#### $N \to W$ ZEALAND.

## REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF PRISONS.

Presented to both Houses of the General Assembly by Command of His Excellency.

The Inspector of Prisons to the Hon. the Minister of Justice.

SIR,-Office of Inspector of Prisons, Wellington, 1st June, 1884. In presenting this my fourth annual report on the prisons of the colony, I have the honour to inform you that in the year ended the 31st December last I visited the various prisons on the dates stated in the attached table marked L. I have on all occasions found them kept clean and in good condition, due attention paid to the sanitary arrangements, and a high state of discipline maintained. My method of visitation satisfies me that the condition in which I have found these institutions on the occasions of my inspections is that which I believe always exists. I have also inspected as many of the smaller police gaols during the past year as the time at my

2. The daily supplies of rations, and the periodical supplies of fuel, clothing, and necessaries, for use in the prisons, have invariably been of good quality and according to sample. The rations are inspected daily on delivery by the Gaoler or Chief Warder, and the right of having their food

weighed in their presence is accorded to the prisoners should they desire it.

3. The clothing and necessaries both for the officers and prisoners are obtained from local tradesmen by public tender, and there have been no complaints as regards these articles. A board of survey, consisting of officers detailed by roster in each prison, carefully examines and reports upon them before they are issued for use or admitted into store.

This prisoner, who was working 4. One escape took place during the year, viz., at Dunedin. 4. One escape took place during the year, viz., at Dunedin. This prisoner, who was working in the vicinity of the prison, managed to elude the vigilance of the warder in charge of him, and effect his escape, but, after being absent thirty hours, was recaptured by the police at Mullock's Gully, nineteen miles from Dunedin, and brought back to the prison the following day.

5. Table A shows that the prisoners have generally enjoyed good health. Two deaths have occurred (exclusive of one suicide), one at Auckland and one at Lyttelton. Inquests were held in

each case in accordance with the provisions of the Prisons Act, and satisfactory verdicts returned.

6. The only case of suicide I have to report as occurring in prisons during the year was at

Nelson, to which allusion will be found further on.

7. Three death-sentences have been passed during the year—at Christchurch, Auckland, and Wanganui respectively; but in each case His Excellency the Governor was pleased to commute the sentence to penal servitude for life, and there have been no executions.

8. It is with much satisfaction that I am able to report that all the prisons are now worked under the same regulations, and the hours of duty for the officers are similar, as far as circumstances will admit. A copy of the daily routine now in force is attached, marked N.

9. All complaints and requests, which have been very few, made to me by prisoners, have been retired to be a superscript of the daily routine and all their retirious have been

patiently listened to, and action taken where I deemed necessary, and all their petitions have been

presented to His Excellency the Governor for his decision.

10. A reference to Table A shows that at the commencement of the past year there were 527 male and 103 female prisoners confined in the thirteen larger prisons of the colony, and at the close of the same year 505 males and 101 females, showing a decrease of 22 males and 2 females. In my last year's report it is shown that in the year 1882 there passed through these prisons 3,732 males and 307 females, while the table now under reference gives the numbers for prisons 3,732 males and 937 females, while the table now under reference gives the numbers for 1883 as 3,822 males and 1,059 females respectively, being an actual increase of cases dealt with of 90 males and 122 females; but this increase is entirely due to offences committed by short-sentenced prisoners, who were tried for trivial offences. It will be noticed that the number of sentences of three months' hard labour and under has risen from 2,089 males and 696 females in 1882 to 2,235 males and 813 females in 1883, an increase of 144 males and 117 females. Explanatory of this increase, it is worthy of notice that at the criminal sessions in Auckland in April, last year, a batch of twenty-four Maoris were convicted of assaulting a Government official; and, further, that trivial offenders are increased by the constant arrival of the direct steamers from England, with crew and firemen refractory and refusing to work, who are usually sentenced to be kept in prison till the ship is ready again to proceed to sea.

11. During the past year the daily average number of prisoners in gaols has fallen, from 571.5

11. During the past year the daily average number of prisoners in gaols has fallen, from 571.5 males and 96.4 females in 1882, to 537.2 males and 99.6 females, being a decrease of 34.3 males, with an increase of 3.2 females, making an average decrease of 31.1 prisoners in 1883.

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12. According to figures obtained from the Registrar-General, the ascertained population of the colony at the close of the year 1882 was 307,671 males and 254,133 females, total 561,804 persons; and the number of prisoners at the same date was 527 males and 103 females, total 630. At the end of the year 1883 the population was 319,033 males and 265,941 females, total 584,974 persons; and the number of prisoners at that date was 505 males and 101 females, total 606. The average number of prisoners to population was therefore as follows: In 1882, '171 per cent.; in 1883, '103 per cent.

13. In the year 1882, 113 male and 3 female debtors were detained in gaols, against 111 males and perfemales in the past year; and in 1882 there were 48 male and 4 female lumities transferred

13. In the year 1882, 113 male and 3 female debtors were detained in gaols, against 111 males and no females in the past year; and in 1882 there were 48 male and 4 female lunatics transferred to asylums from gaols, as against 56 males and 13 females in 1883. Again, the prisoners acquitted after remand are shown as 410 males and 62 females in 1882, as against 414 males and 64 females last year, giving for 1883 a decrease of 2 male and 3 female debtors, an increase of 8 male and 9 female lunatics, and an increase of 4 male and 2 female prisoners released on acquittal after remand.

14. As regards the number of prisoners sentenced to penal servitude in the prisons during the year, Table H shows there were on the last day of 1883 201, as against 219 at the close of the previous year, or a net decrease of 18 prisoners, or about 9 per cent., in the more serious crimes for

the year.

15. In a former report I drew attention to what I still consider the objectionable system of confining penal-servitude and hard-labour prisoners in the same institution. I believe this subject is one which is well worthy of the attention of the Legislature, with a view of deciding whether or not this practice shall continue. The universal opinion of those who have studied this important question is that penal-servitude prisoners should be located in separate prisons, and their treatment made of a more rigorous description than that of merely hard-labour ones: this is the rule and practice in Great Britain, and, indeed, in the penal establishments of all well-regulated States.

16. The progressive-stage system of classification, now in force in all the prisons of the colony, works well as far as it goes; but, owing to the unsuitability of most of the buildings for carrying it out, it may well be termed only an initial step, and does but little toward effecting that desirable end, the reformation of the criminals. In illustration of this progressive-stage system as now in operation, two examples may be taken. A, an old, hardened, and expert criminal, receives a sentence of five years' penal servitude for robbery with violence; and at the same session B, a man of superior stamp who has never before seen the inside of a prison, receives a similar sentence for, say, forgery. As long as both these criminals conduct themselves according to rules, they remain in the same stages of classification, and A, from his long experience of prison discipline, is unlikely to offend against the prison rules. These two individuals advance in class year by year together, and as time goes on are associated on the works, and in some prisons, where there is not accommodation for the requisite separation, in the same cells. The consequence is that A has every opportunity, which he is not likely to miss, of educating B in every description of crime of which his experience has made him master. As the result of this tutoring, B leaves the prison a much more degraded and worse man than when he entered it, and may probably soon again lapse into crime. Thus, an offender who may be only a criminal by a first offence, and might never relapse but for his prison association, is likely by that baneful experience to be transformed into an habitual offender. Now, if the reformation of the criminal class—and here I specially allude to the "first-offence class"—is worthy of consideration at all, I emphatically contend that prisoners undergoing penal servitude should be consigned to an establishment entirely separate from other prisoners, where they would be treated with strict justice tempered by consideration and humanity, under charge of officers fitted to be intrusted with such large powers as punitive discipline requires, and at the same time qualified on occasions to administer advice in a spirit of kindness, which is perfectly consonant with the exercise of strict prison discipline. The most economical and best penal institution that could be established would, I believe, be in some island such as Stewart or D'Urville, where stone, minerals, clay for bricks, &c., can be found, and might be turned to good account by the convicts; and in addition there might be a farm connected with the prison, as at Borstal, Woking, Dartmoor, and many other longestablished convict prisons in England, where men when due for release would, from the agricultural knowledge acquired in gaol, be made useful to themselves and to the community, and thus saved from falling into a career of crime. from falling into a career of crime. An establishment of this description should, if properly managed, be self-supporting, and at the same time afford the opportunity of separating firstconvicted prisoners, except perhaps receivers of stolen goods and those guilty of unnatural crimes and indecency, from the other criminals, which is the great step in the direction of classification that should be aimed at by all prison administration. It is interesting to note that there have been 81 sentences of penal servitude passed in the colony during the year 1883, and 3 commuted death sentences, giving a total of 84 cases.

