole teachers £159 3s. 9d., and of both combined £187 18s. 1d. These figures show an advance on the average salaries for the previous year, which were £196 7s. 6d., £154 7s. 6d., and £182 19s. 7d. respectively. The average salary of the 122 female assistants was £84 9s. 7d., and of the nine male assistants £73 17s. 9d. The total expenditure on Native-school teachers' salaries and allowances for the year ending 31st March, 1918, was £33,360, the corresponding figure for the previous year being £32,334. In common with other public servants Native-school teachers were paid a war bonus in addition to their usual salaries, the total amount paid on this account in 1917–18 being £1,991.

Expenditure.

The total net expenditure on Native schools during the year ended the 31st March, 1918, was £43,821. The chief items of expenditure were teachers' salaries and allowances, £33,360; war bonus, £1,991; new buildings and additions, £2,464; maintenance of buildings, repairs, &c., £1,063; secondary education, £2,362; books and school requisites, £599; teachers' removal expenses, £522.

No. 2.

REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF NATIVE SCHOOLS.

SIR,--

31st May, 1918.

I have the honour to submit the following report on Native schools for the year 1917.

NEW SCHOOLS, ETC.

The number of schools in active operation at the end of 1916 was 118. During the year 1917 a new school was established at Kaitaha, East Coast; and two schools, Wharekahika, East Coast, and Te Whaiti, Urewera country, which had been closed temporarily towards the end of 1916, were reopened. Te Huruhi, Waiheke Island, which had ceased to fulfil its function as a Native school, was transferred to the Auckland Education Board; and Whangaruru, Bay of Islands, owing to the resignation of the teacher, was closed temporarily towards the end of the year. Port Waikato School, which had been carried on in buildings rented for the purpose, was, owing to decreased attendance, closed permanently. There were therefore at the end of the year 1917 118 Native schools in operation.

The school at Kaitaha (Whakawhitira), East Coast, was opened in buildings provided by the Maoris, and since the necessity for the establishment of a school in this part has been proved, steps are to be taken to provide more suitable and up-to-date buildings. The new buildings at Pamapuria—school and residence—were completed early in the year, and the erection of the necessary buildings at Moerangi, Raglan, was put in hand. In connection with the application for a school at Manutahi, East Coast, it has been decided to proceed with the establishment of a school. The applications for schools at Kopua and Karakanui, Kaipara Harbour, were declined, as it was considered that the children concerned could attend a public school in the district. With regard to Ruatahuna and Maungapohatu, Urewera country, the only progress to be reported is that the erection of temporary buildings at Ruatahuna has been undertaken by the Maoris and is nearing completion. During the year an application for the establishment of a school at Tihiomanono, East Coast, and the renewal of an application for a school at Werowero, Lake Ohia, were received by the Department, and in these cases the usual preliminary steps have been taken. In the latter case the Maoris offered to erect suitable buildings.

The request of the Auckland Education Board that on the grounds of efficiency the Motatau Public School, Bay of Islands, be taken over by the Department and administered as a Native school has been agreed to. The increased attendance at Whakarewarewa, Te Araroa, and Tikitiki made it necessary to provide additional class-room accommodation at these schools during the year. In several other schools increased accommodation will probably have to be provided.

At the request of the controlling authorities of the mission schools at *Hiruharama* and *Ranana*, Wanganui River, the inspection of the schools will be undertaken by the Department.

ATTENDANCE, ETC.

1. Native Village Schools.

The number of pupils on the rolls of the 118 village schools on the 31st December, 1917, was—Maoris, 4,622; Europeans, 551; total 5,173: an increase of 41 on the roll number of the previous year. The average weekly roll number for the year was 5,264, and the average attendance 4,558, the average percentage of regularity being 86.6, compared with 86.8 in the preceding year. In thirty-eight schools an average of over 90 per cent. of the possible attendance for the year was attained, Manaia School once more succeeding in securing the record for good attendance. Table H.-2, giving the respective attendances of the various schools, shows that in ninety-eight schools over 80 per cent. of the possible attendances was reached, the remaining schools failing to reach that percentage. When allowance is made for the difficulties and drawbacks under which the children in many instances attend school the position of many schools in the list is the reverse of creditable. At the close of the year 579 pupils gained good-attendance certificates.

2. Mission Schools.

The following mission schools—*Tokaanu* Convent School, *Matata* Convent School, and *Putiki* Mission School—were inspected and examined. The roll number of these schools at the end of the year was 124, the average roll number was 124, and the average percentage of regularity was 90.5.

3. Secondary Schools.

Ten secondary schools which have been established by various denominational bodies in the Dominion were visited and examined during the year. The combined roll number at the end of the year 1917 was 487, the average roll number was 491, and the average percentage of regularity was 92.5.

The following summary gives the particulars relating to the roll number and attendance of the three classes of schools in tabulated form :—-

Schools	•		Number.	Roll Number at the End of Year.	Average Weekly Roll Number.	Average Attendance.	Percentage of Regularity.
Native village Native mission Native secondary	••	• •	11 8 3 10	5,173 124 487	5,264 124 491	4,5 59 112 454	86·6 90·5 92·5
Totals	••		131	5,784	5.879	5,125	87.2

CLASSIFICATION.

The standard classification of the pupils in Native primary schools (including the three mission schools) as at the 31st December, 1917, is shown as follows:—

Classes	١.			Nυ	imber on Rol	l.
Standard	VII	 		 	27	
,,	VI	 	• •	 	199	
, ,,	V	 		 	319	
, ,,	IV	 		 	458	
,,	Ш	 		 	599	
,,	Π.	 		 	709	
,,	I	 		 	670	
Preparato	ory	 		 	2,316	
Tota	l	 ••		 	${5,297}$	

SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

The usually very satisfactory condition of the buildings as regards cleanliness has been well maintained throughout the year, and almost every school has been favourably reported upon in this respect. In a large majority of the schools the grounds are attractive and are kept in excellent order, the pupils contributing largely to this result. There is, however, quite a number of schools where comparatively little has been done in the direction of improvements, while in a few instances literally nothing has been done in the way of improving and beautifying the grounds by the planting of trees and shrubs, or in encouraging the pupils to have even a flower-garden in the grounds. The teachers of the schools referred to can have no just cause of complaint if they discover that the opportunity of exercising elsewhere such negative influence upon the environment of their schools is denied to them.

Some improvement in the attractiveness of the interior of the schoolrooms is noticeable; in many schools, however, more opportunity should be given to the pupils to assist in this direction. It is satisfactory to observe that in many schools steps have already been taken to provide a "Roll of Honour," on which are inscribed the names of ex-pupils who have taken part in the Great War. It seems very desirable that similar action should be taken by all schools.

ORGANIZATION.

The methods of teaching adopted in Native schools follow, generally speaking, those now recognized as being the most natural and effective, and in the great majority of schools they are applied with good results. In those schools the efficiency of which does not reach the level of "good," the principal weakness appears to be the lack of thoroughness in the teaching.

The construction of the time-tables as a rule shows careful preparation and a sound appreciation both of the relative importance of the various subjects and of the proper allocation of time to each.

A satisfactory improvement has been observed in the preparation of the schemes of work in a number of schools where the schemes were previously regarded as not quite satisfactory. In a considerable number of schools, however, it is still evident that the purpose and value of good schemes are not understood, and that they are regarded as documents to be prepared for the Inspector's benefit. In this connection it is also apparent that there is little preparation of lessons by several teachers, the result being a want of efficiency in their work as such.

The necessary details of the registers and the records are usually creditably entered and made up to date. In several schools the official-correspondence file is not kept as it should be, the consequence being that occasionally when some particular circular is asked for it cannot be found and the teacher offers the unsatisfactory explanation that in the issue of the circular his school must have been overlooked. In regard to the regulations relating to their schools, it is not uncommon to find teachers imperfectly conversant with their import, and, moreover, to be unaware of the existence of some of them.

In determining the promotions of their pupils the teachers with few exceptions show satisfactory discretion. Attention, however, must be drawn to the undue length of time spent by a considerable number of pupils in the preparatory division.

It is pleasing to observe that since the previous report was written several teachers have qualified for certificates; while some have obtained partial success and others have succeeded in improving their status by obtaining higher certificates.

INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS.

The inspection and examination of Native schools during the past year conformed with the system inaugurated in the previous year. New groups of schools were inspected by several of the Inspectors engaged in public-school work, and the efficiency of the schools was very favourably reported on. From the point of view of efficiency the village schools may be classified as follows: Very good to excellent, 42; satisfactory to good, 66; inferior to weak, 10.

During the year thirty-one certificates of proficiency and the same number of competency were

gained by pupils in the sixth standards of these schools.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The remarks upon the various subjects of the school course have been curtailed principally owing to the need for brevity, but also for the reason that the comments and suggestions made in last year's report are considered applicable in many respects to the conditions still existing.

