C.—3. 76

The following table shows the number of tons of stone and mullock crushed, and the yield of gold, from the northern goldfields since the returns have been supplied to the Mines Department. The Thames returns include the Ohinemuri District up to 1886–87:—

District.					Number of Tons of Quartz and Mullock crushed or sold.	Yield of Gold.	Average Yield of Gold per Ton.
loromandel-						Oz.	Oz. dwt. gr
		31st March,	1881		720	4,960	6 18 0
	1881,	,,	1882		3,358	7,352	2 4 0
**	1882,	"	1883		2,907	7,577	2 12 0
	1883,		1884		1,043	4,018	3 17 0
	1884,	"	1885		456	3,201	7 0 0
	1885,	."	1886		550	3,382	6 3 0
		"	1887	• • • •	305	$\frac{3,332}{4,170}$	13 13 0
	1886,	"	1888	• • • •	1,923	6,774	$\begin{vmatrix} 13 & 13 & 0 \\ 3 & 10 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$
	1887,	"		• • •			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	1888,	"	1889	• • •	2,149	8,090	
	1889,	"	1890	• • •	1,690	6,708	
,,	1890,	"	1891	• • •	5,650	9,838	1 14 19
	1891,	"	1892	• • •	13,029	12,191	0 18 17
"	1892,	"	1893	•.••	15,163	12,954	0 17 2
	Totals	•••	•••		48,943	91,215	1 17 7
hames—							
		31st March,		• • •	41,917	57,207	1 7 7
	1879,	"	1880	• • •	33,017	59,576	1 16 2
"	1880,	"	1881		32,405	53,154	1 12 19
"	1881,	"	1882	• • •	30,698	45,803	1 9 20
	1882,	"	1883		25,867	43,311	1 13 12
	1883,	,,	1884		34,228	54,878	1 12 2
	1884,	,,	1885		31,496	37,705	1 4 4
	1885,	"	1886		35,998	61,540	1 14 4
	1886,		1887		34,827	38,142	$\overline{1}$ $\overline{1}$ $\overline{22}$
	1887,	"	1888		32,819	35,949	1 1 11
	1888,	"	1889	• • • •	47,363	35,796	0 15 3
	1889,	"	1890	•••		33,817	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		"		•••	60,753		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 11 & 14 \\ 0 & 12 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$
	1890,	"	1891*	• • •	61,756	38,113	
	1891,	"	1892	• • •	86,150	45,735	0 10 15
"	1892,	"	1893	•••	78,547	35,322	0 8 22
hinemuri—					667,841	676,048	1 0 5
1st April	1887 to	31st March,	1888		2,388	3,406	1 8 13
-	1888,		1889		3,795	3,679	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	1889,	"	1890	• • • •	4,773	8,564	1 15 21
	1890.	. 11	1891	•••	9,902	†12,914	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	"	1892	• •		‡23,659	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
"	1891,	"		•••	13,865	140,000 (49,405	
"	1892,	"	1893	•••	22,771	§43,405	1 18 3
					57,494	95,627	1 13 6
Te Aroha—		21st March	1994		4 969	4 69Q	7 7 17
		31st March,		• • •	4,262	4,629	1 1 1 17
"	1884	"	1885	• • • •	11,042	9,506	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 17 & 5 \\ 0 & 12 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$
	1885	"	1886	• • •	6,552	4,489	0 13 17
	1886	"	1887	•••	4,743	3,658	0 15 10
	1887	"	1888		7,166	2,918	0 8 3
	1888	<i>"</i>	1889	• • •	1,381	1,113	0 16 3
	1889	"	1890	• • •	4,894	20,416	4 3 10
	1890	"	1891		280	557	1 19 18
	1891	"	1892		2,722	979	0 7 5
	1892	"	1893		3,169	1,178	0 7 2
		Totals	•••	•••	46,211	49,443	1 1 9
	~ "	1 0	North Island		820,489	912,333	$\frac{1}{1}$ 2 ϵ

^{*} This includes 50,856 tons of mullock crushed the last two years. † The gold obtained includes 42,331oz. bullion. † Includes bullion, 22,737oz. § includes bullion, 41,683oz. || Is bullion worth only 11s. 6d. per ounce?

MIDDLE ISLAND. MARLBOROUGH DISTRICT.

Waikakaho.

A large expenditure has been made at Waikakaho by the Ravenswood Company in opening up the quartz-reefs and erecting machinery, but the result of working has proved very unsatisfactory. There is a large body of stone carrying a little gold; but no one who prospected the quartz taken out