In respect to column 6: This column shows, so far as possible, the ordinary rate of wages earned per full week without overtime and without loss of time. In a number of cases the information supplied in the returns was not very satisfactory, and in other cases-for example, where the workers were employed on piecework-it was impossible to fill in the item.

In the following table (No. I) the letters (a), (b), (c), and (d), where inserted, indicate as follow:

- (a.) That the number employed increased during the year, so that while the employees referred to were evidently busy, with increasing employment towards the end of the year, and would therefore be expected to show full employment and high average earnings, the actual duration of employment and the average earnings taken throughout the year, as shown in the tables, were low. In these cases column 8 is therefore not filled in.
- (b.) That the number employed has decreased during the year. Where this is so in the case of a single agegroup and not in the whole trade the decrease is evidently accidental; while, where it applies to a whole trade, it would appear that a decline generally has taken place in the employment.
- (c.) That the employment has fluctuated considerably, with periods of slackness and activity, chiefly according to the seasons of the year. The meat-freezing and fruit-preserving trades are examples.

(d.) That the industry has, as a whole, employed a steadily increasing number of employees.

The wages paid to casual hands, and referred to in the footnotes to the various trades, is the total amount paid in wages to all employees who worked in any factory for a shorter period than four weeks during the year. In some cases the employees to whom these amounts were paid were, no doubt, the same employees as are included in the tables, and a slight increase in columns 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 might therefore have been made. As no definite information on the subject was obtainable, and the amounts were small, no increase has been included.

## WAGE STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1911.

## TABLE I.

Table showing the Number of Persons employed in Factories in the several Districts of New ZEALAND, WITH AGES, SEXES, EARNINGS, AND DURATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

Atkimum Number employed.  Nerage Duration of Employment (in Mekis).	Number for whom Work done would have afforded 50 Weeks Work per Year. Total Wages paid dur- ing the Year. The Manual Manu	Average Earnings per Meek during Period of Employment.  Average Earnings per Veek throughout the Year (52 Weeks).	Sees. Waximum Number em- ployed.	Average Duration of Employment (in Weeks).  Vumber for whom Work of one would have afforded 50 Weeks Work per Year.	ordinary Rate of Wages for a Full Week.	Verage Earnings per Week during Period of Employment. Nerage Earnings per Week throughout the Year (52 Weeks).
$(1.) \qquad \boxed{(2.)}  (3.)$	(4.) $(5.)$ $(6.)$	(7.) (8.)	(1.)	(3.) (4.)	(5.) (6.)	(7.) (8.)

## AUCKLAND CITY.

31

(a)

All ages . 14 47.78

AERATED-WATER AND CORDIAL MANUFACTURING (MALES).							
			£				
14 and under 17	12 27.33	6.56	301	12/6 to 20/	18/4	(c)	
17 ,, 21	16 36.50	11.68	870	15/ to 35/	$29/9\frac{1}{2}$	20/11	
21 ,, 31	24   37.62	18.06	1,989	40/ to 45/	$44/0\frac{7}{2}$	$31/10\frac{1}{3}$	
31 ,, 45	17   38.77	13.18	1,426	40/ to 45/	43/3	32/3	
45 and over	13 37.39	9.72	1,276	50/ to 55/	52/6	37/9	
All ages	79 37.47	59.20	5,862		39/7	28/6	

There were also 3 employers personally engaged, and £191 was paid in wages to casual hands.

AGRICUL	TURAL-IMPL	EMENT .	Assembl	ING (MA	$\Lambda_{LES}(d)$ .		
14 and under 17	2 30.50	1.22	50	15/	$ 16/4\frac{1}{2} $		
17 ,, 21	2 30.00	1.20	47	20/	15/8		
21 ,, 31 31 and over	4 43.50	3.48	362	48/	41/7		
31 and over	5 41.60	4.16	676	70/	65/		
All ages	13  38.70	10.06	1,135		$45/1\frac{1}{2}$		
£74 was also paid in wages to casual hands.							

AMMUNITION-MANUFACTURING (MALES). 14 and under 17 4.000.08 10/ 35.60165  $18/6\frac{1}{2}$ 21 3.5654/10 68/1131  $\frac{713}{717}$ 54/10 68/11 21 52.005.2055/ 52.00 4.1665 45 45 and over 46.753.74 45 47/1

 $42/3\frac{1}{2}$ All ages . . | 19 44.05 | 16.74 2,037 48/8 41/3 AMMUNITION-MANUFACTURING (FEMALES).

18 19-33 14 and under 17 6.96 178 11/ 10/3  $egin{array}{c} (a) \\ 12/10 \\ 16/7 \end{array}$ 14/745.7926.56,122 3126 44.8523.32 31 45 6 48.005.76367 22 25/6|23/6|All ages .. 67 | 46.7162.60 2,63616/10 15/1

£13 was also paid in wages to casual hands.

BACON-CURING (MALES).

17 and under 21 21 ,, 31 31 ,, 45 45 and over	2 16 50 6 44 66 3 52 00 3 44 00	$\begin{array}{c cccc}  & & & & & & \\  & & & & & & \\  & 5 \cdot 36 & & 611 \\  & 3 \cdot 12 & & 619 \\  & 2 \cdot 64 & & 370 \\  \end{array}$	40/ 45/ 60/ 60/	79/4	(a) $39/2$ $79/4$ $47/5$
All ages	13 45.30	11.78 1,667		56/7	49/4

BACON-CURING-ENGINE-DRIVERS (MALES).

21 and over .. [ 2: 35.00 | 1.40; 259 60/ to 80/74/ There was also 1 employer personally engaged, and £35 was paid in wages to casual hands.

BAKING-POWDER, ETC., MANUFACTURING (MALES).  $\begin{array}{c|c} |14/9\frac{1}{2} & |10/6\frac{1}{2} \\ |24/8\frac{1}{2} & |19/ \\ |24/8\frac{1}{2} & |8/1(b) \end{array}$ 14 and under 178 37.00 5.92|219 12/ 21 40.004.00247 20/ 17.00 21 0.3425/ 52.003.12460 60/ 58/11 58/11 5

947

 $|28/3\frac{1}{2}|26/$ BAKING-POWDER, ETC., MANUFACTURING (FEMALES) (c).  $\begin{array}{c|c} 5 & 23.80 \\ 10 & 29.30 \end{array}$ 14 and under 17 2.38 50 10/ 8/5 21 212 5.8610/  $14/5\frac{1}{2}$ All ages . . | 15 | 27.47 | 8.24 262  $12/8\frac{1}{2}$ 

13.38

There were also 2 employers personally engaged, and £4 was paid in wages to casual hands.

BASKET AND WICKERWARE MANUFACTURING (MALES).  $10/7\frac{1}{2}$ 14 and under 179 44.89 8.08 215 10/ 9/226/821 7 52.00 7.28485,, 15.62 8.76  $\frac{48/61}{48/01}$ 19 41 10 21 31 1.896 55/  $38/4\frac{1}{2}$ 31 45 9 48 67 1,052 55 45 and over ...  $33/2\frac{1}{2}$ All ages . . 47 46.30 43.52 3.962 36/5

There were also 7 employers personally engaged, and £21 was paid in wages to casual hands.