- "4. Directs the Technical Preparatory Committee to meet in Paris not later than 15 March, 1946, and to submit its report, including the draft annotated agenda and proposals, to the Members of the United Nations and to the Council not later than 1 May, 1946;
- "5. Decides that any observations it may make at its second session on the report of the Technical Preparatory Committee will be communicated to the proposed International Conference;
- "6. Instructs the Secretary-General to call the Conference not later than 20 June, 1946, and, in consultation with the President of the Council, to select the place of meeting."

A Declaration for the calling of an International Health Conference was unanimously approved at the United Nations Conference on International Organization at San Francisco.

The International Health Conference met in the City of New York from 19 July to 22 July, 1946.

The Governments of the following States were represented at the Conference by delegates:—

Argentina. Етніоріа. PERU. Australia. France. POLAND. Belgium. Greece. REPUBLIC OF THE Bolivia. Guatemala. PHILIPPINES. Brazil. HAITI. SAUDI ARABIA. SYRIA. Byelo-Russian Soviet HONDURAS. Socialist Republic. India. TURKEY. CANADA. IRAN. UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC. CHILE. IRAQ. CHINA. LEBANON. UNION OF SOVIET COLOMBIA. LIBERIA. SOCIALIST REPUBLICS. COSTA RICA. Luxemburg. Union of South CIIBA. Mexico. AFRICA. UNITED KINGDOM. NETHERLANDS. CZECHOSLOVAKIA. DENMARK. NEW ZEALAND. UNITED STATES OF NICARAGUA. DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. AMERICA. URUGUAY. ECUADOR. Norway. EGYPT. PANAMA. Venezuela. EL SALVADOR. PARAGUAY. Yugoslavia.

The Governments of the following States were represented by observers:—

Albania. Hungary. Sweden.
Austria. Iceland. Switzerland.
Bulgaria. Italy. Transjordan.
Eire. Portugal.
Finland. Siam.

The Governments of the following States were invited to send observers, but were not represented:

AFGHANISTAN. RUMANIA. YEMEN.

The Allied Control Authorities for Germany, Japan, and Korea were represented by observers.