17. The past year has been marked by the operation in this department of the Prisons Amendment Act of last session of Parliament, which opens a new era in the system of discipline, and, so far, has worked admirably. By this Act it is provided that all aggravated prison offences shall, after being inquired into in the prison by a Visiting Justice, be reheard by a Resident Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace in open Court before any punishment can be inflicted. Yet, with a daily average of 636.8 prisoners during the past year, it has only been found necessary to bring forward the small number of six such cases for trial and decision by outside Magistrates. The amending Act has been in operation only since the 10th August last, but its influence has been salutary and valuable. Table M shows that, with a greater number of persons passing through the prisons, as compared with the previous year, the number of prison offences has been very materially reduced, more especially as regards those offences which are classed as "serious." The total number of prison punishments in 1882 was 295, while in 1883 they fell to 238, an actual reduction of 57. It will also be observed that, while in 1882 the serious offences were 81, they were in 1883 only 24. As a statistical commentary on the necessity for changes in Dunedin and Lyttelton Prisons, it may here be mentioned that, of the total number of prison offences in 1882, no

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fewer than 88 occurred in Dunedin, against 37 in 1883; and in Lyttelton 78 in 1882, as against 43 in 1883. Of the 81 serious offences in 1882, 24 occurred in Dunedin, equal to the whole number in all the prisons for the year now reported on, as against 8 in 1883. In Lyttelton the serious offences were 29 in 1882, and in 1883 they were only 14. I think it must be admitted that these statistics justify—if justification is needed—the special action which I deemed it my duty to take with respect to these prisons, and prove the advantages which have arisen from the new Act and regulations. The increase in offences in Auckland is due to the fact that formerly the Gaoler, subject to the approval of the Visiting Justices, was in the habit of giving trivial punishments, which were not included in the return furnished by him, and therefore omitted in the tables of my last report; but this practice having been put a stop to naturally caused more cases to come under the hands of the Visiting Justices, and all offences are now dealt with by them.

18. There have been 48 reports against prison officers in 1883, as against 36 in the previous year; but many were merely for trivial neglects of duty, and none were for offences of a very serious nature. It is, I think, deserving of notice that not a single case of drunkenness is recorded against prison officers in the past year, and their conduct has generally been commendable. The system of transferring officers from prison to prison has been attended with beneficial results to the service. There is a long list of names registered for appointments, from which the most suitable and meritorious candidates are selected as vacancies occur. Many of the older officers have passed the limit of age at which is to be found that real fitness for the arduous and incessantly vigilant duties they are required to perform. Naturally those officers are loth to retire from positions which they have so long and not unworthily filled, but the necessity of a strict service should always be paramount, and override personal and sentimental considerations. I have, therefore, to repeat the opinion I expressed in my report presented three years ago, that, in cases of officers whose age and infirmity can be shown to interfere with efficiency, these officials should be directed to retire.

19. It was stated in my last report that numbers of the officers did not sufficiently study the characters of the prisoners under their charge. A melancholy example of this occurred in the Nelson Prison in the murder of a warder by a prisoner, and the suicide of the murderer. This convict was under a life sentence for manslaughter at the Lyell, on the west coast of the Middle Island, the case presenting features of peculiar ferocity. Clearly such a man should not have been placed in a position to have access to dangerous weapons. Yet both before and after the trial he occupied the position of cook. The fatal sequel showed the impropriety of such a selection; but, though painful in itself, this occurrence has not been without a good effect in the direction required, and officers now devote more careful study to the peculiarities and temperaments of prisoners. A pleasing circumstance connected with this fatality, and one which affords me gratification to record, is that the officers of the department all over the colony raised by subscription among themselves a sum of upward of £290 for the benefit of the widow and family of the murdered man.

20. Table K contains a record of the visits of the Visiting Justices to the prisons during the year 1883, from which it will be seen that these visits have been regular and frequent. Agreeably to the Act passed last session of Parliament, Visitors have now been appointed in addition to the Visiting Justices. The duty of these Visitors is to hear any complaints which prisoners may have to make, and thus afford to prisoners another channel of communication, in addition to that of the Visiting Justices, or of the Inspector. The right to visit all prisons at all reasonable hours is also given to members of both Houses of Parliament, as well as to all Justices of the Peace. It would be well, in my opinion, if the public generally would exhibit a greater interest in prisons, and their inmates and management, than is at present displayed. Beyond the visits of relatives or friends of prisoners, very few of the outside public ever cross the threshold of our gaols, although at all convenient seasons the Gaolers, by instructions, are ready and willing to admit any respectable citizen who may desire to examine personally the interior economy of prison life and discipline. The visiting-books of other public institutions, such as hospitals, lunatic asylums, and industrial schools, show that in these and their inmates greater interest is taken than in the inmates and working of prisons. If more attention were paid to prison-visiting by the public, I believe that not only would this general interest prove an encouragement to the officers, but would also have a beneficial effect on the prisoners who are working out their weary sentences, and who would feel that, though secluded by their own faults from the community against which they have sinned, yet nevertheless they are not forgotten. At the same time, such a system of visiting would remove the opinion which is current amongst many that there is something dark and mysterious in prison management, while on the contrary nothing occurs that may not be fully published abroad.

management, while on the contrary nothing occurs that may not be fully published abroad.

21. Table F shows a decrease in the past year of 10 in the number of juvenile criminals received into the prisons, those under ten years of age being 25 in 1883, as against 35 in 1882; but in those from ten to fifteen years of age there is an increase of 10 on the previous year, the numbers being 95 in 1882, against 105 in 1883; while in those aged from fifteen to twenty years there is also an increase, the numbers being 250 in 1882, as against 261 in 1883, giving a total increase during the year 1883 of 11 prisoners under the age of twenty. These statistics again convince me of the absolute and urgent necessity of establishing reformatories, to which I drew extention lest year. All authorities on prison matters are unanimous in their conjugon that goods are attention last year. All authorities on prison matters are unanimous in their opinion that gaols are

unsuitable and improper places for the detention of boys and girls of tender years.

22. As regards the financial table given under heading B, it will be found that the prisoners were maintained last year at a gross cost of £55 11s. 6d. each, as against £51 7s. 10d. for the previous year, and at a net cost of £45 9s. 7d. as against £44 14s. 1d. in 1882. These totals are made up as follows: Staff supervision, £35 10s.; maintenance, £16 5s. 6d.; incidental, £3 16s. The proportional increase in last year's expenditure is due to several causes: First, a reduction in the number of prisoners, without its being possible to make any immediate reduction in the staff, or fuel and lighting expenses; second, the item for conveyance of officers is largely increased in consequence of the requirements of the service demanding the transfer of many officers and their families; third, the system introduced last year of giving gratuities to prisoners on discharge, and sending them back

to the localities from which they were committed. The medicines, medical comforts, and tobacco at Lyttelton and Mount Cook appear very high as compared with Auckland, where the daily average number of prisoners is considerably larger. In the gross total cost per prisoner, New Plymouth is the highest, at £90 8s. 5d., and Mount Cook the lowest, at £41 9s. 11d. It will, however, be observed that, wherever there has been an increase on the previous year's totals of the gross cost per prisoner, in every case there will be found to be a corresponding falling-off in the daily average number of prisoners as compared with the year 1882. Two large items may be noticed under the head of "Furniture" at Dunedin and Addington; but in explanation of these I would state that at the former the new female quarters have been entirely furnished, and a prison-van has been purchased for the latter during the year.

23. As the falling-off in the number of prisoners throughout the colony still continues, and now appears to be steady, a considerable reduction in the staff at the various prisons has been and is still

being made.

24. The receipts for prison labour, road-metal, needlework, maintenance of naval prisoners, &c., for the past year, amounted to £6,428 5s. 8d.: of this sum Dunedin is credited with only £94 14s., and against it there is a railway charge of £218 2s. 6d. for conveying prisoners to and from work. This small return as receipts is due to the inability of the Portobello Road Board, for whom the prisoners were working, to pay for the labour monthly as agreed upon, and at the close of the year that body owed the department some £300, which, had it been credited, would have materially reduced the net cost of each prisoner in Dunedin. At Hokitika and Wanganui, when prison labour is available, it is given to the Corporation without charge; and at New Plymouth and Mount Cook the prisoners are entirely employed in building new prisons: these establishments therefore show very small or no receipts.

