Native schools, registered private primary schools, the lower departments of secondary schools, and special schools. The figures will then be:—

AVERAGE WEEKLY ROLL NUMBER.

Public schools (less secondary departments	\mathbf{of}	district	1916.	1917.
high schools)			181,670	185,549
Native village and Native mission schools			5,324	5,315
Registered private primary schools			17,260*	18,594*
Lower departments of secondary schools			466*	580*
Special schools			579	600
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

* Total average weekly roll of primary scholars ... 205,299 210,638

ATTENDANCE.

(E.-2, Tables B1, B2, and B3.)

The following figures show the average attendance at public schools in the Dominion during the years 1916 and 1917:—

	·				Including Secondary Departments of District High Schools.		Excluding Secondary Departments of District High Schools.	
Year 1917						168,711	166,510	
Year 1916						163.156	160,980	
							· subdividuo de des de	
	Increase	in 1917			٠.	5.555	5,530	
	Increase	per cent				3-1	3.4	

As in the case of the roll number, it is satisfactory to note in the average attendance for 1917 a large increase over the figures for the previous year. The increase is, in fact, greater than in the case of the roll number, being 5,555, or 3·4 per cent. as compared with 3,898, or 2·1 per cent. This is unusual, the increase in average attendance being as a rule slightly lower than the increase in roll number, but in this connection it is to be noted that owing to various causes the attendance in the preceeding year was less regular than it had been for some years. The increase in average attendance during the last four years has been: 1914, 3·6 per cent.; 1915, 3·1 per cent.; 1916, 0·04 per cent.; 1917, 3·4 per cent. The average attendance taken as a percentage of the average weekly roll was 89·8 in 1917, as compared with 88·6 in the previous year and 90·1 in 1914—the highest record yet reached. Every education district shows an improvement in the regularity of attendance, Otago with a percentage of 92·6 having the best record, and Wellington coming next with 90·6 per cent.

The average attendance taken as a percentage of the average weekly roll is

represented for the last six years by the following figures:

				Attendance per Cent. of Roll.	
1911		 	 		89.3
1912		 	 		88.9
1913		 	 		89.2
1914		 	 		90·1
1915		 	 	• •	90.0
1916	• •	 	 		88.6
1917		 	 		89-8

New Zealand appears to compare favourably with other English-speaking countries in the matter of regularity of attendance at public schools, as is shown by the following figures—the latest available—indicating the average attendance as a percentage of the roll number. In some cases the attendance percentage is given as a proportion of the net enrolment, not of the average weekly roll, thus making the figures lower than they would otherwise be.

				Cent. of Roll.	
New Zealand			 		89.8
England and Wal	les (1913-1	4)	 		88.7
London County C	Council		 		89.5
Scotland			 		89.1
Ireland			 		71.5
United States			 		$76 \cdot 1*$
Queensland			 		$74 \cdot 2*$
New South Wales	s		 		81.1
Victoria			 		72.9*
South Australia			 		78·6 *
Western Australi	a		 		86.8
Tasmania			 		81.4

^{*} Based on average daily attendance as proportion of net enrolment, or number of distinct children on rolls during the year.