English Subjects.—Reading; oral and written English; spelling and dictation; writing: In reading the chief defect, as was indicated in last year's report, is the absence of free thought-action, and of the power to express the thought-content of what is read. The importance of recitation is in many schools not appreciated, and consequently its value is negligible; in other schools the amount of work taken is much too small. Spelling, dictation, and writing are generally quite satisfactory.

English language: The results of the teaching in this subject have not yet reached a satisfactory standard in a considerable number of schools, and the schemes of work presented offer clear evidence that the teachers of the schools in question have very rudimentary ideas of how to proceed. In a previous report an indication of the points to be observed in drawing up a scheme of work in this subject was given, and during the past year the Department issued to all schools a pamphlet, "Teaching of English," which it was considered would prove helpful and instructive to teachers in preparing their schemes of work. It is to be expected that the publication will be put to better use than was found to be the case in one or two schools where the teachers had completely forgotten that they had received it. It is satisfactory to observe that the Native school teachers' journal, Te Waka Maori, is devoting a considerable amount of space to a discussion on the methods of teaching English in Native schools, and it is felt that such attention to the subject should be productive of good results.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

The following schools and colleges aim at providing a secondary training for Maori girls and boys: Queen Victoria Maori Girls' School, Auckland; St. Stephen's Boys' School, Auckland; Turakina Maori Girls' School, Wanganui; Hukarere Girls' School, Napier; St. Joseph's Convent School, Napier; Te Aute College, Hawke's Bay; Otaki College; Hikurangi Boys' College, Clareville; Waerenga-a-hika Boys' College, Gisborne; and Te Waipounamu Girls' School, North Canterbury. The foregoing institutions have been established by various denominational bodies, and maintained by revenues derived from lands held in trust, or by funds provided directly by the bodies concerned. No secondary schools have been established by the Government for the special purpose of providing that form of training which is regarded as most suitable for the Maori, and consequently a limited number of free places is provided by the Department at several of the institutions referred to above. The free places or scholarships are open to Maori children attending any school and eligible under the regulations. The syllabus of work for the holders of these free places or scholarships is prescribed by the Department and is designed to secure such industrial training as is considered in the case of Maoris most desirable: elementary practical agriculture and woodwork for boys, and domestic science (including cookery, laundry-work, sewing, and dressmaking, health and hygiene, first aid and nursing) for girls.

The number on the rolls of these schools at the end of 1917 was—boys, 231; girls, 256: total, 487. Of these pupils ninety-five were free-place holders—forty-one boys and fifty-four girls. One free place was also held at Sacred Heart College, Auckland, and one at Auckland Grammar School.

The results of the annual examinations in the Maori secondary schools referred to above indicate that in the great majority of them a high standard of efficiency is maintained. Several pupils were successful in passing the Public Service Entrance Examination at the end of the year. These schools undoubtedly afford a valuable training to the young Maoris, giving them a stimulus to practical activity and exerting a strong, healthy influence in shaping their destiny.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

A limited number of free places each of the value of £20 per annum and tenable for two years at one or other of the secondary schools referred to is provided by the Government for the Maori children who possess the requisite qualifications. Ninety-seven such free places were current at the end of 1917, ninety-two being held by pupils from Native village schools and five by scholars from public schools.

Senior free places for boys take the form of industrial scholarships and are available for boys who wish to learn some trade, such as saddlery, blacksmithing, engineering, carpentry, or farming. At the present time no industrial scholarships are current, the explanation being that under the present abnormal conditions boys can secure higher wages in other ways and with very little trouble.

In the case of Maori girls who are anxious to become nurses, senior free places in the form of nursing scholarships are offered to suitable and eligible Maori girls. Three girls—two at Auckland Hospital and one at Napier Hospital—having completed their day-pupilships, have become pro-

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bationers on the staff of the respective hospitals. Arrangements have been made for three other girls to commence their preliminary training in the hospitals referred to. The reports that have been received concerning the nurses who have qualified and are at present engaged in the work of nursing

indicate that they are doing useful work.

Te Makarini and Buller Scholarships.—These scholarships, which were founded out of private bequests, are tenable at Te Aute College, and may be competed for by Maori boys who are eligible to do so under the regulations. The syllabus of work prescribed for the examinations, and the regulations relating thereto, were arranged by the Department, which also conducts the examinations towards the close of each year. For the year 1917 the trustees were in a position to offer three Te Makarini Scholarships for competition-one senior scholarship and two junior scholarships-and in accordance with the decision of the trustees one junior scholarship was reserved for boys from Native village schools, the other scholarship being open to boys from any school. For the senior examination there were eight candidates—three from Te Aute College and five from St. Stephen's Boys' School. The work of these candidates was, generally speaking, good. The highest marks were gained by William Coates, of St. Stephen's Boys' School, who was accordingly awarded the scholar-The highest marks were The number of candidates for the junior examination was greater than for some years past, twelve candidates presenting themselves at the centres. Although the number showed an increase, it has again to be remarked that with more interest shown in the matter by the teachers the number would be much larger. For the scholarship reserved for Native village schools the highest marks were gained by Hopehuia Macfarlane, of Whakarewarewa Native School. This lad being unable to accept the scholarship, Tom Nepia, of Nuhaka Native School, who stood next on the list, was awarded the The "open" scholarship was awarded to Mahupuku Akuhata, of Te Aute College.

Six boys—three from Te Aute College and three from St. Stephen's Boys' School—competed for the Buller Scholarship, which was awarded to Robin Niwa Waerea, of Te Aute College. candidates did creditable work in the examination.

THE NATIVE SCHOOL.

The administration of Native schools by the Education Department dates from the year 1880, when fifty-seven Native schools, with a roll number of 1,300 pupils, were taken over from the Native During the years that have since elapsed the system has been extended greatly, and the schools now number 118, the roll number being now over 5,000 pupils. These figures do not represent, however, the real nature of the expansion, as since 1880 a very large number of schools having become European in character have been transferred to the control of Education Boards. side with this growth in the number of schools there has been distinct and steady progress in the efficiency of the Native schools, where it has been evident for years past that with perhaps a few exceptions the Maori children for many reasons make much better progress than they do in public schools. Experience and knowledge of the facts prove that the Native school from the point of view of efficiency does not suffer by comparison with the public school of similar grade and similarly situated, and there is abundant evidence that European children who, either from choice or by force of circumstances, attend Native schools suffer practically no disability in their education by so doing. The traditional legend, so readily accepted as gospel by those who have little or no knowledge of Native schools, that no work beyond that of Standard IV is attempted in Native schools does not find acceptance amongst the many European parents who often testify as to the progress made by their children. Excellent reports frequently come to hand concerning the progress of their children, who, by virtue of the possession of a proficiency certificate gained while attending Native schools, subsequently become pupils in secondary schools.

Educational experts who have inspected and examined a large number of Native schools during the past two years have spoken enthusiastically of them and have reported most favourably not only upon their general efficiency, but also upon the success of the work for which they were primarily established—viz., the education and uplifting of the Maori race. The following remarks are quoted from the report upon an isolated village school in a northern gumfield: "After a visit to this school one comes away with a regret that many of our European schools are not so excellently conducted. There is a keenness among the pupils that is quite refreshing. Almost the whole of the work could be classed as good; much of it was excellent. There is an excellent tone which is wholly due to the fine influence of the teachers. They seem to be a very fine combination." The school referred to is typical

of a very large number of Native schools.

The Maori people themselves highly appreciate the value and influence of their schools—which they regard as the most tangible expression of the Government's efforts in its national duty towards Such success as the Native school has attained is due to a combination of factors, the most important being the genuine interest taken by the great majority of the teachers in the children, their sympathy with the aspirations of the people in the various communities, and the consequent reciprocal attitude of the people, and also the departmental system of administration of the schools.

JNO. PORTEOUS,

The Director of Education, Wellington.

Inspector of Native Schools.

APPENDIX.

Table H 1. NATIVE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS.

List of Native Village Schools and the Names, Classification, Status, and Emoluments of the Teachers as in December, 1917.

In the column "Position in School," HM means Head Master; HF, Head Mistress; M, that there is a Master only; F, Mistress only; AM, Assistant Male Teacher; AF, Assistant Female Teacher. The names of teachers absent with the Expeditionary Forces are shown in E.-1, Appendix B.

