whether for business, farm, or dwelling, carries its own problems, and it is therefore pleasing to note that by far the great majority of ex-servicemen assisted to date are proving successful and are rapidly becoming firmly established. The relatively few failures that have occurred have been due mainly to the personal element, either the borrower being temperamentally unsuited to the particular venture or revealing poor managerial capacity rather than to the proposition itself being economically unsuand.

The table hereunder shows the aggregate numbers of loans and amounts authorized from June, 1941 (the inception of rehabilitation policy), to 31st March, 1948. As a record of substantial and successful rehabilitation it requires little elaboration:—

Type of Loan.		•	Number.	$\begin{matrix} \textbf{Amount.} \\ \textbf{\pounds} \end{matrix}$
Tools of trade			 1,188	38,806
Furniture			 28,429	2,613,360
Business			 5,940	3,650,719
Farms			 4,716	19,237,489
Houses			 20,194	23,752,605
Miscellaneous			 312	67,980
Stock (R.I.C.)			 350	296,301
	Totals		 61,129	£49,657,260

Included in the amount shown above is the sum of £1,742,587, representing the total authorized by way of supplementary interest-free loans to 31st March, 1948. As indicated in previous reports, no interest or principal repayments are required in respect of these loans whilst the ex-serviceman borrower remains the owner occupant of the property.

Ex-servicemen have entered into almost every phase of business life from taxi transport to inter-colonial freight shipping, from bootmaking to hotel ownership. In a necessarily condensed form the following table shows, under classified headings, the various types of business loans authorized:—

Classification of Business Loans

	State of Barrette Board							
	Number.	Total. ${f \pounds}$		Number.	Total. £			
Butchery	142	115,815	Taxi, service car, and trans-					
Grocery and general store		356,801	port	794	446,227			
Bakery, dairy, refreshment-ro	oms 302	202,454	Carrier and mail contractor	953	672,030			
Milk-round	$\dots 172$	128,916	Hairdresser and to bacconist	83	37,655			
Building trades	437	225,385	Bootmaker	128	38,869			
Mechanical repairs	296	178,351	Painter and paperhanger	144	44,927			
Manufacturing business	209	140,438	Launch and fishing gear	81	50,598			
Stationery and fancy goods	85	60,825	Agricultural contractor	348	249,033			
Eggs, poultry, &c	40	25,668	Chemist	24	25,130			
Professional equipment	656	290,704	Miscellaneous	435	264,870			
Radio dealer and electrician	136	70,048						
Hotel and guest-house	30	25,975	Total to 31st March, 1948	5,940	£3,650,719			
		1						

All loans are granted on terms providing for reasonable repayments over a number of years determined by the Rehabilitation Loans Committee or the District Executive Committee in relation to the type of asset and the estimated profit-earning capacity of the particular business. In many cases borrowers have found it possible to increase their instalments, thus reducing the loan term and clearing their liability in a shorter period than that originally fixed. On the other hand, through temporary setbacks due to ill health, shortage of supplies, or some other factor outside the borrower's control, it has been necessary in some cases to ease the rate of repayment. Such cases are considered sympathetically by the Committee concerned, and, where warranted on the facts, appropriate relief is extended.