25. The principal works carried on at the prisons during the year have been: At Auckland building new prison and breaking up road-metal; at Dunedin, working for Portobello Road Board and Port Chalmers Corporation; at Invercargill, levelling for Corporation; at Lyttelton, reclaiming land at Sticking Point, where an embankment of about 34,000 cubic yards has been made, and an area of one and a half acres reclaimed; at Napier, quarrying and breaking road-metal; at Timaru, levelling for Corporation; at Wellington Terrace, excavating for Mount Cook buildings; at Mount Cook, brick-making and building (about one and a half millions of bricks have been made, a patent Hoffman's kiln built, and the foundations of the new prison as far as the damp course completed at this prison by the Mount Cook and Terrace prisoners).

26. The recommendations of the Committee of the House of Representatives last session regarding the introduction into some prison of the manufacture of New Zealand flax for export have not been lost sight of; but after careful consideration it was found that New Plymouth is the only prison advantageously situated for carrying on such an experiment, and, in consequence of there being no prisoners available for such labour, no further steps could be taken in this matter.

I have, &c.,

A. Hume, Captain,

The Hon. the Minister of Justice, Wellington.

Inspector of Prisons.

TABLE A. NUMBER of PRISONERS in the Large Prisons, and their Disposal, for the Year ending 31st December, 1883.

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State of Prisons.	Addington, Auckland.	n. Auck	land.	Dunedin.		Hokitika.	Invercargill	argill ]	Lyttelton.		Napier.	Nelson.		New Plymouth.	]	Timaru.	Wanganui.	-	Wellington (Mt. Cook).	k). (T	Wellington (Terrace).		Total.
In prison at beginning of year Beceived during year	M. F. 21 21 476 220	. Mr. 1 123 ) 836	F. 18 208	M. F. 75 39 415 263	F. Mr. 59 14 53 54	F.	18 162	P	M. 108 324	<u> </u>	M. F. 19 2 146 9	₩. 7.	. <del>4</del> 6.	M. 18 75	E. 13	M. F. 15 2 166 28	10 169	F. T. E.	51. 27.	F. M. 50	. H. C. 197.	527 527	F. 103
Total	500 241	959	226	490 302	2 68	33	175	22	432	<del> </del>	165 11	19	7	93	17 1		!	32		425		<u>် ကြ</u>	-
DISCHARGED.  Debtors  Lunatics transferred to asylums On bail		27 6	; r-1	10 .	:w 4H	::	7 20	:-	: 65	! ! :	6161	- :	1 :	70 YO	: 00	4100	100	:4	:		:	1	: =
Acquitted and after remand On remission of sentence After serving sentence Transferred to other prisons or police Pardoned Franched	66 17 4 8 319 190 42	138 78 653 19	14 25 157	40 14 33 16 340 238 11 4	4 8 8 4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	:: + ££ :	27.7 95 8	::12:	2 15 66 197 49	:::::	15 2 14 1 99 8 12	00000	07 H 00 H	16 45 4	<del></del>	22 55 55 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	<del></del>	2 : 02 4	21	6 41 . 258 . 19	: 1 8 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5		64 64 813 9
Died naturally Committed suicide	:::	1:	•	:::	all marries with surfrequences and	:::	:::		; ; ;	· · · · · ·	::::	: : :		: : : :		: : : :	: : : :		::::		⊣ . : : :	24 C4 <del></del>	:
Total discharged In prison at end of year	477 216 23 25	833 126	197 29	437 275 53 27	5 58	34	164	22 :	333 99	14	44 11 21	61	F:	83	17 1:	173 29 8 1	171	30	24 64	359	120 120 120 120	3,31	958
Total dealt with	500 241	959	526	490 302	89	39	175	22	432	165	5 11	67	1	93	17 1	181 30	<del></del>	32	88	<del></del>		Ç.	1 059
Greatest number of either sex in prison at any time during year (not necessarily on same date)  Least ditto Daily average.  Greatest number of both sexes in prison	37 32 12 13 21 22	168 107 134	34 17 25	82 41 47 21 62 31	13 13	8 17 74	28 6 14·3	3 1	120 . 91 . 107 .	N ⊢ ∺	28 3 13	16 92	4 :01	26 7 14·3	4 : 1	22 4 1 3	25 6 14:3	장 <b>니</b>	œ	77 4 47 60	•		9-66
together Least ditto	28	197 128		117		24 14	28		120 91		28 13	19		28		24	8,88	·	67 51	<del></del>	St 88		
Prisoners ill 48 hours or over Admitted to hospital  Daily average on sick list	7 12 3 3 3 .6	04 40 20 24	H 4 H	43 47 5 2 1.1 (	5. 5	H .	C1		49	07	.: :5:	70	<u> </u>	1:::	1	7 1 : :8 ·1	81:	C3 :	37	3401	42 3 2	255 60 9.4	78 9.2.
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TABLE B. EXPENDITURE under the different Heads of Service in the Larger Prisons for the Year ending 31st December, 1883.

	Addington.	Auckland.	Dunedin.	Hokitika.	Invercargill.	Lyttelton.	Napier.	Nelson.	New Plymouth.	Timara. Wang	Wanganui.	Wellington (Mount Cook).	Welhington (Terrace).	Total.
Daily average number of prisoners { Kemales	21 es 22	134	62 31	13	14.3	701	19.5	68	14.3	0.60	14.3	59.8	9.8	537.2 99.6
Total	43	159	93	17	15	107	20.2	11	15.5	12	15.7	8.69	9 89	8.989
HEADS OF SERVICE.	•	· ·					•						. ,	•
Salaries and allowances Uniforms	1,202 13 34 10	0 3,829 12 0 290 3 0	0 3,568 1 0 147 19 0	35 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	853 8 C	3,679 11 0 180 7 0	56 14 0	555 18 0 21 10 0	248 15 0 39 16 0	553 15 0 31 6 0	686 14 0 52 19 0	1,037 19 0 179 7 0	2,587 5 0	21,369 15 0
:	1,237 3	0 4,119 15 (	0 3,716 0 0	831 3 0		3,859 18	1,026 15	œ	Ξ		13	1,217 6 0	1 0	22,606 5
Cost per prisoner	28 15	4 25 18 2	39 19 2	48 17 10	58 7 5	36 1 6	2 91 09	52 9 10	$63\ 15\ 6$	67 1 9	47 2 3	20 7 1	39 16 6	35 10 0
:	304 14	1,288	709		-	851 7		<u>بر</u>	61	109 7 0	1	434 0	භ	6
Fuel and light Bedding and clothing	110 10 48 16	0 134 0 0 0 553 2 0	139 1 <b>8</b> 361 16	45 6 0 153 14 0	63 9 10 18 0		47 1 69 4 0	65 8 0 25 10 0	47 11 0 55 19 0		32 3 0 18 18 0	156 18 0 271 7 0	251 4 0 243 9 0	$1,476\ 17 0$ $2,192\ 14 0$
and medical comforts, includi	29 4	78 6	140 12		17	173 16	7 1 0	0	7	70	14 12 0	194 4 0		823 13 0
on sonds	137 16	0 78 18 0		6 17 0	14 2 0		: 6	22 55 0	10	2 11 0		0	2 18 0	
	654 9	2,170 10	1,602 14		0	1,815 5	1	9	9	ရ က	12	1,065 19	3   =	14
Cost per prisoner	15 4	5 13 13 0	17 4 8	26 2 10	16 0 1	16 19 3	14 13 5	22 6 0	21 7 6	16 5 3	11 15 1	17 16 6	16 6 5	20
	1	0 22 12 0	:			:	7 10 0	:		20 0 0	18 0 0		18 0 0	99 14 0
Conveyance of officers and prisoners Contingencies, including gratuities to pri-	51 15	143 0	*411 7 0	31 7 0	27 15 0	0 0 001	9	67 18 0	23 10 0	œ	11	56 11 0		1,082 1 0
soners on discharge	49 6	401 3	123 2	17	∞	206 1		Ħ		3 16 0	- 1		- 1	1,237 5 0
:	2	566 15	534 9	4	က	306 1	12	6	14	4		139	237 18 0	1
er	13	3 11	5 14 1	6 8	4.4	2 17		=	20	8	16	3 6	9 4	16
Total expenses	2,006 5	0 6,857 0 0	0 5,853 3 0	1,334 17 0	1,178 16 0	5,981 4 0	1,364 14 0	917 3 0	٦.	,	1,015 18 0	2,481 1	0 0	- 1
Deduct:					1	1	1	-	8	0 01	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 6 74	0 77 60	0 11 00
Cash received for maintenance, labour, &c. Transfer credits per Treasury statement Washing and needlework for other prisons	105 1 58 10	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ 94 14 0	0 9 0	$\{171 \ 7 \ 0 \ 12 \ 5 \ 0$	3,430 0 0	121 2 0	20 5 0	:	0 0 64	1 17 0	5 7 0	27 8 0	;
Total	180 3	0 2,284 11 (	0 94 14 0	0 9 0	183 12 0	3,430 0 0	121 2 0	20 5 0	:	0 0 62	1 17 0	5 7 0	27 8 0	6,428 5 0
•	1,826 2	0 4,572 9 (	0 5,758 9 0	1,334 11 0	995 4 0	2,551 4 0	1,243 12 0	896 18 0	1,401 11 0	830 8 0	1,014 1 0	2,476 3 0	4,062 2 0	28,962 14 0
Net cost per prisoner	42 9	28 15	3 61 18 5	78 10 0	66 6 11	23 16 11	61 11 3	81 10 9	90 8 2	69 4 0	64 11 9	41 8 2	6. 4. S.	45 9 7
	Except in	" cost per prise	Except in "cost per prisoner" all items are stated at nearest	re stated at nea	rest shilling.	*	* Includes £218 2s. 6d., fares of hard-labour party at Port Chalmers	6d., fares of h	rd-labour party	at Port Chalm	378.		-	