Name of Scho	ool.	County.	Grade.	Average Attendance.	Teachers on the Staff at E	nd of Year.	Classification.	Position in School.	Annual Rates of Payment during Last Month of Year for Salary, including Lodg- ing-allowance.
Ahipara		Mangonui	Шв	86	Williams, Joseph W. Williams, Mary G. (Mrs.) Williams, Catherine B. O.		•••	H M A F A F	£ s. d. 225 0 0 105 0 0 50 0 0
Arowhenua		Geraldine	IIIa i	39	Hone, Mary Bremner, Hannah A. A Bremner, Esther P. N. N		Ď	AF HF AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Нариа	••	Mangonui	Шв	102	Vine, Henry G. Vine, Winifred M. (Mrs.) Vine, Effic L		D	H M A F A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 270 & 0 & 0 \\ 112 & 10 & 0 \\ 95 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Hiruharama	• •	Waiapu	IIIa i	48	Norman, Nellio Lee, John B Lee, Elizabeth E. (Mrs.).			AF HM AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 40 & 0 & 0 \\ 216 & 0 & 0 \\ 115 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Horocra	••	East Cape	Ηi	22	Kaua, Matekino H			HF	144 0 0
Kaikohe	••	Bay of Islands	Шв	99	Rangi, Bella		 Д	AF HM AF AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 75 & 0 & 0 \\ 250 & 0 & 0 \\ 115 & 0 & 0 \\ 40 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Kakanui		Helensville	II i	18	Erimana, Mere T. Bush, Lyonel J. S.		••	A F H M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Karetu	••	Bay of Islands	II i	25	Bush, Margaret R. (Mrs.) Johnson, Ida V. C. (Mrs.)		Ċ	A F H F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Karioi		Waimarino	II i	21	Grattan, Bessie J. Clarke, Rosa Hepetema, Alice .		Ď	AF HF AF	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 60 & 0 & 0 \\ 160 & 0 & 0 \\ 85 & 0 & 0 \end{array} $
Kenana		Mangonui	I	17	Richardson, Marie J.			F	110 0 0
Kirioke		Bay of Islands	IIIa i	46	Grahame, Bruce . Grahame, Mabel (Mrs.) .			(temp) H M A F	209 0 0 95 0 0
Kokako	••	Wairoa	IIIa ii	52	Smith, Hugh P Smith, Alma E. (Mrs.) .		Ċ	HMAF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Manaia	••	Coromandel	IIIa i	38	Greensmith, Edwin . Greensmith, Isabella C. (I		D	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 235 & 0 & 0 \\ 115 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Mangamaunu Mangamuka	••	Kaikoura Hokianga	I IIIa i	13 41	Barnes, Ellen L		 D	F H M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Mangatuna	••	Waiapu	III.a i	38	Cameron, Margaret Scammell, William H. Scammell, Agnes E. (Mrs.			AF HM AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 198 & 0 & 0 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Maraeroa	••	Hokianga	IIIa i	40	Hulme, Maggie (Mrs.) . Hulme, Russell H.			H F	202 10 0 105 0 0
Matangirau	••	Whangaroa	IIIa i	43	Patience, Frederick . Patience, Evelyn G. (Mrs			H M A F	198 0 0 105 0 0
Mataora Bay Matapihi	• •	Ohinemuri Tauranga	I II ii	12 27	Hall, Annie E. Clark, Catherine E. (Mrs.)		E	F H F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 117 & 0 & 0 \\ 190 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Matata	••	Whakatane	II ii	31	Clark, Herbert E. Dyer, M. E. (Mrs.)		•••	A M H F (temp)	$\begin{array}{cccc} 60 & 0 & 0 \\ 140 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Matihetihe		Hokianga	II i	22	Ramsay, Eileen . Minchin, Zara		 D	AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 60 & 0 & 0 \\ 140 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Maungatapu		Tauranga	IIIa ii	52	Matini, Ratareria . Roach, Patrick .		ö	HM	60 0 0 240 0 0
Moerangi		Raglan	II ii	26	Roach, Ruby Benjamin, Julia			A F F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 135 & 0 & 0 \\ 171 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Motiti Island	••	Tauranga	II i	22	Clench, Charles McD Clench, Mary I. (Mrs.) .		··	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Motuti	••	Hokianga	II ii	29	Leef, Kathleen			H F A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Nuhaka	••	Wairoa	иШ	96	South, Moses South, Emma S. (Mrs.) .		E	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
					Guest, Frances L Arthur, Jessie S		•••	AF AF	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 75 & 0 & 0 \\ 60 & 0 & 0 \end{array} $

^{*} Also £30 house allowance.

Table H1—continued.

LIST OF NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS, ETC.—continued.

Name of Scho	ool.	County	Grade.	Average Attendance.	Teachers on the Staff at End of Year.	Classification.	Position in School.	Annual Rates of Payment during Last Month of Year for Salary, including Log-
Ohacawai		Bay of Island	ls IIIa i	39	Young, James Young, Alice G. (Mrs.)	B	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ohautira			. I	19	Thompson, Garnett J		M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Okautete Omaio	• •		1 1111 A i	13 48	Ward, Violet Coughlan, William N	••	HМ	$198 \ 0 \ 0$
Omanaia		Hokianga .	ППлі	45	Coughlan, Isabella A. M. (Mrs.) Nisbet, Robert J.	••	A F H M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Omarumutu		Opotiki .	111a ii	65	Nisbet, Janet (Mrs.) Mackay, Gordon	$\ddot{\mathrm{D}}$	AF HM	$\begin{array}{cccc} 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 230 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Omai umaca	••	Onotini			Mackay, Jane (Mrs.) Hamiora, Rangikahuawe		AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Oparure		Waitomo .	IIIa i	46	Timbers, Arthur D	D	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
				[Timbers, Joaquina Q. (Mrs.) Mauriohooho, Sarah		AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Opoutere	• •	Thames .	11 ii	30	Grindley, George Grindley, Catherine		H M A F	50 0 0
Orauta		Bay of Island	ds III.a i	43	Kelly, Felix	D	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 240 & 0 & 0 \\ 126 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Oromahoe		Bay of Island	ds II ii	28	Holland, Dorice M	A	H F A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 140 & 0 & 0 \\ 75 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Oruanvi		East Taupo	Пі	21	Hayman, Frederick J	E	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Otangaroa		Whangaroa		19	Clough, Doris E		F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Otaua '	• •	Hokianga	IIIa i	45	Gubb, Lester F	• • •	AF	110 0 0
Owhataiti		Whakatane	11 ii	33	Bridge, Emma L	::	AF HF	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Pacroa		Tauranga	IIIa ii	51	Geissler, Aimée M	ъ	AF HF	$egin{array}{cccc} 136 & 0 & 0 \ 240 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Pamapuria -			II i	19	Baker, Henrietta A		AF HM	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Pamoana		Waimarino	.	15	Crene, Edith (Mrs.) Heatly, Alice D'O. (Mrs.)		A F F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 70 & 0 & 0 \\ 110 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
		į	222.11	35			(temp) H F	198 0 0
Papamoa	• •	Tauranga	11 ii	อย	Hennessey, Ellen M		A F Sub.	120 0 0 [85 0 0]
Paparore		Mangonui	Шаі	39	Paraire, Polly Richards, Hilda E. I		H F	198 0 Ö
			37	90	Richards, Verca I. M	'	A F H F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Parapara	• •	0	II ii	29	Church, Lilian	 D	AF	75 0 0 240 0 0
Parawera	• •	West Taupo		48	Herlihy, Patrick		AF	105 0 0
Parikino	• •	Wanganui	11 i	22	Walker, Henry McN	 D	H M A F	105 0 0
Pawarenga		Hokianga	II ii	28	Foley, Hugh M	В	HMAF	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Pipiriki		Wanganui	II ii	34	Gillanders, Catherine E	C	H F A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Poroporo		Whakatane	111a ii	61	Ryde, Henry J	D	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		i			Ryde, Emma G. (Mrs.)	::	AF HM	40 0 0 218 10 0
Poroti	• •	Auckland	II i	21	Thompson, Richard H	••	AF	105 0 0
Pukehina	••	Rotorua	II ii	30	Burgoyne, Annette Burgoyne, Constance	••	AF	144 0 0 60 0 0
Pukepoto	••	Mangonui	111a ii	51	Clark, Olive J. M. (Mrs.) Clark, William M	В 	H F A M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Rakaunui	••		T II ii	$\begin{array}{c c} 9 \\ 27 \end{array}$	Thompson, Alfreda H	ë	HF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 110 & 0 & 0 \\ 210 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Ranana	••			36	Marcroft, Henry D Alford, Edward H. M	• •	A M H M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Rangiahua	••				Alford, F. Jane (Mrs.)	••	A F M	$\begin{array}{cccc} 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 170 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Rangiawhia Rangitahi	• •	Mangonui Whakatane	I 111A i	19 40	Taua, Wiremu H Jamison, Mary	••	H F A F	171 0 0 75 0 0
Rangitukia		 Waiapu	Шв	82	Arama, Ngarongo Hope, John	22	нм	237 10 0
		_			Hope, Agnes (Mrs.) Webb, Doris M	E	AF	115 0 0 85 0 0
Rangiwaca si	de se	hool (see unde	r T _i e Kotuku	tuku).	Korimete, Janie	••	AF	40 0 0
Raukokore	•••	Opotiki	IIIa i	43	Saunders, William S	• •	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		337	TT ::	99	King, Edmund A	C	HM	235 0 0
Reporua	• •	Waiapu	II ii	22	(Milner, Keriana		AF	110 0 0

Table H1—continued.

