vii D.—2.

The cost of maintenance of the line, bridges, buildings, and other structures has still further increased—viz., from £357,189 in 1898–99 to £394,619 in 1899–1900—an increase of £37,430. Of this increased amount £460 has been spent on the Whangarei Section, due to strengthening bridges and renewals of track; £8,706 on the Auckland Section, due to strengthening bridges and renewals of track; £15,671 on the Wellington–Napier–New Plymouth Section, due to renewals of track; £12,340 on the Hurunui–Bluff Section, due to renewals of track; £589 on the Grey–Hokitika Section, due to bridge repairs and renewals of track; and £840 on the Picton Section, due to renewals of rails and sleepers, and wharf-repairs.

The cost per mile of railway for maintenance has advanced from £172.92 in 1898-99 to £187.99 in 1899-1900, or £50 per mile per annum in excess of the

amount spent in 1894-95.

A sum of £5,069 for additions and improvements to the lines and structures has been debited to the working-expenses for maintenance of way which might fairly be charged to capital.

The Head Office expenditure is only £647 over that of last year, and in

relation to the revenue is actually less.

The departmental offices cost £2,752 more than last year, due to extra staff,

scale increases, and retiring-allowances.

The Stores Branch purchased during the year stores to the value of £492,500, distributed as follows: General stores, £225,000; coal and coke, £70,000; timber, £53,000; sleepers, £76,000; permanent-way material, £60,000; stationery, £8,500. A staff of sixty-nine men were employed in the work of accounts and distribution.

4. EXPENDITURE FOR ADDITIONS TO OPEN LINES.

The sum of £218,357 has been charged to Capital Account on account of additions to the rolling-stock, and improvements to the permanent-way and structures.

Of this amount, £154,157 has been expended on additional rolling-stock, conversions of rolling-stock, car-lighting, and workshop machinery. This rolling-stock consists of 11 locomotives, 33 carriages, 11 brake-vans, 42 bogie wagons, 419 four-wheel wagons, 1 steam crane, 350 tarpaulins, all completed on the 31st March last; 5 locomotives, 66 carriages, 13 brake-vans, 46 bogie wagons, 473 four-wheel wagons, and 200 tarpaulins, incomplete, but in hand on the 31st March last.

Included in the amount charged to Capital Account is a sum of £64,200, expended on account of additions and improvements to sidings, bridges, telegraphs, interlocking apparatus, signals, workshops, station buildings, dwellings, loading-banks, stock-yards, and water-services. Many of our stations are being entirely rebuilt: Aramoho, Clinton, and Oamaru are cases in point.

The following gives the rolling-stock on 31st March, 1895, and 31st

March, 1900:--

						31st March, 1895.	31st March, 1900.
Locomotives	•••	•••	•••	• • •		269	304
Cars	•••		•••			498	577
$\operatorname{Brake-vans}\ldots$				•••	•••	204	220
Wagons	•••	•••	•••	• • •		8,264	10,075
Tarpaulins						5,477	7,460

and the following the tractive power of the engines and carrying capacity of cars and wagons:—

		Engines' Tractive Power in Pounds.	Wagons' Carrying Capacity in Tons.	Cars' Seating Accommodation : Seats.
31st March, 1895		 1,835,489	50,861	17,455
31st March, 1900	• • •	 2,407,279	63,778	22,090

The following is a summary of the work carried out in the New Zealand Government railway workshops during the past five years, and is additional to ordinary repairs to locomotives, carriages, and wagons:—