A-3 38

There are no local facilities for training medical or dental staff; however, two Niueans are at present being trained at the Central Medical School, Suva, whilst four Niuean girls are receiving nursing education at the Government Hospital, Apia, Western Samoa.

Niue was without the services of a European Medical Officer from June, 1947, until September, 1948, when the present Medical Officer commenced duty. During this time, his duties were carried out by three successive Native medical practitioners.

The Administration maintains a hospital at Alofi. This hospital contains sixteen beds, but averages many more patients during periods of epidemic or serious illness. There is also at Alofi an x-ray unit, a dispensary, an out-patient clinic, and a dental clinic. A regular weekly visiting service is maintained in all outer villages, and to assist in this work a mobile clinic is at present under construction. School, shipping, and public health inspections are held, and there is a child-welfare clinic in each village. The out-patients dispensary at Alofi is open each morning, and special calls are made by medical staff as required.

The aged people of the villages are under the protective surveillance of the police, with Church authorities, in some cases, assisting with supplies of food and clothing as relief.

The amounts expended on health services during the last five years are as follows:

	1944-45.	1945-46. 1946-4		1947-48.	1948-49.	
Amount expended Population Amount per head of population	23,656	£5,305	£8,211	£7,293	£8,019	
	4,200	4,271	4,328	4,318	4,333	
	17s. 5d.	£1 4s. 9d.	£1 17s. 11d.	£1 13s. 9d.	£1 17s. 0d.	

All medical and dental treatment, including hospitalization, is provided free of charge to the Niueans. The money for this expenditure is provided by subsidy from the New Zealand Government.

Vital Statistics

Births for the calendar year 1948	 	 169
Deaths for the calendar year 1948	 	 142
Births per 1,000 of population	 	 $41 \cdot 23$
Deaths per 1,000 of population	 	 $33 \cdot 02$

The number of deaths under one year of age for the calendar year 1948 was 47, the infant-mortality rate per thousand live births being 284: this high rate was due to the epidemic of whooping-cough.

Table 1 shows how the deaths were distributed according to age throughout the

population:

				Number of Deaths.	Percentage of Total Deaths.
Under one week		 		47	2.87
l week to 1 month		 		7 -	4.9
1 month to 3 months		 		8 >47	5.6 >32.9
3 months to 6 months		 		12	8.4
6 months to 12 months		 		16	11.2
year to 2 years		 		16	11.2
2 years to 3 years		 		õ	3.6
3 years to 4 years		 		4	2.8
4 years to 5 years		 		2	1.4
years to 10 years		 	!	2	1 · 4
Over 10 years	• •	 		66	46.7
Totals		 		142	100.00