Although, as before stated, it is not claimed that these figures are absolutely accurate, yet it is believed that they are approximately correct. Constant inspections of forest areas, extending over a decade at least, and the utmost care in estimating the quantity of trees to the acre and the amount of timber in an average tree, combined with the continual checking that ensues when Crown forests are sold to a sawmiller and converted into sawn timber, has shown that in the majority of cases the estimate of the Government officer is as nearly correct as could be expected, and that, although an area may be underestimated, yet, through causes such as the unexpected discovery that standing trees are rotten and unsuitable for milling, that accidental fires often destroy valuable clumps of trees, and that the transport of timber is more difficult than had been anticipated, it is found as a rule that the Government estimate is accepted by the purchaser as being a very fair indication of the timber offered for sale and standing on any particular area. As numerous officers have occasion in the course of years to inspect and report on forest areas, and as the records of each inspection are carefully checked and verified, and seldom vary to any great extent, it can be said with some confidence that, so far as the Department is in a position to judge, the amount of milling-timber stated herein is approximately correct.

This being the case, a comparison of the present estimate with those of past years is of interest as showing to what extent New Zealand is losing its indigenous forests. It is as follows:—

Tree. 1905. 1907. 1909. Sup. ft. 1,112,019,000 Sup. ft. 646,041,094 Sup. ft. 485,446,989 Kauri 22,334,145,250 Rimu 17,899,348,364 15,350,474,270 ٠. 5,247,025,900 3,914,685,793 2,586,190,763 Kahikatea ٠. 1,149,388,050 1,025,481,558 570,561,303 Totara Matai 3,802,848,850 3,823,047,378 3,423,827,164 4,673,001,000 4,394,238,320 Birches 5,038,406,880 ٠. Miscellaneous.. 3,393,146,750 3,448,862,400 6,250,144,623 41,723,574,800* Totals 35,785,873,467 33,060,883,437

ESTIMATES OF MILLING-TIMBER IN NEW ZEALAND.

SAWMILLING.

To show the extent to which these forests are annually being depleted by sawmillers, apart altogether from the recurrent fires and march of settlement, the following table is of interest:—

TABLE C.	-SAWMILLS	IN OPERATION	IN MARCH, 1909.
Land District.	Number.	Hands employed.	Output for Year.

Land District.		Number.	Hands employed.	Output for Year.	Cutting-capacity per Annum.	
					Sup. ft.	Sup. ft.
Auckland			62	2,356	184, 145, 852	260,324,980
Hawke's Bay			19	481	16,798,482	37,740,000
Taranaki			21*	421	8,945,835	27,620,500
Wellington			88	1,605	73,697,000	126,370,000
Marlborough			13	256	11,408,052	20,700,000
Nelson			83	480	15,090,718	73,200,000
Westland			54	605	48,782,980	106,260,000
Canterbury			8†	50	1,000,000	3,000,000
Otago			13†	160	5,000,000	10,250,000
Southland	• •		62†	1,000	49,000,000	90,000,000
Totals			423	7,414	413,868,919	755,465,480

^{*} Only 18 working.

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS YEARS.

In 1886 In 1895 In 1900 In 1905	••		• •	220 299 334 414	3,890 4,055 6,085 6,912	163,740,546 191,053,466 261,583,518 413,289,742	704,930,600
In 1907	• • •	••	••	411	7,139	432,031,611	718,940,000

A perusal of the above will reveal the fact that, notwithstanding the distress that has prevailed in the sawmill industry during the past twelve months, and the complaints that have been made against the importation of foreign timber, the output of timber is still very large, whilst more hands have been employed than two years previously. This will doubtless occasion surprise, but, as the statistics have been compiled with much care, and each district has been separately dealt with, it is thought that the figures are fairly reliable, and can be accepted as being practically correct.

^{*} Quantities in two districts not completely estimated; probably an addition of 1,500,000,000 sup. ft. necessary.

[†] Estimate only.