LIST OF NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS, ETC.—continued.

Name of School.	County.	Grade.	Average . Attendance.	Teachers on the Staff at End of Year.	Classification.	Position in School.	Annual Rates of Payment during Last Month of Year for Salary, including Log-ing-allowance.
Ruatoki	Whakatane	Шв	98	Mahoney, Cornelius Mahoney, Harriet (Mrs.) Mahoney, Flora M. L.	C E 	H.M AF AF	£ s. d. 280 0 0 135 0 0 85 0 0
Taemaro Taharoa	Mangonui Kawhia	II i II i	22 20	Ratema, Rangitiaria Stacey, Vernon Rayner, Henry H.		AF M H.M	$\begin{array}{cccc} 75 & 0 & 0 \\ 171 & 0 & 0 \\ 198 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Takahiwai	Whangarei	II i	22	Rayner, Flora (Mrs.)	1	A F H M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tangoio	Wairoa	Пi	24	Arthur, Cyril L	E	A F H M	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tanoa	Otamatea	Πi	23	Woodhead, Ambler	Ď	A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tautoro	Bay of Islands	ii II	33	England, Walter	ö	A F H M A F	$egin{array}{cccc} 70 & 0 & 0 \ 225 & 0 & 0 \ 105 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
To Ahuahu To Araroa	Bay of Islands Waiapu	II ii IVa	29 123	Edmonds, Dora E. M		H M A F A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 135 & 0 & 0 \\ 220 & 0 & 0 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 85 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
To Haroto	Wairoa	II ii	28	Puha, Heni te A	D	AF HF AM	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Te Horo	Whangarei	II ii 	34	Wall, Harry Wall, Fanny S. M		H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
To Kaha	Opotiki	HIA ii	65	Cato, Anson H		H M A F A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 199 & 10 & 0 \\ 95 & 0 & 0 \\ 25 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Te Kao	Mangonui	TIIA ii	52	Watt, Archibald H		H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 189 & 0 & 0 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Te Kotukutuku and Rangiwaca (side school)		IIIA i	46	Dale, Francis A	C C	AF HM AF AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 75 & 0 & 0 \\ 220 & 0 & 0 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 117 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Te Mahia Te Matai	Wairoa Tauranga	IIIA i IIIA i	41	Handcock, Georgina Handcock, Martha A Godwin, Horace P. E	D	AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
				Blathwayt, Ellen E. C	•••	H M A F A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 211 & 10 & 0 \\ 126 & 0 & 0 \\ 60 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Te Pupuke		IIIA i	40	Cumber, Kenneth M. H	C	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 150 & 0 & 0 \\ 75 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Te Rawhiti	Bay of Islands	II ii	28	Barnett, Sarah H		H F (acting A F) 171 0 0 95 0 0
Te Reinga	Cook	II ii	31	Wright, Percy		(temp) H M	189 0 0
Te Teko	Whakatane	IIIa ii	53	Wright, Rebecca (Mrs.)	1 .	AF H, M AF	$egin{array}{cccc} 85 & 0 & 0 \ 228 & 0 & 0 \ 85 & 0 & 0 \ \end{array}$
Te Waotu	West Taupo	IIIa i	42	(Vacant.) Proctor, Florence M. (Mrs.) Proctor, William	C	H F A M	210 0 0 95 0 0
Te Whaiti	Whakatane	I	12	Jones, Effie I		A F F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 35 & 0 & 0 \\ 110 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Tikitiki	Waiapu	Шв	86	Sinclair, Donald W. E		(temp) H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccc} 216 & 0 & 0 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Tokaanu	East Taupo	IIIa i	34	Walker, Elizabeth (Mrs.) (Vacant.) Wykes, Elva H		AF	85 0 0 180 0 0
Tokomaru Bay	Waiapu	ii alll	54	McIntyre, John	D	(acting H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Torere .	Opotiki	IIIa i	48	Haerewa, Areta Drake, Armine G.		A F H M	$\begin{array}{ccc} 75 & 0 & 0 \\ 216 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Tuhara	Wairoa	IIIa i	45	Drake, Rosalind (Mrs.)	C	AF HM	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tuparoa .	Waiapu	IIIa ii	61	Guest, Lilian R. (Mrs.)		AF HF AF	$\begin{array}{cccc} 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 216 & 0 & 0 \\ 115 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Waihua	Wairoa	1	15	Couper, Dorothy E. W	Ţ	A F	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & 0 & 0 \\ 110 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Wai-iti	Rotorua	IIIa i	37	Munro, John B. Munro, Florence M. (Mrs.)		H M A F	240 0 0 105 0 0
Waikare	Bay of Islands	IIIai	45	Jordan, Mary	C	AF HM AF AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Table H 1—continued.
LIST OF NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS, ETC.—continued.

Name of School.	County.	Grade.	Average Attendance.	Teachers on the Staff at End of Year.	Classification.	Position in School.	Annual Rates of Eayment during Last Month of Year for Salary, including Lodging-lagallowance.
Waikeri	Hokianga	II ii	28	Topia, Ellena		HF	£ s. d. 135 0 0
Waima	Hokianga	IIIa ii	52	Topia, Heni H	Ü	AF HM	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waimahana side school (see under				Nisbet, Mary M	••	AF	110 0 0
Waiotapu). Waimamaku	Hokianga	II ii	29	Hodson, Susan		H F A F	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waimarama	Hawke's Bay	Il i	23	Anderson, William Anderson, Mabel (Mrs.)		H M A F	135 0 0 35 0 0
Waiomatatini	Waiapu	THA ii	53	Owen, Sarah A. (Mrs.) Owen, Henry	Ď	H F A M	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waiomio	Bay of Islands	II ii	34	Lloyd, Kate B.		HF AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waiorongomai	Waiapu	II i	20	Astall, Annie (Mrs.)	•••	HF	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waiotapu and Waimahana (side school)	Whakatane	HIA i	38	Zimmerman, Johannes E. Zimmerman, E. C. (Mrs.)	Ċ	H M A F	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waioweka	Opotiki	IIIa i	37	Watkin, Arthur A	D	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Waitahanui	East Taupo	II ii	27	West, William E.	้ม	H M A F	200 0 0 85 0 0
Waitapu Whakaki	Hokianga Wairoa	I IIIa i	16 43	Lisle, Frank		M H M	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 171 & 0 & 0 \\ 210 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$
Whakarapa	Hokianga	IIIa ii	63	Mackay, Emily M. Johnston, George Johnston, Mary E. (Mrs.)	D D	A F H M A F	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Whakarara	Whangaroa	11 i	23	Blair, Susan Bell, Adelaide (Mrs.)	$\ddot{\mathbf{E}}$	AF	35 0 0 140 0 0
Whakarewarewa	Rotorua	Шв	107	Bell, Andrew C. Banks, Joseph	••	AM HM AF AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Whakawhitira	Waiapu	II ii	27	Irwin, Ellenor A	•••	AF HF AF	$egin{array}{cccc} 70 & 0 & 0 \ 126 & 0 & 0 \ 75 & 0 & 0 \ \end{array}$
Whangaparaoa Whangape	Opotiki Hokianga	I IIIa i	13 49	Savage, Hilda	• • •	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Whangara	Cook	II_i	25	Frazer, William	••	H M A F	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Whangaruru Wharekahika	Bay of Islands Waiapu	IIIa'i IIIa'i	40	(Vacant). Tawhiri, Riwai H	с С	нм	190 0 0
Whareponga	Waiapu	II ii	27	Patterson, Alice (Mrs.)	• •	AF	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Whirinaki	Hokianga	IIIa ii	59	Gillespie, Mary D. Black, William Black, Sarah (Mrs.)	:; Ъ	AF HM AF	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
				Dargaville, Martha	••	AF	70 0 0
				Total	• •	•••	32,762 10 0

Table H2.
List of the Native Village Schools, with the Attendance of the Pupils for the Year 1917.

[In this list the schools are arranged according to regularity of attendance, shown in the last column.]