TABLE C.
PRISONERS in CUSTODY, 1st January, 1883, and RECEIVED during the Year.

Prison	ıs.			Crimi	nals.	Debto	rs.	Lunatio	es.	Tota	ıl.
Addington:				м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.
In prison, 1st January		• •	• •	21	21	2 .		1		500	241
Received during year	• •			433	219	40		3	1	5 300	231
Auekland:			[								
In prison, 1st January				123	18					959	226
Received during year			)	806	208	28		2		303	220
Dunedin:			- 1		[					ľ	
In prison, 1st January				74	39	1		• •		490	302
Received during year				405	263	10		• •		#30	004
Hokitika:			1				j				
In prison, 1st January		, .		14	5					68	89
Received during year				50	34	4				17 08	59
Invercargill:					1					ľ	
In prison, 1st January				11	}	2				1 377	n^
Received during year		••		126	21	7		29	1	175	22
Lyttelton:	• •	• •				•			_	,	
In prison, 1st January				108			1			100	
Received during year	• •	• • •		320		2		2	• •	432	
Napier:	••	• •	• • •	0=0	• •	_			••	,	
In prison, 1st January				18	2	1				1	
Received during year		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	::	$1\overline{45}$	8	î	::	• •	'n	165	11
Nelson:	• •	• •	• •	110	· ·	1		• •		1	
In prison, 1st January				7	4		1			h .	
Received during year	• •	• •		59	3	1	•••	• •	••	67	7
New Plymouth:	• •	• •		00	9	* .	• •	••	• •	١,	
In prison, 1st January			ł	18	4					3	
	• •	• •	• •	64	10	6	• • •	5		} 93	17
Received during year	• •	• •	•••	04:	10	U	• •	9	9	D.	
Timaru:			1	14	2			1			
In prison, 1st January	• •	• •	•••	151	26	٠;	• • •	1 11	•••	181	30
Received during year	• •	• •	•••	797	20	4	••	7.1	2	)	
Wanganui:			1	10	٠ .					1	
In prison, 1st January	• •	• •	• • •	10	1	1	•••	**	٠.	179	32
Received during year	. • •	• •	• •	143	25	10	••	16	6	[]	
Wellington (Mount Cook	):									1.	
In prison, 1st January	• •	• •		51	• •	••	••	•••	• •	88	
Received during year	• •	• •	• • •	37	• •	•••	•••	• •	• •	1)	
Wellington (Terrace):					_						
In prison, 1st January	• •	• •	•••	50	7	• • •	•••	• •	• •	425	132
Received during year	• •		•••	372	125	1	••	2	• •	1)	202
Minor Prisons:			1		_	Ì				I.	
In prison, 1st January	• •	• •	•••	7	1	••	• •	• •		826	116
Received during year	• •			764	105	15	• •	40	10	1	110
Total				4,401	1,151	135		112	24	4,648	1,175

TABLE D.
PREVIOUSLY-CONVICTED PRISONERS received in 1883.

1	Prisons			One	e.	Twi	ce.		rice ener.	
Addington				м. 55	F. 15	м. 34	F. 14	м. 103	F. 145	
Auckland	• •	• •	::	95	18	46	5	230	166	
Dunedin	• • •	• • •		55	23	33	20	86	172	
Hokitika		• •		5	5	2	5	9	21	
Invercargill				12	1	6		38	1 <b>4</b>	
Lyttelton				25		14		46		*
Napier				16	1	23	1	37	2	
Nelson				5	1	1		1	1	
New Plymouth			[	4	1	2	1	1	1	
	. • •	• •	••	36	6	18	5	23	2	
Wanganui	••		• •	19	5	17	3	27	6	
Wellington (Mo		ok)	• •	8		4	• •	10	• •	
	race)	• •	•• ]	31	12	21	9	62	77	
Minor prisons	• •		•••	113	5	5,8	6	125	58	
Total	١			479	93	279	69	798	665	,

TABLE E.
PREVIOUSLY-CONVICTED PRISONERS for Five Years, 1879–83.

			Year.			One	ce.	Twi	lce.		rice tener.	•	
	1879 1880 1881			• •	• •	м. 430 339 411	F. 69 67 58	м. 236 195 235	F. 50 40 55	м. 663 656 599	F. 477 425 440		e en e
· .	188 <b>2</b> 188 <b>3</b>	••	••	••	$\vdots$	393 <b>47</b> 9	67 93	255 2 <b>79</b>	51 69	723 798	440 665		

TABLE F.
Ages of Prisoners received during the Year 1883, and Cause of their Detention.

		ت سرت						a sprasson				ere, journe en ee			- Jan	- Same a 18.
		Addington.	Auckland.	Dunedin.	Hokitika.	Invercargill.	Lyttelton.	Napier.	Nelson.	New Plymouth	Timaru.	Wanganui.	Wellington (Mount Conk).	Wellington: (Terrace)	Minor Prizons:	Total.
Under 10 years: Felony Misdemeanour. Minor offences. Debt or lunacy.			•••				2 .	100		, A		2		1 3	22 15	3 2 20 1
10 to 15 years: Felony Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy. 15 to 20 years:	•••	6	17 4 2	7  5		1	1	2	2	3	4 1 	1 1 		1 1 4	13 9 19	56 14 35
Felony Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy 20 to 25 years: Felony	**	17 2 9 	28 15 7 	17 3 9  25	3	3 2 1 1 1	10 3 15 	10 1 3 	1 1 1 4	2 3 3 ··	3  4 	5 1  2	6	13 1 20 1 25	14 14 17 	126 46 89 4
Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy 25 to 30 years : Felony	•••	2 24 6 20	31 · 26 · 1 · 43	16 38 2 30	3	4 2 2 6	9 31  15	1 5 	3 1	4 2	1 12  3	2 2 4 8	1 7	70 25	37 38 7 31	180 108 258 25 195
Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy 80 to 40 years: Felony Misdemeanour	• •	3 75 5 24 4	41 64 8 30 70	16 75 2 32 23	1 1 8 3	3 8 7 10 13	14 37 1 30 19	7 9  19 2	9 4	5 7 3 	23 23 3 11 3	10 4 4 10 18	9 2	53 1 32 8	38 94 11 44 31	146 445 46 268 198
Minor offences. Debt or lunacy. 40 to 50 years: Felony Misdemeanour. Minor offences	••	179 13 21 2 162	142 9 25 80 145	170 2 33 17	22 2 6 3 20	29 11 9 8	40 1 26 10	19 2 3 4	3  2 3	20 4  2	36 4 5 2	13 11 11 17	6 3	137 1 15 4	122 17 39 49	932 77 201 204
Debt or lunacy 50 to 60 years: Felony Misdemeanour Minor offences	• •	13 7 2 55	11 10 34 83	96 2 5 6 25	1 4 ·. 8	32 11 4 1 8	18  10 3 9	29  3  19	9  1 3 2	10 4 1 	33 5 6 1	25 4 6 13 8	1	47  6  21	93 17 11 9 48	719 68 75 72 304
Debt or lunacy 60 years and upwards: Felony Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	3 18 1	7 31 46	2 4 8 8	2	2  1 2	4 3 1	··· ··· ···	··· 2 1	  2 1	5 1 2 7	7 2 3 2	2	3 2 10	6 3 3 24 9	29 29 54 129 13
Summary: Felony Misdemeanour Minor offences Debt or lunacy	••	115 15 522 44	193 306 515 30	153 89 426 10	22 6 56 4	36 31 81 36	110 61 151 2	47 15 91 2	19 24 19 1	5 13 56 14	39 11 127 17	47 64 57 32	31 6	121 11 365 3	195 192	1,133 844 2,946 262
Total		696	1,044	678	88	184	324	155	63	88	194	200	87	500		5,185

TABLE G.
EDUCATION of PRISONERS received during the Year 1883.

