45 H. --31.

In addition to these new centres, the following existing centres were reinforced by the appointment of additional staff: Alexandra, Birkenhead, Ellerslie, Henderson, Invercargill, Sandringham, Whangarei Country.

Forty-two new clinics have been authorized at centres which were not served before, and eight existing centres are to be reorganized in the immediate future, and their scope extended by the appointment of additional staff. Details of these are given in another section of this report.

To facilitate the control of the ever-increasing number of clinics, the dental districts have been further reorganized by including the Taranaki Health District in the Wellington Dental District, instead of in the South Auckland Dental District as it was originally. The Principal Dental Officer, in addition to his duties at Head Office, retains control in the meantime of a small district comprising the Manawatu, Hutt Valley, and Marlborough areas. This has been designated, for the present, the "Inner Wellington District."

## STATISTICS.

Operations performed in the field and in the training-school from 1st January to 31st December, 1939 :—

Fillings—					
In permanent teeth	 	• •	 	281,104	
In deciduous teeth	 • •		 	334,410	
					615,514
Extractions					
In permanent teeth	 		 	2,954	
In deciduous teeth	 ••		 	73,039	
					75,993

The following figures illustrate the progress made during the last 10 years:

Year.			;	Number of Schools under Systematic Treatment.	Number of Children receiving Systematic Treatment.	Total Number of Operations.			
1930					930	67,652	463,204		
1931					1,180	68,995	562,759		
1932					1,297	72,584	619,390		
1933					1,430	78,391	623,625		
1934					1,551	83,433	626,878		
1935					1,590	84,738	674,374		
1936					1,629	89,803	725,609		
1937					1,568	89,483	759,873		
1938					1,620	94,261	826,598		
1939		• •		, .	1,749	101,701	912,370		

Total number of operations since the inception of the service, 8,463,189.

## RATIO OF EXTRACTIONS TO FILLINGS.

The number of teeth extracted as unsaveable as compared with the number of fillings performed shows a small increase on this occasion, to the extent of 0.4 extractions per 100 fillings. This is accountable for by the number of new clinics opened, and the corresponding increase in the number of new entrants, as the latter invariably require a certain number of extractions. The figure for the year under review is 12.3 extractions per 100 fillings. The following table shows the ratio of extractions to fillings since the inception of the service:—

igs since one	тосрио	ii oi viic	301 1100 .	Fillings.	Extractions.	Ratio: Extractions per Hundred Fillings.
1921-22				 13,047	14,939	114.5
1922 – 23				 24,603	25,436	$103 \cdot 3$
1923-24				 47,610	37,978	$79 \cdot 7$
1924-25				 59,322	43,181	$72 \cdot 6$
1925-26				 61,506	41,339	$67 \cdot 2$
1926-27				 84,723	53,232	$62 \cdot 8$
1927-28				 116,916	66,523	$56 \cdot 8$
1928-29				 146,354	76,555	$52 \cdot 3$
192930				 190,934	71,128	$37 \cdot 2$
1930-31				 258,546	75,973	$25 \cdot 5$
1931 – 32				 334,827	80,389	$24 \cdot 0$
1932 – 33				 382,389	74,633	$19 \cdot 5$
1933 – 34				 397,437	69,208	$17 \cdot 4$
1934 - 35				 399,560	70,207	$17 \cdot 5$
1935 – 36				 450,727	72,782	16.1
1936 - 37				 498,121	72,088	$14 \cdot 6$
1937 - 38				 535,441	68,832	$12 \cdot 9$
1938-39				 571,199	67,972	$11 \cdot 9$
1939-40				 615,514	75,993	$12 \cdot 3$

The above figures include both permanent and deciduous teeth. For permanent teeth alone the ratio is 1.05 extractions per 100 fillings.