						School Roll,		e At.	ttend entage Rol	
	Sch	ools.			Number belonging at End of Year 1916.	Number belonging at End of Year 1917.	Average Weekly Number. (Mean of the Four Quarters.)	Mean of Average Attendance of Four Quarters, 1917.	Begularity of Attendance: Percentage Of Weekly Roll	
	(1	.)			(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)	
lanaia					40	37	38.10	37.68	98.9	
lataora Bay			• •		10	13	12.45	12.21	98.	
Vhakarewarewa	• •	• •	• •	• •	98	118	108.97	106.69	97.9	
e Kao	• •	• •	• •	• •	59	$\frac{53}{22}$	53.65	52.29	97.6 97.0	
lotiti Island latapihi	• •	• • •	• •		$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 28 \end{array}$	32	$22.78 \\ 27.32$	$22.09 \\ 26.33$	96.4	
amoana		• • •	• •	::	$\frac{23}{23}$	16	15.20	14.50	95.4	
Vhangape	••				47	49	51.55	48.35	93.8	
ukepoto					47	57	54.71	51.24	93.7	
angiawhia	• •			••	18	22	19.35	18.11	93.0	
ipiriki	• •	• •	• •	• •	34	37	36.80	34.41	93.6	
maio	• •	• •	• •	• • •	52 65	53	51.68	48.17	93.2	
e Kaha Vhakawhitira	• •	• •	• •	•••	65	$\begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 31 \end{array}$	$69.32 \\ 27.43$	$64.55 \\ 25.54$	93·1 93·1	
e Waotu	• •	• •	• •	• •	55	43	45.25	42.00	92.8	
marumutu	::	• • •		::	64	66	70.14	65.03	92.7	
arawera					$5\overline{2}$	51	51.63	47.64	92.3	
[atihetihc(1)		• •			22	26	23.34	21.51	92.2	
angoio					20	24	23.56	21.72	92-	
e Reinga	• •		• •	••	39	33	33.63	30.98	92.2	
aukokore	• •	• •	••	••	52	45	46.60	42.92	92.1	
7ai-iti 7ai-mio	••	• •	• •	••	$\frac{54}{39}$	40	40.28	37.05	92·(92·(
Vaiomio Vaiomatatini		• •	• •	••	39 45	35 63	$\frac{36.82}{57.20}$	$33.86 \\ 52.58$	91.9	
manaia		• •	• • •	::	45	53	49.62	45.38	91.5	
aungatapu		• • •	• • •	::	57	55	56.89	51.93	91.3	
e Teko					54	60	57.60	52.60	91.8	
akanui					26	17	19.85	18.08	91.1	
harekahika(2)						49	44.07	40.16	91.1	
apua .		• •	• •	••	127	107	112.22	101.97	90.9	
irioke .	• •	• •	• •	• • •	46	49	51.02	46.35	90.8	
ikitiki	• •	• •	• •	• •	96	97	94.22	85.45	90.7	
aikohe autoro	. • •	• •	• •	•••	$\frac{106}{30}$	109 34	109·00 35·96	$\begin{array}{c} 98.78 \\ 32.57 \end{array}$	90·6	
uhara	• •	• •		::	53	46	49.98	45.14	90.3	
aharoa		• • •			23	23	21.76	19.62	90.2	
/aimarama				.,	25	$\frac{25}{25}$	25.53	23.02	90.2	
enana					22	16	18.32	16.51	90.1	
poutere					32	32	33.55	30.16	89-9	
e Ahu Ahu		• •	• •	• • •	30	37	32.05	28.81	89.9	
akahiwai	• •	• •	• •	~	26	23	24.11	21.62	89.7	
hautira	• •	• •	• •	••	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 23 \end{array}$	24	21.30	19.08	89.6	
e Haroto(1) hacawai	• •	• •	• •	• •	23 44	$\frac{26}{47}$	30·99 43·50	27·75 38·85	89-5 89-3	
tangaroa	• •	• •	• •		18	23	21.31	19.04	89.8	
latangirau	• •		• •	::	42	48	48.75	43.42	89.1	
Zaima	• •		• • •	::	46	67	58.79	52.24	88.9	
hareponga			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		26	33	28.03	24.89	88-8	
orere					56	54	$54 \cdot 17$	48.02	88.6	
aeroa	• •				58	53	56.97	50.42	88-5	
parure	• •	• •	• •	• •	60	42	51.91	45.88	88.4	
hakaki	• •	• •	• •	••	46	49	48.50	42.81	88 8	
hangaparaoa Rawhiti	• •	• •	• •	••	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 34 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 32 \end{array}$	14.52	$12.81 \\ 28.14$	88·2 88·1	
e Rawhiti arapara	• •	• •	• •		34 29	32 38	$31.95 \\ 33.28$	28·14 29·27	88.0	
okako	• •	• •	• •		71	54	58·70	51·61	87.9	
angitukia		• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. ::	95	99	93.52	82.20	87.9	
hirinaki		• • •			62	69	67.03	58.92	87.9	
hipara	••				90	105	97.89	85.85	87.	
eporua				• •	43	36	36.51	31.91	87.4	
iemaro(3)	• •	• •		••	23	26	25.10	21.83	87.0	
aretu	• •		• •	••	28	25	28.77	25.00	86.9	
araeroa	• •	• •	• •	••	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 27 \end{array}$	44	45.75	39.69	86.8	
hakarara taua	• •	• •	• •	••	54	27 51	26·33 51·68	$22.85 \\ 44.77$	86·8 86·6	
taua oroti	• •	• •	• •		26	22	24.33	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{44.77} \\ \textbf{21.07} \end{array}$	86·6	
aikare	• •	• • •	• •		59	43	52.02	44.98	86.6	
ukaka	• • •	••	• • •		104	106	110.78	95.66	86.4	
oroporo		••			62	69	71.13	61.28	86.2	
/hangaruru(4)			• •	••	39		37.45	32.25	86.1	
akaunui	• •		• •		13	10	10.52	9.03	85.8	
apamoa	• •	• •			45	43	40.56	34.65	85.4	
arikino e Mahia	• •	• •	• •	•••	22 40	29 40	25.43	21.71	85·4 85·2	
			• •	• • •		40	47.44	40.43	Vh.	

⁽¹⁾ Opened second quarter.

⁽²⁾ Reopened second quarter.

Table H2-continued. LIST OF THE NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS, WITH THE ATTENDANCE OF THE PUPILS, ETC .- continued

						School Roll.	Four 7.	ttend: intage Boll	
	School	s. ,		ļ	Number belonging at End of Year 1916.	Number belonging at End of Year 1917.	Average Weekly Number. (Mean of the Four Quarters.)	Mean of Average Attendance of Four Quarters, 1917.	Regularity of Attendance: Percentage of Weekly Boll
	(1.)				(2.)	(3.)	(4.)	(5.)	(6.)
'e Araroa					134	137	138-37	117-64	85.0
Vaikeri	••				35	29	32.34	27.46	84.9
romahoe	• •		• •	••	32	31	32.93	27.93	84.8
e Pupuke rauta	• •	• •	• •		39 44	$\frac{49}{51}$	47.25 50.84	$40.01 \\ 42.97$	84·7 84·5
kautete	• •	• •	• • •	•••	13	15	15.70	13.23	84.3
Horo	• •	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		44	37	40.07	33.79	84.3
e Kotukutuku a	nd Rang	giwaca 1	Side		52	48	55.33	46.59	84.2
aimamaku	• •	• •	• •	••	32	36	33.952	28.52	84.0
angitahi rowhenua	• •	• •	• •	• • •	44 43	$\begin{array}{c} 48 \\ 48 \end{array}$	48.07 46.67	40·31 38·95	83·9 83·5
otuti		• •	• •	::	33	33	33.82	28.25	83.5
aiotapu and Wa					50	45	45.77	38.07	83.2
awarenga	• •,				31	25	32.90	27.30	83.0
arioi	• •	• •	• •	• •	23	22	25.22	20·87 26·82	82·8 82·6
anana hangara	• •	• •	• •	• • •	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 28 \end{array}$	$\frac{36}{31}$	32·46 30·39	24.95	82·0 82·1
nangara uparoa		• •	• •	• • •	72	75	74.41	60.59	81.4
uatoki			• •	• •	129	119	121.20	98.44	81.2
iruharama	• •	• •	• •	•• ,	63	52	59.50	48.27	81.1
aiorongomai atata	• •	• •	• •	• •	31 33	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 44 \end{array}$	24·10 38·77	$19.34 \\ 31.07$	80·2 80·1
atata ⁄aioweka	• •	• •	• •	• • •	42	43	45.59	36.50	80.1
okomaru Bay	• •	• •	• • •		81	64	68.00	54.24	79.8
angamuka					49	53	51.52	40.90	79.4
angatuna	• •	• •	• •	• •	49	54	48.43	38.42	79.3
aparore	• •	• •	• •	••	40 49	$\begin{array}{c} 57 \\ 39 \end{array}$	48.58 41.60	$\frac{38.35}{32.70}$	78·9 78·6
whataiti angiahua	• •	• •	• •	• •	49	42	43.25	34.01	78·6
ruanui		• • •	• • •		33	30	27.69	21.38	77.2
anoa					26	30	29.48	22.73	$77 \cdot 1$
aitapu		• •	• •	•••	16	25	21.18	16.25	76.7
angamaunu	• •	• •	. • •	••	17 83	16	16.86	$12.90 \\ 62.44$	76·5 75·9
hakarapa ukehina	• •	• •		• •	37	$\begin{array}{c} 80 \\ 36 \end{array}$	82·25 39·28	29.70	75·9 75·6
amapuria		• •	• • •		26	$\frac{30}{22}$	24.81	18.72	75 ·5
aitahanui					42	37	33.51	25.16	75.1
e Whaiti(1)		• •		• •	••-	15	16.33	12.00	73.5
e Huruhi(2)	• •	• •	• •	• •	17	**	16.80	12.32	73·4 72·4
oroera okaanu .	• •	• •	• •	• •	$\frac{26}{43}$	$\frac{33}{43}$	30·45 46·38	$\frac{22.06}{33.27}$	72.4
oerangi	• •		• •	• • •	36	$\frac{43}{34}$	34.30	24.55	71.6
e Matai	• •				65	53	64.07	44.55	69.5
ort Waikato(3)	• •,	••	• •	• •	9	••	8.01	5.36	66.9
Totals for l	.917	••	• •	••	5,132	5,173	5,264.33*	4,558.67*	86.6
Totals for 1	916	••	••		5,191	5,132	5,237.40	4,546.12	86.8
ission Schools			pection 1	by the					
Education De		nt:		j	~0	50	80.40	~~ aa	01.5
Matata Convent Putiki Mission		• •	••	• •	$\begin{array}{c} 56 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 59 \\ 22 \end{array}$	62.49 19.97	57·20 17·99	91·5 90·1
Tokaanu Conve	nt	• •	• • •		39	43	41.65	37.09	89.1
Totals for l					120	124	124-11	112.28	90.5
Totals for 1		••	• •	••	141	124	133.58	118 03	88.4
Totals for I marding Schools		ng Seco	ondary T	Educa-	141	120	199,99	110.09	00.4
tion:		0			İ				
Waerengaahika		(boys)	• •	•• [37	36	37.72	36.89	97.8
St. Stephen's (b St. Joseph's Cor	oys)	inle)	• •	••	64	68 59	65.30	62.95	96·5
Queen Victoria	.veno (g (girla)	mra)	• •	••	55 48	53 53	49.82 51.91	47·74 49·75	95·8 95·8
Hikurangi Colle)	• • •	:.	28	20	18.63	17.77	95.4
Te Waipounami	i (girls)				13	12	10.87	10.33	95.0
Te Aute (boys)	• •	• •	• •	••	62	77	83.60	77.95	93.2
Hukarere (girls)		• •	• •	• •	80	90	90.43	84.15	93.1
Turakina (girls) Otaki College (b	ovs and	oirla)	• •	••	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 48 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 48 \end{array}$	29·82 52·48	27·22 39·04	91·3 74·4
Auckland Gram	mar Sel	nool (bo			1	40 l	32.40	39'04:	146.46
Sacred Heart Co					i	i			
m + 3 e 3	1917	••			459	489	490.58	453.79	93.5
Totals for 1							1	1	