Prisons.		Unable	to Read.	Read	only.	Read an	d Write.	Supe Educa			Total.	·
Addington		M. 44 144 25 4 13 54 15 6 13 7 26 3 39 75	F. 28 28 58 49 2 5  2 4 6  25 16	M. 18 25 22 3 8 15 2 4 17 10 1 11 46	F. 29 15 9 2 1  1 6 7	M. 407 667 365 44 141 248 129 52 58 140 130 32 312 678	F. 163 135 205 30 16  9 2 10 18 18 18  96 81	M. 7 3 3 5 7 2 3 1 13 20	F	M. 476 836 415 54 162 324 146 60 75 166 169 375 819	F. 220 208 263 34 22	Total. 696 1,044 678 88 184 324 155 63 88 194 200 37 500 934
Total	••	468	195	179	92	3,403	783	64	1	4,114	1,071	5,185

TABLE H.

Number of Convicts (Prisoners sentenced to Penal Servitude) in the different Prisons.

i i	risons.		31st December, 1882.	31st December, 1883.	Increase.	Decrease.	
Addington .		• •	3	5	2		
Auckland .			36	40	4	• • .	
Dunedin .		4.0	28	24		• •	
Hokitika .			4	î	••	$\frac{4}{3}$	
Invercargill .			1	i i	••	9	
Lyttelton .			68	45	••	$^{23}$	
Napier .			7		••	23	
Nelson .			i		• •	. 1	
New Plymouth			$rac{1}{2}$	i	••	1.	
Timaru				1	';	T	
Wanganui				4	1	• • •	
Wellington (M	ount Cook)		50	62	12	• •	
" (T	errace)	•••	20	22	2	• ••	
Total	•••		219	201	21	40	
Net d	ecrease					19	

 $$\mathsf{TABLE}\:\:\mathsf{I}.$$  Officers during the Years 1882 and 1883.

				Addington.	Auckland.	Dunedin.	Hokitika,	Invercargill.	Lyttelton.	Napier.	Nelson.	New Plymouth.	Timaru.	Wanganui.	Wellington (Mount Cook).	Wellington (Terrace).
1882: Staff Late for duty Drunkenness Other offences			••	7  1 1	23   2	20  1 4	4   1	 1 1	21 3  14	6	4	5	4	3  4	73	15
Staff Late for duty Drunkenness Other offences	••	••	••	8	27 6  5	20 5  16	4 	4	21  1	5 1 	2 	5	3 1 3	3	14 3 ·· 7	15

TABLE J.

CRIMES of PRISONERS sentenced to Penal Servitude or Hard Labour for Twelve Months and over during 1883.

						_						
Assault with intent to ro				٠.	1 ]	Insulting langua	ge .					1
Assault causing bodily h	arm	• •		• • .	5	Larceny	••		••			16
Arson	••	• •	• •		7	Larceny as a bai	lee					2
Bestiality		• •	* *		4	Larceny from a	dwelling.	٠,			• •	10
Breach of Pawnbrokers	Act				1	Larceny from the	e person					7
Bigamy	• •		• •		1					• •		4
Burglary	• •	• •			5	Murder						8
Carnally knowing, &c.	• •	• •			$^2$	Obtaining goods	by false	oretence	s	••		7
Conspiring to defraud	_••			٠.	1	Dominant	-	-				i
Embezzlement and fraud	d				6	Provoking breach					• •	î
Feloniously receiving		• •			1	Dane .	-			• •		2
Forging and uttering		• •			18	Robbery with vic				• •	• •	2
Horse- and cattle-stealin	g				5	Shoon atooling						2
Horse- and cattle-shooting	ng				1	Shooting at					••	2
Housebreaking, and havi	ing imple	ments fo	r		11	Vegranar				• •	• •	17
Indecent assault		• •		٠.	3	Wanding				••	• •	3
Indecent exposure			٠		3		•	•	••	••	••	4
					,							

Total .. ,. 155,

TABLE K.

VISITS of the VISITING JUSTICES to the Thirteen Larger Prisons during the Year 1883.

Prisons and Visiting Justices.	January.		February.	March.	April.	May.	June	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Addington: Richmond Beetham, R.M H. J. Tancred	.   .		1 2	2	·· 2 1	1	2 1	 i	1 2 		1	• • •	1 2	10 10
Auckland: T. Macffarlane J. Newman H. G. Seth-Smith, R.M.		3	3 2	2 2 	4	 3	1 3 1	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$	3 4 1	3 3	4 2	5 4 2	2 3 	32 33 5
Dunedin:         Captain Baldwin         J. Brown.         J. Logan         J. W. Simpson         I. N. Watt         G. G. Russell         E. H. Carew, R.M.		1 1 6 1	2 4 2 1	3  2 3 	3  2 1 	3  5 	3 6 1 2	2 4 	3  1 2 2 1	7  2 	3 2 2 3	2  2 6 	2  2 2 	54 1 29 27 14 4
Hokitika:  Joseph Giles, R.M. R. C. Reid James A. Bonar Richard J. Seddon, M.H.R.			1 1	1	 2 	1	1 	1 1 	1 1 	1	1 1 	2	2 2 	10 9 1 3
J. T. Thomson	$\cdot$	1	1 1 	 3 1	1  2 	1  2 	1  1 	2 2 	1  1	1	2  1 	2   	$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \\ \end{array}$	13 5 10 2
Hon. Edward Richardson, M.H.R. H. R. Webb John Ollivier, R.M.	:	9 5	6 1  1	10  1	9 3	8 4 ··	9 3	8	12 2 1 1	14 5 1 2	12 1 		 2 7	97 24 3 6 10
		1	$\frac{2}{1}$	2 1	1 1	1	1	1	2	1 1	2· 1	1 1	2	17 6
W. Wells		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1 1	•••	1 1 1	1 1 1			1 1 	1	1	1 1 	5 5 1 1
T. King		1	2 1 1	2	2 1	2	2 3  1	1	2 1 	2	2	1 1 1	2 1 	20 8 2 3
Fulbert Archer	•••	 1 	1 1		1	i 1	2	1 2	1 2	1			2	3 6 8
W. F. Russell	• •	1 .;	1	1	1	2 1	3	2	1 2	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 1	2	3	20 5 3
James Mackay J. S. M. Thompson	•••		•••	3		1	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 2 3	1 6 2	1 1 3	3	16 10 10 3
John Duthie Edward Pearce	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \end{array}$	1 2 2	1 1	1 2	1 1	1		1 2 ···	2 1 		 2	2 2 1	9

TABLE L.
Visits of the Inspector to the Thirteen Larger Prisons during 1883.

	Prisons.			January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July:	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
Addington						4,22	22			12	17			23	15
Auckland	••	••	••		11-15 20-21	•••		••	••	••		11-17 24-28		•••	
Dunedin	••	• •	••	••	••	$6, 7, \\ 13-17$	••	••	••	·•	4, 9, 15	••	••	28-30	1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10
Hokitika				••									27-30		
Invercargill	• •					1				••	2		••	••	••
Lyttelton	••	••	• •	•••	••	3, 5, 21	30	1	15	9-11, 13	17	• • •	••	22-24	15,17
Napier				.,	24							30			
Nelson				,,	9		[				28-30		٠		
New Plymou	h				10							810			
Timaru			, .			20				25	16			-26	
Wanganui												6			
Wellington (	Mount Co	ok*)				•*•									
" Č	Terrace)	••		24, 30	6	24	18	12	12	20	22, 26		7	11, 16	25, 31

<sup>\*</sup> Twice weekly when in Wellington.

