	<b>.</b>	Expendi	ture.			Ł	8.	d.
Amount at 31st March, 1907						$8, \tilde{283}$		8
Pitting—				. ,	<b>4</b> )			
259,375 grubber-pits				المعاصرين الم		2ŏ9	7	⊶6 <i>€</i>
85,267 scuffled spots		•••				<b>5</b> 2	12	3
Tree-planting (370,200)						212	8	11
Olearing	•••		•••		• • •	. <b>4</b>	3	1.
Cartage of trees			• • •		٠.	10	0	0
General upkeep of plantat	•••				158	4	3	
" repairs		•••	•••	•••		11	2	6
Horse-feed purchased and	grown					10	0	0
Fencing	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					339	0	3
Tools, implements, &c.					•••	138	5	6
Miscellaneous works						14	16	0
Salaries—								
Supervision of free la					150	0	0	
Nurseryman's propor		and trave	elling-expe	nses		21	0	0
Supervision	•••			•••		22	16	0
-					_			
					£	9,686	17	11
					=			

H. Home, Assistant Forester.

R. G. Robinson, Nurseryman in Charge.

## WAITAHUNA PLANTATION, OTAGO.

(Dredged area, 11 acres; altitude, 331 ft.)

This district has not been exempt from the unusually dry season experienced generally throughout the South Island, but, the property being only a few feet above the level of the adjacent river, an abundance of moisture was available for tree-growing, and it is questionable if more satisfactory results could be obtained during any ordinary wet season.

A sufficient number of trees not being in hand last season to plant the whole area, 3,700, as per Schedule 4, were railed from Tapanui Nursery, and planted in pits already prepared, at

12s. 13d. per thousand.

The planting of this dredged land has been so far purely of an experimental nature, and of the twelve varieties of trees included in the test, it is obvious that certain classes will thrive amazingly well under the conditions.

Of the deciduous trees, English birch, larch, and alder appear to have maintained steady progress since planting, and many of the latter variety have attained a height of fully 5 ft. in

two seasons.

The pines are also satisfactory on the whole, although *Pinus Austriaca* and *P. muricata* show up most prominently, and are quite as strong and healthy-looking as those grown under favour-

able conditions at other plantations.

There is no doubt that good results may also be achieved from the planting of the spruces, although their customary slow growth during the first few years, and consequent expense in keeping gorse and broom in check, would prohibit extensive planting of this species of tree. No reason can be advanced why tree-planting on abandoned dredged areas should not be carried on with excellent results; but if such work is undertaken, it would certainly be more economical to commence operations before gorse and other growths have obtained such a hold of properties, as the suppression of same involves a fairly heavy expenditure, and each succeeding year the scrub becomes more dense and consequently more difficult to eradicate.

An expenditure of £4 2s. 6d. was incurred in grubbing out gorse, which springs up in thousands after the parent stock has been removed, and tends to create irreparable injury to the tender

leaders of young trees.

The expenditure for the year amounted to £13 15s. 10d., giving occasional employment to one man, and total expenditure to date is £168 10s. 3d.

Expenditure.							£	8.	đ.
Amount at 31st	March, 1	907					154	14	5
Tree-planting (3						•••	2	5	0
General upkeep		tion			•••	•••	4	2	6
Miscellaneous w			•••	•••		•••	0	11	10
Nurseryman's p	roportion	of salar	y, and tra	velling-ex	penses	•••	3	16	6
Supervision	•••	•••	•••		•••		- 3	0	0
		•							
							£168	10	3

R. G. Robinson, Nurseryman in Charge.