⁽¹⁾ Reopened second quarter.

⁽²⁾ Transferred to Auckland Education Board.

^(3) Closed fourth quarter.

^{*} The totals do not agree with the figures relating to roll number and attendance given in the report to the Minister, for the reason that the former represent the average attendance and average roll number for the mean of the four quarters of each Native school taken separately, and the latter the mean of the combined quarterly totals of all schools.

Table H3.

	Governme	ent Pupils.					
Schools.		Formerly attending Native Schools.	Formerly attending other Schools.	Private Pupile.	Totals		
Otaki College, Wellington						48	48
St. Stephen's (boys), Auckland .				27		41	68
				14		63	77
337				ĺ .		36	36
Hikurangi College (boys), Clareville	, Cart	erton	• • •			20	20
TT1				24	3	63	90
Cla Tanana 1911 / 2011 N. N.				8	1	44	53
Queen Victoria (girls), Auckland .				14		39	53
There is later as (minutes) NAT a few and the				4	i I	26	30
Te Waipounamu (girls), Canterbury			•••	i		12	12
Auckland Grammar School (boys) .		•••	•••	•••	1		. 1
Sacred Heart College, Auckland .		•••	•••	1	•••	•••	1
Totals		•••		92	5	392	489

(b.) Maori Pupils, formerly attending Native Boarding-schools, holding Hospital Nursing Scholarships at the End of 1917.

Number.	Nature of Scholarship.	Boarding-school.	Hospital.
1 2	Probationer	Hukarere	Napier.
	Day pupils	Queen Victoria	Auckland.

Table H 4.

Maori Children attending Public Schools, December, 1917.

				si s					S	6 Certifica	tes granted	l .
Educ	Education District.				Numb	er of Maori	Pupils.	Number examined in S6.	Prof Certi	lciency floates.	Competency Certificates.	
				Number of Schools at which Maoris attend.	Boys.	Girls.	Totals.		Number.	Per- cent a ge.	Number.	Per- centage.
Auckland				284	1,323	1,073	2,396	19	3	15.79	6	31.57
'aranaki				48	191	157	348	1	1	100.00		
/anganui				61	222	169	391	2	1	50.00		P vy
awke's Bay				54	384	344	728	. 4	3	75.00	1	25.00
Vellington •				50	236	210	446	10	5	50.00	4	40.00
elson				11	13	18	31					
anterbury				33	100	122	222	2	1	50.00		i
tago				19	37	47	84	5	1	20.00	1	20.00
outhland	• •	• •		14	46	55	101	2	1	50.00		
Totals for	r 1917			574	2,552	2,195	4,747	45	16	35.55	12	26.66
Totals for	r 1916	• •		501	2,518	2,110	4,628	62	30	48.39	13	20:96
Differenc	e			73	34	85	119	- 17	- 14	12.84	-1	5.70

Note. — For the purposes of this return, half-easte children and children intermediate in blood between half-easte and Maori are reckoned as Maori.

Table H5.

Classification and Ages of Maori Scholars attending Public Schools at the End of December Quarter, 1917.

	Class F	s. s.	I.	S. I	I.	S. I	п.	S. 1	ıv.	S.	v.	s. v	VI.	S. 1	II.	Tot	al.
Years.	Boys.	Girls. Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Воув.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Воув.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
5 and under 6 6	266 336 269 199 103 45 25 11 2	108 200 12 271 12 218 69 158 115 114 82 44 50 33 38 9 20 3 5 1	11 62 79 92 52 26 16 4	 6 42 81 77 60 26 6	1 12 41 61 91 52 13 6 2	5 33 55 75 44 20	36 631 43 68 44 12	 1 4 23 46 50 19	 1 6 27 39 30 15	 2 15 20 23 4	 5 12 21 16 4		 5			127 266 348 344 362 303 252 263 179 82 20 6	108 201 283 295 285 304 262 233 142 63 15
	1,3861, 1,3601,			300 326	279 252	233 204	208 187	144 122	120 121	67 78	59 65	30 42	25 40			2,552 2,518	$2,195 \\ 2,110$
Difference	26	68 11	-8	- 26	27	29	21	22	- 1	-11	-6	- 12	-15	-5	- 1	34	88

Note. — For the purposes of this return, half-caste children and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and Maori are reckoned as Maori.

Table H 6.

RACE OF THE CHILDREN ATTENDING THE NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS ON 31ST DECEMBER. 1917.

For the purposes of this return, half-caste children and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and Maori are reckoned as Maori, and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and European as European.