TABLE M.

Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883.

ADDINGTON PRISON.

Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment,
E. W.	Singing, and using defiant	AsstMatron Langford	Alexander Lean, V.J.	24 hours' solitary on bread
E.E	and threatening language Disobedience, and insulting	AsstMatron Langford	,, .	and water. 10 days' solitary on bread and
E. W.	and threatening language Disobedience	and the Matron The Matron	"	water. 48 hours' solitary on bread and water.
W. D.	,	PlWarder McGowan	<b>"</b>	24 hours' solitary on bread and water.
C. D	Assault on a fellow-prisoner, and disobedience	AsstMatron Langford		Ditto.
т. м. м.	Violent assault on a fellow- prisoner	Warder Flahavan	H. J. Tancred, V.J	14 days' solitary on bread and water.
E. W.	Idleness, and disrespectful conduct	Acting Asst Matron Russell	<i>"</i>	50 marks forfeited.
C. D	Disobedience, and disrespectful conduct	Ditto	<b>"</b> . •••	24 hours' solitary on bread and water.
C. D	Disobedience, insulting and threatening language, and disorderly conduct	The Gaoler, Matron, and Acting Asst Matron Russell	,,	7 days' solitary on bread and water.
*		AUCKLAND 1	PRISON.	· ·
M. L.	Disobedience of orders	The Matron	T. Macffarlane, V.J	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
R. D	Destroying Government property	PlWarder Bratby	J. Newman, V.J., and T. Macffarlane, V.J.	2 days' solitary confinement.
R. R	Writing a letter illicitly, and sending it out of gaol	Chief Warder Rickerby	T. Macffarlane, V.J	24 hours' solitary confinement.
J. G W. D.	Pretending illness Destroying Government property	Warder H. McAnally	J. Newman, V.J.	12 hours' solitary confinement in a light cell.
М. В	Ditto	"	,, ,,	
E. McG. E. J. M.	Insolence to Medical Officer Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	The Matron Warder J. Beatty	T. Macffarlane, V.J J. Newman, V.J	1 week's solitary confinement. 48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water in a light
E.McG.	Falsely accusing Matron of appropriating Government property	The Matron	,,	cell with bedding. 48 hours' additional solitary confinement.
R. C	Having matches in posses- sion	PlWarder Brathy	T. Macffarlane, V.J	To forfeit 3 days' marks.
J. T	Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	AsstWarder Madigan	,,	48 hours' in a dark cell, and 5 days in a light cell, with bread and water.
E. L. F.	Having a knife in his pos- session	PlWarder Bratby	<i>"</i> ·	To forfeit 1 week's marks.

# TABLE M—continued. Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued.

AUCKLAND PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
т. ғ	Destroying Government property	PlWarder Paterson	J. Newman, V.J	3 days' 2nd class rations, and 24 hours' solitary confine- ment on bread and water.
E. McL. P. F R. C	Making unnecessary noise	AsstMatron McCabe AsstWarder Hughes Warder H. McAnally	T. Macffarlane, V.J., and	0.4.1 1 111 0 4
	Being in possession of a prohibited article, a knife	AsstWarder Hughes	J. Newman, V.J. T. Macffarlane, V.J	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
G. M M. K	Refusing to work  Insolence to AsstMatron	AsstWarder Madigan AsstMatron McCabe	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water. 48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
G. M W. C	Making an unnecessary noise	The Gaoler AsstWarder Madigan	J. Newman, V.J.	Ditto. 24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
T. F	Making signs to other prisoners, indecent be- haviour, and disorderly	AsstWarder Coffey	,,	48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
Ř, J E. W	conduct Idling and talking on works	PlWarder Paterson	<i>ii</i>	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water. Ditto.
E. W T. F	Making an unnecessary noise	PlWarder Bratby	T. Macffarlane, V.J	"
A. C E. S	Being in possession of a pipe Fighting	AsstWarder Walsh	J. Newman, V.J.	"
H. M. E. L. F. G. H	Assaulting a fellow-prisoner Cursing and swearing	Warder Seabrooke	T. Macffarlane, V.J	To forfeit 3 days' marks. 48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
M. R P. C S. B	Obscene language Fighting	AsstWarder Gideon Warder J. Lane	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ditto. 48 hours' dark cell. 4 days 2nd class rations.
R. R A. C	Insulting language	AsstWarder Gideon	// • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
М. О'В. J. P. E.	Idleness and negligence at work  Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	The Matron	H. G. Seth-Smith, R.M., T. Macffarlane, V.J., and J. Newman, V.J. J. Newman, V.J.	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.  Ditto.
P. C W. L	Leaving the ranks without	"	J. Newman, V.J  T. Macffarlane, V.J	48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water. 24 hours' solitary confinement
S. B J. P. E.	permission Disobedience of orders Misconduct and idling	Warder Carte The Gaoler	"	on bread and water. Ditto. 48 hours' solitary confinement
G. E W. E	Disobedience of orders	PlWarder Paterson	n	on bread and water. Ditto. 24 hours' solitary confinement
M. te P. W. H. S.	Assaulting a fellow-prisoner Being in possession of pro-	Warder G. Martin AsstWarder Maloney	H. G. Seth-Smith, R.M., and T. Macffarlane, V.J. J. Newman, V.J.	on bread and water. 7 days' solitary confinement on bread and water. 24 hours' solitary confinement
M. O'B. E. D	hibited articles Fighting	AsstMatron McCabe	,,	on bread and water. Ditto.
M. O'B. R. W.	Refractory conduct Disobedience of orders, and disrespect to an officer	Warder Seabrooke	" · ·	"
S. D   R. C	Disrespectful language to an officer Being in possession of pro-	Warder McAnally AsstWarder Madigan	T. Macffarlane, V.J T. Macffarlane, V.J.,	"
M. te P. W. H. S.	hibited articles Using threatening language Being in possession of pro-	Convict W. H Warder McAnally	and J. Newman, V.J. Ditto T. Macffarlane, V.J.	48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water. 24 hours' solitary confinement
H. P C. A	hibited articles Disobedience of orders Fighting	PlWarder Bratby AsstWarder Forsythe	"	on bread and water. Ditto.
T. G	Attempting to communicate without the gaol by letter	Warder McAnally		To forfeit 7 days' marks.
M. L	Being in possession of pro- hibited articles Ditto	Warder Carte	"	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water. To forfeit 2 days' marks.
w. H. S.	Damaging Government property, and general misconduct and insubordination	PlWarder Bratby	,	24 hours' solitary confinement with a refractory belt.

## $\label{thm:model} \textbf{TABLE} \ \ \textbf{M}-continued.$

## Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued.

AUCKLAND PRISON-continued.

