Name of District.		Year ended 31st March, 1901.		Year ended 31st March, 1900.		Increase for 1901.	Decrease for 1901.
		Oz.	Value.	Oz.	Value.	Oz.	Oz.
Auckland Marlborough Nelson West Coast Otago Canterbury		166,049 247 5,126 85,779 135,753 22	£ 604,018 970 19,238 343,728 548,444 84	168,836 344 2,589 94,081 126,791 22	$\begin{array}{c} £\\625,207\\1,382\\10,251\\376,076\\513,341\\87\end{array}$	 2,537 8,962	2,787 97 8,302
Totals	•••	392,976	1,516,482	392,663	1,526,344	313	

QUARTZ-MINING.

I have to report that a considerable amount of prospecting and development work has been accomplished during the year in various parts of the colony. On the other hand, I have to report

the stoppage of several mines.

In the North Island operations of an important character, having for their object the development of the several mines and properties, have been carried out vigorously in several instances, and at my visit to the Hauraki Goldfields in August and September last, I noted with much pleasure the manner in which some of the large mines were being opened up and the provisions which were being made for the treatment of material. As the several mines are fully described in the report of Mr. Coutts, Inspector of Mines, it will be sufficient for me to mention the principal features at some of the mines which I visited.

At Waihi, where the most extensive quartz-mining operations in the colony are carried on, considerable progress has been made during the year. The Waihi Gold-mining Company have been engaged in deepening their Nos. 1, 2, and 3 shafts, and have sunk two other shafts, Nos. 4 and 5. The reefs in this company's property are numerous, and mostly of large size. One, the Martha lode, sometimes attains a width of 60 ft.; others, the Empire and Welcome, vary somewhat up to 30 ft. in width. The latter reef branches, and thus forms the Victoria lode. The Albert, Prince, and Princess reefs are also of good size, and shortly after I visited the mine another reef of considerable width was cut. The general trend of the reefs is north cost, and south and s of considerable width was cut. The general trend of the reefs is north-east and south-west, with an underlie to the south-east as a rule, but subject to local variation, some of the reefs dipping in an opposite direction as far as proved. In regard to this an opinion has been expressed to the effect that what appear as separate reefs may really be splits or divisions, with "horses" of mullock intervening. At No. 5 level the continuity of the reef-line has been proved for nearly 4,000 ft. To the west a slide cuts the reefs out, and another slide is seen near the eastern end; but as this runs to some extent in the direction of the strike of the reef system, crossing at an obtuse angle, it appears probable that the reefs will carry for a considerable distance before being cut out. amount of stone is opened up in the mine, and the battery-power now consists of 290 stamps—viz., 90 at Waihi and 200 at the Victoria battery, Waikino, the latter being connected with the mines by a narrow-gauge railway.

The Union-Waihi and the Waihi-Silverton Mines are now amalgamated, and are under one

management. At the former mine there are three distinct lines of reef, one of which is opened up management. At the former inmed there are times distinct himse of feet, one of which is opened up at different levels, and varies in width up to 8 ft., its average being probably a little over 4 ft. It is also variable in quality. At my visit the shaft was being deepened, and a very promising-looking reef cut. The strike of the reef system is about north-east by east and south-west by west, that at the Waihi-Silverton Mine being practically north and south, and the reefs almost vertical. From observation it looks as though the reefs of the two mines may junction. Sinking was also in progress at the latter mine, and the joint properties being developed so as to produce a considerable output of ore, for the treatment of which the Waihi-Silverton battery has been remodelled and

arranged for wet crushing.

At the Grand Junction Mine, Waihi, considerable difficulties have had to be encountered owing This mine was not a producer of quartz during the year.

Other properties in the district have been or are being exploited. None of these can be put on

the list of productive mines for the year.

The Waitekauri Gold-mining Company's mines are at Golden Cross, about five miles above Waitekauri Township, the principal battery being at the latter place. Two shafts have been sunk at Golden Cross, No. 1 shaft being the principal opening. The main lode or reef sometimes attains a width of 50 ft., its strike being north-north-east and south-south-west. The shafts are on opposite sides of the reef. Another reef, the Southern Cross, is thought to be a loop or branch off the main lode. It varies in width, and shows a good assay value. With a view to the development of the property on a good scale, a long low-level adit-tunnel is being constructed, which will allow of the property on a good scale, a long low-level adil-tutilor to being produced and drainage effected down to the present working-level without winding and stone being produced and drainage effected down to the present working-level without winding and stone being produced and drainage the letter available for the exploitation of deeper levels. When pumping machinery, thus rendering the latter available for the exploitation of deeper levels. When this tunnel is connected with No. 1 shaft it is, I understand, to be continued west of the main lode, to thoroughly test and drain the entire reef system down to that level. Other development-work is also in progress.