		!				Race.	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
				N	faoris.						Totals,				
Schools.		Spea in	king En the H or	glish ne.	Speaking Maori In the Home.			1	Europeans.						
		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls,	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.		
Ahipara		4	5	9	43	45	88	4	4	8	51	54	105		
Arowhenna		25	22	47				· • •	1	1	25	23	48		
Нариа					54	51	105	1	1	2	55	52	107		
Hiruhərama			1	1	26 .	25	51				26	26	52		
Horocra					18	15	33				18	15	33		
Kaikohe		2	1	3	42	33	75	12	19	31	56	53	109		
Kakanni			٠.		5	8	13	3	1	4	8	9	17		
Karetu		3	٠	3	7	12	19	2	L	3	12	13	25		
Karioi			1	, 1	5	9	14	5	2	7	10	12	22		
Kenana					10	6	16		• • •		10	6	16		
Kirioke		1	ļ		23	24	47		l	1	24	25	49		
Kokako			٠.		- 30	22	52	1	1	2	31	23	54		
Manaia			• •		16	16	32	2	3	5	18	19	37		
Mangamaunu		5	7	12				1	3	4	6	10	16		
Mangamuka			٠.		23	25	48	4	1	5	27	26	53		
Mangatuna		2	2	4	16	30	46	3	1	4	21	33	54		
Maraeroa			l	1	21	19	40	1	2	3	22	22	44		
Matangirau			• •		22	19	41	4	3	7	- 26	22	48		
Mataora Bay				· · ·	8	5	13				8	5	13		
Matapihi					17	15	32				17	15	32		
Matata		2	• •	2	13	9	22	11	9	20	26	18	44		
Matihetihe				'	6	19	25	1		1	7	19	26		
Maungatapu					25	20	45	5	. 5	10	30	25	55		
Moerangi					11	19	30	3	1	4	14	20	34		
Motiti Island			• •	1	10	12	22		••		10	12	22		
Motuti		2	4	6	15	12	27]	• •		17	16	33		
Nuhaka			• •		50	51	101	4	1	5	54	52	106		
Ohacawai	• • •	1		1	25	13	38	6	2	8	32	15	47		
Ohautira		• • *	• •		15	9	24		••_	•••	15	9	24		
Okautete .					7	4	11	3	1	4	10	5	15		
Omaio				• • •	35	12	47	3	3	6	38	15	53		
Omanaia					18	23	41	9	3	12	27	26	53		
Omarumutu		٠			35	26	61	5		5	40	26	66		
Oparure		l	• • • _	1	10	10	20	12	9	21	23	19	42		
Opoutere		4	5	9	10	7	17	3	3	6	17	15	32		
Orauta					24	21	45	3	3	6	27	24	51		
Oromahoe					15	11	26	3	2	5	18	13	31		
Oruanui			٠٠.		8	18	26	4	••	4	12	18	30		
Otangaroa		.2	2	4	11	8	19	اینا	••-		13	10	23		
Otaua		1.0	3	13	16	8	24	8	6	14	34	17	51		
Owhataiti					18	19	37		2	2	18	21	39		
Paeroa	• •	٠.,	٠.		17	20	37	8	8	16	25	28	53		

Table H 6—continued

Race of the Children attending the Native Village Schools on 31st December, 1917
—continued.

		į					Race.								
		ĺ			М	aoris.						Totals.			
, ⁹ евоо	ls.		Spea in	king En the Hor	glish ne.	Spe in	aking Ma the Hom	ori e.	l E	European	3.				
			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
amapuria .						17	5	22				17	5	22	
	•	٠.	• •			$\frac{10}{21}$	6 16	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 37 \end{array}$	2	4	6	$\frac{10}{23}$	6 20	$\begin{array}{c c} & 16 \\ & 48 \end{array}$	
		• •		4	5	21	12	36	7	9	16	$\frac{23}{32}$	25	57	
arapara .						13	16	29	2	7	9	15	23	38	
	•					$\begin{array}{c} 28 \\ 12 \end{array}$	20	48 23	$\frac{3}{1}$	5	3 6	$\begin{array}{c c} 31 \\ 13 \end{array}$	$\frac{20}{16}$	51 29	
arikmo . awarenga .						13	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	25 25	1			13	12	20	
ipiriki .						17	20	37				. 17	20	37	
	•	٠.		ı	1	37	29 3	66 10	$\frac{1}{8}$	1 4	2 12	$\begin{array}{c} 38 \\ 15 \end{array}$	$\frac{31}{7}$	69	
				• • •		16	10	26	4	6	10	20	16	36	
ukepoto .						15	26	41	5	11	16	20	37	5'	
	•	• •				7 17	2	$\frac{9}{33}$	1		1	8	$\frac{2}{18}$	10	
anana . angiahua .						20	16 16	36	3	$\frac{2}{3}$	3 6	$\begin{array}{c} 18 \\ 23 \end{array}$	19	30	
angiawhia				2	2	9	11	20				9	13	2	
angitahi . angitukia		• •		٠٠.		24 52	22 45	46 97	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 2 \end{array}$	25 54	$\frac{23}{45}$	4 9	
angivakia . angiwaca (ool				8	8	16	4			8	8	1	
to Te Kot	ukutuki										_				
aukokore .		• •	• • •	••		14 18	20	34 34	4	7	11	$\begin{array}{c} 18 \\ 20 \end{array}$	$\frac{27}{16}$	4	
eporua . uatoki .			i ::			68	16 50	118	2 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	69	50	$\frac{3}{11}$	
aemaro .						10	16	26				10	16	2	
tharoa . tkahiwai .		٠.				11 13	9	20 23	2	1	3	$egin{array}{c} 13 \ 13 \end{array} egin{array}{c}$	10 10	2	
			· ·	· · ·		10	5	15	2	7	9	12	12	$\frac{2}{2}$	
moa .						12	17	29	1		1	13	17	3	
utoro . Ahuahu .		• •		• • •		15 14	$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 23 \end{array}$	$\frac{29}{37}$	2	3	5	17 14	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \\ 23 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	
Andand .				3		70	45	115	7	iı	18	78	23 59	13	
Haroto .						14	9	23	2	1	3	16	10	2	
77 1		• •				24 35	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 37 \end{array}$	36 72	1	•••	1	25 35	$\frac{12}{37}$	3 7	
		· ·			;;	26	27	53				$\frac{35}{26}$	27	5	
Kotuku		see				14	17	31	1		1	15	17	3:	
also Rang school)	gwaea s	ide												1	
		• •				12	21	33	5	2	7	17	23	4	
Matai . Pupuke .	• •	• •				24 26	27 21	51 47		$\frac{2}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	24 26	$\frac{29}{23}$	5 4	
Rawhiti .						16	14	30		1	$\left[\frac{5}{2}\right]$	17	15	3	
Reinga .	• •	٠.				11	22	33		•••		11	22	3	
	. .	• •	1	•• 	1	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 13 \end{array}$	33 12	58 25	2 8	9	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 17 \end{array}$	$\frac{27}{22}$	$\frac{33}{21}$	6 4	
· Whaiti .						8	7	15				8	7	1	
	• •				12	41	55	96	1		1 "	42	55	9	
okaanu . okomaru f	 Bav				12	13 40	12 24	25 64	4	2		22 40	$\frac{21}{24}$	4 6	
	•					20	33	53	1		1	21	33	5	
		• •	• • •			19	20	39	3	4	7	22	24	4	
	. .		• •			37 8	24 8	61 16	10 1	4	$\frac{14}{2}$	47 9	28 9	7	
ai-iti .						22	17	39	1		1	23	17	4	
		• •	• • •			$\begin{array}{c c} 24 \\ 16 \end{array}$	18 13	$\begin{array}{c} 42 \\ 29 \end{array}$	1		1	25	18	4	
	· •	 	8	8	16	27	$\frac{13}{23}$	50		1		16 35	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 32 \end{array}$	6	
'aimahana					!	11	13	24				11	13	2	
aimamaku		• •	i	1	2	$\begin{array}{c c} 20 \\ 12 \end{array}$	14 8	34 20	$\frac{1}{2}$	٠٠,	٠٠ ـ	21	15	3	
'aimarama 'aiomatatii			4	4	8	31	23	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 54 \end{array}$	1		5 1	14 36°	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 27 \end{array}$	- 2	
aiomio .						17	18	35				17		3	
aiorongon		• •	• • •	1	1	10	$\frac{12}{2}$	22 10				10	12	2	
	 	• •	$ \cdots _3$	4	7	9	9	18	10	6 8	10 18	12 22	$\frac{9}{21}$	2 4	
aitahanui						19	16	35		2	2	19	18	3	
	•	• •	••	3	3	$\frac{8}{23}$	7	15	6	1	7	14	11	2	
hakaki hakarapa	• •	• •	• •		• • •	23 40	$\frac{22}{34}$	45 74	3	$\frac{1}{3}$	4 6	26 43	23 37	8	
hakarara			ļ			12	15	27				12	15	2	
'hakarewai 'bakawhiti		• •	••	••		55 14	43	$\begin{array}{c} 98 \\ 31 \end{array}$	11	9	20	66	52	11	
hakawhiti hangapara		• •	.:		• • •	3	17 9	$\frac{31}{12}$::	••		14	17 9	3	
hangape .			1		1	25	21	46	1	1	2	27	22	4	
'hangara 'bandrahil		• •			•••	13	7	20	8	3	11	21	10	3	
'harekahik 'hareponga		• •			••	27 13	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 16 \end{array}$	49 29	' i	3	4	27 14	22 19	4 3	
hirinaki .			1	1	2	28	29	57	4	6	10	33	36	6	
											1			, ,	

SUMMARY OF TABLE H 6.—RACE OF CHILDREN ATTENDING NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOLS.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1917.	
Race.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.	l'ercentage.
Maoris speaking Maori in the home Maoris speaking English in the home Europeans	••		2,315 90 292	2,124 93 259	4,439 183 551	85.8 3.5 10.7
Totals			2,697	2,476	5,173	100.0

Table H 6A.

CLASSIFICATION AS REGARDS AGES AND RACE OF CHILDREN ON THE NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOL ROLLS AT THE END OF DECEMBER, 1917.

