1915. NEW ZEALAND.

NATIVE LAND CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT ACT, 1913:

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION ON PETITION No. 317/13, OF PAEROA NOPERA, RELATIVE TO TE AKAU A No. 5 BLOCK.

Laid on the Table of the House of Representatives pursuant to Act.

Native Land Court (Chief Judge's Office), 22nd June, 1915.

Pursuant to section 14 of the Native Land Claims Adjustment Act, 1914, I referred to the Native Land Court for inquiry and report the petition No. 317 of 1913, of Paeroa Nopera, mentioned in the Second Schedule to the said Act. The said matter was duly heard in open Court, and the report of that Court is attached hereto. It appears that petitioner should be the sole successor to the interest in question, but on the advice of Mr. Kaihau she got her solicitor (Mr. St. Clair) to draw up an agreement parting with some of her interest, and got the Court to give effect to that agreement when making the succession order. She wishes now to recall this agreement.

There does not appear to be any suggestion of fraud or undue influence used to induce Paeroa Nopera to have parted with the portion of her interest, and if that is correct I agree with the report of the Court that the matter should not now be reopened.

Jackson Palmer,

The Hon. the Minister of Native Affairs.

Chief Judge.

Office of the Waikato-Maniapoto District Native Land Court, Ngaruawahia, 2nd June, 1915.

Memorandum for the Chief Judge, Native Land Court, Wellington.

Te Akau A No. 5.—Succession to Waaka te Koi (deceased).—Petition of Paeroa Nopera (1913/317).— Reference under Section 14 of the Native Land Claims Adjustment Act, 1914.

Str,—

Relative to above reference. I have the honour to state that to-day I held inquiry and have to report as follows:—

The facts leading up to the petition are as set out by the Registrar in his report attached to be remove herewith.

The petitioner gave further evidence before me to-day, and also called two very reputable witnesses, Hohua Ruihana and Remana Nutana, to substantiate the allegation that the whakapapa she originally gave was wrong.

The Court's attention was also drawn to a whakapapa given by one of the leading N'Tahinga owners in Te Akau Block—Wirihana te Aooterangi (Judge Von Sturmer, No. 12, p. 135)—which clearly shows that the deceased's interest to the land was derived through Ihia.

I am now fully satisfied that Paeroa Nopera, the petitioner, is entitled as the sole successor to Waaka te Koi (deceased) in Te Akau A No. 5.

I consider that the petitioner herself alone is to blame for the necessity of a petition to the Government. In the first instance she gave a whakapapa which was wrong, and upon rehearing she was unable to substantiate by independent evidence the amended whakapapa she then put forward. She now states that she signed the agreement by which she included others in the deceased's interest out of aroha; that subsequently the thought of losing so much valuable land was too much for her, and her aroha was not sufficiently strong to withstand the desire to possess the whole interest for herself.

Legally, of course, the others sharing with her have no right, but morally they are entitled, the arrangement having been arrived at in the presence of all parties, including a licensed interpreter and petitioner's own solicitor, Mr. St. Clair, whom she personally asked to be in attendance.

I can only again reiterate that whatever injustice the petitioner has suffered is due entirely to her wrong evidence in the first instance and her signing of an agreement which she afterwards wished to repudiate.

I enclose reference, together with a copy of the minutes of this inquiry.

I have, &c.,

A. G. HOLLAND, Judge.