*		AUCKLAND PRISO	ON—continued.	
Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
W.H.S	Disobedience of orders	Warder Seabrooke	T. Macffarlane, V.J	To be kept in close confine-
W. H. S.	Damaging Government	PlWarder Bratby	,,	ment for 3 days. Ditto.
S. A.	property Threatening language	AsstWarder Gideon	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement
P. C	Irreverent behaviour at prayers	AsstWarder Coffey	,, ,,	on bread and water. Convicted, which entails for- feiture of remission equal to 7 days, prisoner being under
J. McA. J. G	Disobedience of orders, having a pipe in possession Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	AsstWarder Madigan Warder Martin		a 4 months' sentence.  24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.  3 days' solitary confinement
	•		,	on bread and water, and to forfeit 7 days' marks.
М. В	Using profane language	AsstMatron McCabe	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
J. G	Refusing to work, third offence of like nature	AsstWarder Gideon and the Gaoler	H. G. Seth-Smith, R.M.	7 days' close confinement, and to forfeit 14 days' marks.
W. H. S.	Obstructing an officer in the execution of his duty	AsstWarder Madigan	T. Macffarlane, V.J	24 hours' solitary confinement.
P. C	Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	AsstWarder Walsh	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement
J. G	Refusing to work	AsstWarder Gideon	H. G. Seth-Smith, R.M., T. Macffarlane, V.J., and J. Newman, V.J.	on bread and water. 3 days bread and water, and to lose 84 marks.
S. B	Being in possession of pro- hibited articles, tobacco	PlWarder Bratby	T. Macffarlane, V.J	To forfeit a week's marks.
	and matches, procured from a "plant" on the works			
E. S. F. P. C	Ditto	,, ,,	"	24 hours' solitary confinement
W. L. S.	Having a knife in his pos-	Warder McDell	,,	on bread and water. Ditto.
W. C	and disorderly conduct on	PlWarder Bratby	J. Newman, V.J.	48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
w. c	Sunday Using insulting language	AsstWarder Brewin	, ,,	Ditto.
W. C W. C	to an officer Refusing to work Insulting language to a	Chief Warder Rickerby Prisoner Robert Wilson	<i>"</i>	"
F. Z	fellow-prisoner Purloining leather, and clandestinely making	Warder Seabrooke	T. Macffarlane, V.J	24 hours' solitary confinement.
м. н	belts in shoemakers' shop Making a noise and disturb- ance in his cell, and in- solent to officer	AsstWarder Gideon	. "	24 hours on bread and water.
p. Brown and Commission of Com		. DUNEDIN F	PRISON	
		1		
G. L R. S	Irreverent behaviour at Divine service Talking when at labour,	The Gaoler	S. C. Phillips, Gaoler	To be locked up separately during Sunday.
W. J	and insolent to officer Receiving a knife from an-	The Chief Warder	W. L. Simpson, V.J., and W. Baldwin, V.J. W. Baldwin, V.J.	To forfeit 18 marks.  To forfeit 36 marks.
G. H. H.	other prisoner, and secret- ing the same Receiving a knife from an- other prisoner, and secret-	<i>ii</i>	. "	2 days' close confinement, an to forfeit 42 marks.
R. G	ing same in his bed Smoking in his cell	AsstWarder Clarke	J. Logan, V.J.	Deprived of tobacco for one
W. P	Fighting with another prisoner	Warder Carter	,,	week. Ditto.
J. M J. L J. A. H.	Ditto Insubordinate language Insolent and insubordinate	AsstWarder Clarke Warder Scott	W. L. Simpson, V.J J. Logan, V.J	48 hours bread and water. Deprived of tobacco for one
J. G	language Purloining Government property, and secreting plants the property of Domain	AsstWarder McCallion	W. L. Simpson, V.J., and J. Logan, V.J.	week. To forfeit 480 marks.
R. S	Board Disobedience of orders	Warder Morrison	Ditto	48 hours bread and water and to be deprived of tobacco for one week.
W. P	Insulting language to	AsstWarder Watson	,, ., .,	To forfeit 168 marks.

## TABLE M-continued.

## Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued.

DUNEDIN PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
-	Quarrelling with another	AsstWarder Clarke	W. L. Simpson, V.J	24 hours bread and water.
J. W	prisoner Obscene and abusive lan-	Warder Coneys	,,	<b>"</b>
∄. W C. V	guage Assaulting another prisoner Wilful damage to Govern-	Warder Carter AsstWarder Watson	J. Logan, "V.J	48 hours bread and water.  Deprived of tobacco for one month.
J. W	ment property Purloining a ration of bread	<i>"</i>	,,	Deprived of tobacco for one week.
w. p	Disobedience of orders	AsstWarder O'Brien	W. L. Simpson, V.J., and W. Baldwin, V.J.	To forfeit 24 marks.
J. L	Disobedience of orders, and insolence	AsstWarder Noonan	Ditto	Deprived of tobacco for one week.
J. L G. L	Insolence to officer	Warder Coneys	W. L. Simpson, V.J W. L. Simpson, V.J., and W. Baldwin, V.J.	To forfeit 42 marks. To forfeit 12 marks.
J. C	Abusive and disgusting lan- guage	,,	J. Logan, V.J	To forfeit 42 marks.
G. F. P.		,,	,,	24 hours' solitary.
A. H T. W	Refusing to go to work Having prohibited articles in his possession	The Chief Warder	W. L. Simpson, V.J W. Baldwin, V.J	To forfeit 12 marks. Bread and water for 3 days.
G. F	Smoking in his cell, and having prohibited articles in his possession	Warder Beasley	W. L. Simpson, V.J	To forfeit 12 marks.
F. W. L.	Fighting with another prisoner	AsstWarder O'Brien	,,	24 hours bread and water.
A. L	Ditto Disobedience of orders	Warder Morrison	"	18 hours bread and water.
G. N T. W. T.	Making false and frivolous	Warder Morrison and	J. Logan, V.J., and	
G. F	complaints against officer Smoking on works, idle- ness, and having prohi- bited articles in posses-	the Gaoler The Gaoler and Pl Warder Carter	H. Gourley, J.P.* W. Baldwin, V.J.	To forfeit 84 marks.
F.W.L.		AsstWarder Murphy	,	24 hours bread and water.
А. Н	orders, and insolent lan-	PlWarder Pointon and AsstWarder	Inspector of Prisons	Deprived of tobacco for 7 days.
T. W	orders, insolent language, and having in possession	Murphy PlWarder Pointon	W. L. Simpson, V.J	24 hours bread and water, and deprived of tobacco for one week.
M. McD.	prohibited articles Insolent language, having prohibited articles in pos- session, and committing a nuisance	AsstMatron McLevie	W. Baldwin, V.J	3 days bread and water.
	,	HOKITIKA I	PRISON.	
M. A. P.	Insulting language to	Matron	R. C. Reid, V.J.	12 hours' solitary confinement
E, H, C. P.	Matron Refusing to work	Warder Steele	J. Giles, V.J R. C. Reid, V.J	24 hours' close confinement.
,		INVERCARGIL	L PRISON.	
J. G	Assaulting a fellow-prisoner	PlWarder J. McKillop	J. T. Thomson, V.J	24 hours bread and water.
	<u> </u>	LYTTELTON	PRISON.	
w. w.	Malingering	Chief Warder Ferguson	E. Richardson, V.J	7 days' solitary and cautioned
D. B H. R.	Throwing nightsoil out at	"	T. H. Potts, V.J.	48 hours' solitary confinement Separate treatment for a fort
B. R	trap-door Idleness on the works	Pl Warders Worgan	,,	night. 48 hours' solitary confinement
J. R	Making use of insolent	and Jones PlWarder Pritchard	E. Richardson, V,J	To forfeit 14 days' marks.
	and abusive language Using bad language	PlWarder Worgan	,,	7 days' solitary confinement. To forfeit 14 days' marks.

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Gourley is not a Visiting Justice.

# TABLE M-continued. Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued. LYTTELTON PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initialia	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punisliment.
H. L	Malingering, and positively refusing to work	PlWarder Worgan	T. H. Potts, V.J.	To forfeit 14 days' markš:
H. L	Wilfully destroying Go- vernment property, viz.,	Chief Warder Ferguson	*	
H. L	clothing Damaging Government property, viz., a leather	<i>"</i>		4 days' solitary confinement.
H. L H. L	waist-belt Violent assaults Disturbing the quiet of the	PlWarder Pritchard AsstWarder Fuller	,,	
H. L	division Disturbing the quiet of the division after being pre-	Chief Warder	<i>"</i>	14 days' solitary confinement.
W. W.	viously cautioned Malingering, and refusing to go to labour after hav- ing undergone punish-	<i>"</i>	, , , , , ,	1 week's solitary confinement.
R. C	ment for a similar offence. Disturbing the quiet of the north-wing division by making unnecessary noise with his tins	Warder Reardon	<i>"</i>	Locked up for two days.
G. G	Disturbing the quiet of the north-wing division by making unnecessary noise with cell utensils	AsstWarder O'Brien	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement.
w.w.	Malingering, and refusing	Chief Warder Ferguson	,	7 days on bread and water.
н. в.	to go out to labour (1.) Disturbing quiet of north wing. (2.) Using abusive and threatening language to officer. (3.)	AsstWarders Fuller and Gilchrist and Warder Kearney	,,	Separate division for 1 month during non-working hours.
В. В	Refusing to take his tea when tendered to him Disobeying the order given by officer, also making use of threatening and abusive language to the		. "	48 hours' solitary confinement.
н. к.	said officer (1.) Disorderly conduct in the main yard. (2.) As- saulting prisoner Gilpin.	Chief Warder Ferguson		14 days' solitary confinement.
W.H.H	(3.) Having prohibited articles in his possession. Disturbing the quiet of the wing by whistling, shouting, and making unnecessary noise, also grossly	AsstWarder Parker	John Ollivier, V.J	7 days' solitary confinement.
J. W	insolent to officers (1.) Creating a disturbance in the prison workshops, attempting to strike fel-	Warder O'Connell and AsstWarder Kirby	T. H. Potts, V.J.	4 days' solitary confinement.
	low-prisoner, also using obscene and threatening language to prisoners. (2.) Making noise when in solitary division by			
H. W.	whistling and shouting Malingering, and refusing to go to labour	Chief Warder and Asst. Warder Armstrong	E. Richardson, V.J., and T. H. Potts, V.J.	48 hours' solitary confinement.
W.H.H	abusive to his officers on the works. (2.) Solicit- ing passers by for to-	Warder Reardon and Asst Warder Man- ning	T. H. Potts, V.J.	24 hours' solitary confinement,
~ T. L	in north-wing division also using abusive and	,	,,	48 hours' solitary confinement.
н. ј	insulting language (1.) Distinctly refusing to obey officer's orders. (2.) Violently assaulting officer in the due execution of his duty (3.) Making use of bac	Warder Bourke, and AsstWarder Little		To be kept on bread and water for 7 days.
J. O. C.	language	Chief Warder and Pl. Warder Pritchard	H. Allwright, V.J., M.H.R.	To forfeit 7 days' marks,
!	ing Government property (3.) Making use of obscen- and profane language to his officers			

## TABLE M-continued.

## Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued.