								Rac	е.								
Ag	æs.			ting Er		Speak	Maor ing Maoi	i in the	1	otal Mac		E	ur op ea	ns.		Totals.	
			Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Home.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girla	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
			1 2038.	G.1116.	1 20000			25001.	2038.	,	25041.	-0,5 8.		1 20001	20,8.	,	
5 and w	nder	6	4	. 9	13	142	126	268	146	135	281	21	13	34	167	148	315
6 ,,		7	11	10	21	185	200	. 385	196	210	406	24	24	48	220	234	454
7		8	9	5	14	267	253	520	276	258	534	47	41	88	323	299	622
8 ,,		9	8	10	18	302	249	551	310	259	569	29	23	52	339	282	621
9		10	7	9	16	298	287	585	305	296	601	38	35	73	343	331	674
01		П	13	10	23	279	228	507	292	238	530	35	28	63	327	266	593
11 ,		12	.8	. 8	16	250	240	490	258	248	506	30	33	63	288	281	569
12		13	12	12	24	253	219	472	265	231	496	32	25	57	297	256	553
13		14	. 12	9	21	190	168	358	202	177	379	19	24	43	221	201	422
14 ,.		15	5	9	. 14	106	102	208	111	111	222	13	9	22	124	120	244
45 years a	and (over	1	2	3	43	52	95	44	54	98	4	4	8	48	58	106
Tot	als		90	93	183	2,315	2,124	4,439	2,405	2,217	4,622	292	259	551	2,697	2,476	5,173

Note. For the purposes of this return, half-caste children and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and Maori are reckoned as Maori.

SUMMARY OF TABLE H 6A.

Ages.	<u> </u>	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Percentage, 1917.	Percentage, 1916.
From five to ten years, ten to fifteen years ,, fifteen upwards	••	1,392 1,257 48	1,294 1,124 58	$2,686 \\ 2,381 \\ 106$	51·9 46·0 2·1	52·0 45·6 2·4
Totals		2,697	2,476	5,173	100 0	100.0

Table H6B.

CLASSIFICATION AS REGARDS STANDARDS AND RACE OF CHILDREN ON THE NATIVE VILLAGE SCHOOL ROLLS AT THE END OF DECEMBER, 1917.

						R	lace.									
					M	noris.								Tot	tals.	
Standards.	gli	akin; sh in Hom		Spea	king Mac he Hom	o ri i n e.	9	lotal Mac	oris.	E	urope	ans.		*.0		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Per- centage.
Preparatory class Standard	$\frac{9}{19}$	28 11 11 15 8 11 7 2	58 20 30 21 19 17 16 2	1,087 276 311 256 202 109 67 7	943 295 294 245 158 121 60 8	2,030 571 605 501 360 230 127 15	1,117 285 330 262 213 115 76	971 306 305 260 166 132 67 10	2,088 591 635 522 379 247 143 17	102 36 31 36 32 29 22 4	79 28 30 33 32 32 24 1	181 64 61 69 64 61 46 5	1,219 321 361 298 245 144 98	1,050 334 335 293 198 164 91	2,269 655 696 591 443 308 189 22	43·9 12·7 13·4 11·4 8·5 6·0 3·7 0·4
Totals	90	93	183	2,315	2,124	4,439	2,405	2,217	4,622	292	259	551	2,697	2,476	5,173	100-0

Note.—For the purposes of this return, half-easte children and children intermediate in blood between half-easte and Maori are reckoned as Maori.

Table H 7.

CLASSIFICATION AS REGARDS AGES AND STANDARDS OF CHILDREN ON THE NATIVE VILLAGE-SCHOOL ROLLS AT THE END OF DECEMBER, 1917.

Figure 4. Since the control of the c			5	Class P.			Standard I.	ard I.		$\ddot{\mathbf{z}}$	Standard II.	rd II.		Sta	Standard III.	. 111.		Stand	Standard IV.	<u>۲</u>		Standard V.	ard V.		St	Standard VI.	d VI.		Stan	Standard VII.	VII.	* *	Rac	Race Totals.	uls.		Grand	Grand Totals.	zi
The continue contin	Адев.	Bun	пведо			Europ	eans.	1	ris. 1	Lurope	евлв.	Маол		urope	Ì	Maoris		шведо		soris.	Eurol	eans.		ris. 1	dorng	Sus.	Maori	1	iropea		faoris.	4	ореаля		faoris.				
381 382 382 <th></th> <th>B.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>ත්</th> <th><u>! !</u></th> <th>11 41 11 11 11</th> <th>ъ́</th> <th>ර</th> <th>; l</th> <th>ය</th> <th></th> <th>ļ</th> <th></th> <th> -</th> <th></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>m'</th> <th>Ö</th> <th>B.</th> <th>ජ</th> <th>jej Pi</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Total.</th>		B.			ත්	<u>! !</u>	11 41 11 11 11	ъ́	ර	; l	ය		ļ		-		<u> </u>				m'	Ö	B.	ජ	jej Pi							1	-						Total.
4. 35. 41. 61.				3 146			:	:	:		:	:	:	:	•	•	:	:	•	•	:	:	:	:	:	• • • • • •	:	· :		•							29	148	315
8. 0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.							:	:	အာ	:	:	:	•	:	•	•	:	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•		:	,					8	234	454
 2. 2. 3. 17. 8 10. 6 1 55 4 8 10 8 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		:					9	16	18	က	9		က	:		٠	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	4					62	565	622
2 1 4 4 7 1 1 4 4 7 7 1 1 4 4 4 7 1 1 4 4 7 1 1 4 4 7 6 4 3 6 6 8 1 2 7 6 8 6 8 1 2 7 6 8 6 7 1 6 8 9 7 1 6 8 9		ਜ ਂ :					10	19	55	4			54				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	•		:	.,						. 787	621
2. 3. 5. 6. 7.<	. " 10 " 6	•		7 138						10			99							<u>ග</u>	-	ri	:	:	:	:	:	:		·	:						63	331	674
2 3 3 3 5 7 6 8 14 3 6 8 14 2 2			4	1 92			63		61	õ											H	67	-	:		:	:	:	•	•	:						22	998	593
2. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4.<	•	:					-	40	47	9			7.4							31	8	9	80	14	C4	67	:	:			:						88	. 182	569
2 3 4 3 5 48 5 48 5 48 5 48 5 48 5 48 5 48 5 48 6 11 24 20 1 3 3 4 4 4 3 5 4 5 2 10 7 1 <	•	:	:	03			:		20		 .		11								S	12	21	32	5	žĈ	2	9	-		:						97	256	553
"""	•	:				:		œ	œ	61	:		17	-	4					48	5	∞	37	45	9			S.		•							21	301	422
1.02 7.0 1.02 7.0 1.02 7.0 1.02 7.0 1.02 7.0 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.02 1.03<	b	:	:	ന	-	:	:	œ	44	:	-	9	o	•			Π,	. :	- 30	27	2	C 1	65	53	9						9		ഇ				24	130	244
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2,088 64 591 61 635 69 635 69 636 696 696 696 696 696 696 697 6443 308 189 22 5,173			1	31117	971		88	285 3	90	31	06 86	30 30	_ 35 _ 5	6 8	3 265					166	-	32	115 1	; ,		<u>. </u>		.		ļ		ļ	1	59240)5 2,2	172,6		476 5	5,173
655 696 591 443 308 189 22) -	188	2,0	88	64		591	· 1	61	: '	635	′ \	69		522	} 	64		62	("		24) <u>_ \</u>	4 6	, 	143	/	5)	17		551)	4,622	1	5,17)	
		! 	2,	569	١)	65	5			696		-		591			4	£3.)		}	ďΩ			189				25)		r.c.	i,173					

Norr.-For the purposes of this table, half-caste children and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and Maori are reckoued as Maori, and children intermediate in blood between half-caste and European as European.

		2,362	2,464	1,063	49		43,835	14		£43,821	
Table H 8.	SCHOOLS DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 1918.	Higher education: Scholarships, travelling-expenses, &c	New buildings, additions, &c.	Maintenance of buildings, including repairs and small works	Sundries: Advertising, planting sites, sanitation, &c.			Less recoveries		Total net expenditure	·
Tab	NATIVE SCHOOL	. 33,226	1,991	134	522	22	. 599			. 525	
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	INDITURE O	:	:	:	:	:	:		naterial, &	:	:
	EXPE	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	sors, n	;	:
	SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE ON	Ces	:	l allowances	:	:	;	:	t of instruct	:	:
	Į.	Teachers' salaries and house allowances	War bonus to teachers	Peachers in isolated districts—special allowances	Teachers' removal allowances	Training of teachers	Books and school requisites	Conveyance and board of children	Manual-instruction classes: Payment of instructors, material, &c.	Inspector's salary	Inspector's travelling-expenses
		Teachers	War bon	Teachers	Teachers	Training	Books ar	Conveya	Manual-i	Inspector	Inspector