## LYTTELTON PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported,	By whom Sentenced.	Punishmënt:
J. I	Making use of obscene and profane language to officers	Chief Warder Jaquiery and PlWarder Prit- chard	H. Allwright, V.J., M.H.R.	To forfeit 7 days' marks.
H. R		Ditto	,,	<b>u</b>
J. M	Making use of insubordi- nate language tending to incite to riot	,,	<i>"</i>	"
R. H	Disobeying officer's orders, and, when checked for so doing, very insolent and abusive	AsstWarder Gilchrist	John Ollivier, V.J., and H. Allwright, V.J., M.H.R.	"
H.F.E.	Insolent and insubordinate towards Surgeon and Chief Warder	Chief Warder Jaquiery	H. Allwright, V.J., M.H.R.	
Ř. B	Singing, whistling, and making unnecessary noise in his cell in the north wing of the prison during Christmas-day at intervals	i)	,,	Reduced to probation-class for 6 months, and 2 months' separate treatment.
J. McG.	Ditto	,,	· · ·	Ditto.
J. O. C.	<i>"</i> ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,	,,	*
W: О.С. J. н	<i>"</i> ··· ·· ··	"	<i>"</i>	Reduced to probation-class, and 3 days bread and water.
T. L	<i>"</i> ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. "	<i>"</i>	Ditto.
A. O. D.	" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. "	<i>"</i>	3 days on bread and water.
F. L. M.	<i>"</i>	"	,, ,,	b days on bread and water,
H. R	Distinctly disobeying the order given by officer, and answering the said officer in a very impertinent manner	Warder Hillsdon	,	To forfeit 7 ďays' marks,

#### NAPIER PRISON.

P. L H. H Threatening and abusive language E. D Abusive and threatening language T. D Abusive and insulting language T. Tyne H. S. Tiffen abusive James Ander J. Stevens Warder J. C. Nicholson  H. S. Tiffen abusive James Ander J. Stevens	n, V.J
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## NELSON PRISON,

Nil.

#### NEW PLYMOUTH PRISON.

Nil.

## TIMARU PRISON.

C. K	Fighting	PlWarder Re	eston	J. Beswick, R.M.		48 hours' solitary.
L. A	Profane language, and dis- obedience of orders	Matron	• •	Fulbert Archer, V	.J	2 days' solitary on bread and water.
L. A	Obscene language	,,	.••	J. Beswick, R.M.	• •	48 hours' solitary on bread and water.
J. S	Idleness, insolence, and disobedience	PlWarder Re	eston	"	• •	24 hours' solitary on bread and water.
J. S	Foul and filthy language	, ,		E. G. Sterricker,	V.J	48 hours on bread and water.
	Idleness and insolence to officer	"	••	"	••	24 hours on bread and water.
S. A	Obscene and foul language and disobedience	Matron	••	"	••	48 hours on bread and water.
S. A	Obscene language and dis- obedience	"	••	"	• •	24 hours on bread and water.

# TABLE M—continued. Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued. WANGANUI PRISON.

m .				
Prisoner s Initials.	Offences.	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
К L. Р.	Leaving his place of work without leave	AsstWarder De Blois	W. H. Watt, V.J	To be kept on bread and water until expiration of sentence.*
K. L. P. J. W	Idleness at work Disobedience of lawful orders when at work, and delaying work of other	AsstWarder McGarry	Robert "Ward, R.M., V.J.	Ditto.
J. W	prisoners Insubordinate language to officer in charge of labour-	<i>"</i>	"	To work 3 days in irous.
J. W	fusing to return to it	The Gaoler	"	
J. W	when ordered Threatening language to the Gaoler	<i>"</i>	,	To work 4 days in irons.
J. W	Threatening to escape from legal custody	,,	,	
J. W	Using abusive and threat- ening language to Asst Warder Meehan in the	AsstWarder Meehan	W. H. Watt, V.J	One week on bread and water, and to do light work about the prison.
J. W	execution of his duty Assaulting prisoner F. W., by striking him on the face with his clenched	F. W	,,	One morth in irons, and to work as usual.
м. к	fists Secreting two onions, the property of the Gaoler	Acting-Matron	Robert Ward, V.J.	To be kept on bread and water for 6 days.
M. K M. K	Disobedience of orders Secreting lead-pencil, pen, and penholder in her	"···	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Found guilty of stealing pen- cil; 2 days bread and water.
L. H	quarters Insubordinate conduct, and	The Gaoler	W. F. Russell, V.J	24 hours on bread and water.
J. McG.	insolence to the Gaoler Leaving the rank of labour- gang without permission	AsstWarder Meehan	,,	24 hours' confinement on ordi- nary diet.
L. H	Having a piece of cigar in his possession.	Warder Ferguson	,,	24 hours' in light cell.
J. H	Idling on works, and insolent when spoken to	<i>"</i>	Robert Ward, V.J	3 days on bread and water.
J. A	Idling on works, and insolent when spoken to	AsstWarder Meehan	,,	3 days on bread and water.
	·	WELLINGTON (TER	RACE) PRISON.	
М. Д	Wilfully destroying a Bible, Government property	The Acting-Gaoler	E. Pearce, V.J.	3 days' solitary confinement.
C. D M. D J. McF.	Ditto	"	Ditto	24 hours' solitary confinement.
G. T T. F	Ditto Assaulting prisoner H. W., by striking him in the	H. W. "	J. Duthie, V.J.	48 hours' solitary confinement.
T. F	face with his fist Idleness at work, and using	PlWarder Reardon	E. Shaw, V.J	48 hours bread and water.
A. M	profane language Assault on fellow-prisoner	P. A	E. Pearce, V.J.	24 hours' solitary confinement
E. P	Using irritating language,	Warder Gallagher	. ,	in a dark cell. 7 days' solitary confinement.
L. H	and disorderly conduct General idleness and in-	PlWarder Reardon	J. Duthie, V.J.	5 days' solitary confinement.
L. H W. H.	solence General idleness at work Wilful mismanagement of his work, and insolence	Warder Delahey PlWarder Reardon	"	7 days' solitary confinement. 48 hours' solitary confinement.
W. H.	to officer Insubordinate conduct, and damaging the door of his	· · ·	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement, and to forfeit 42 marks.
J. McK.	cell Using language calculated to incite the other pri- soners to mutiny, and	,	E. Pearce, V.J.	3 days' solitary confinement.
J. McK.	disobedience of orders Using profane language to PlWarder J. B. Jacquiery	PlWarder Jacquiery	<b>"</b>	24 hours' solitary confinement.

## TABLE Micontinued.

## PUNISHMENTS for PRISON OFFENCES during the Year 1883—continued. WELLINGTON (TERRACE) PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initials.	ವಿರ್ಣಭಾಷ್ಟ <b>Offences.</b>	By whom Reported.	By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
H.H.L.	Assaulting prisoner A. T.	PlWarder Reardon	E. Pearce, V.J	14 days in irons.
H. H. L.	Disobedience of orders, and riotous and insubordinate conduct	,,	<i>"</i>	To forfeit 42 marks.
M.G.D.	Assaulting prisoner P. S.	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
M. G. D.	Assaulting prisoner W. H.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 days in irons.
J. L	Using irritating language	,,	,,	3 days bread and water.
J. L	to prisoner H. S. Using threatening language to Principal-Warder Den- nis Reardon	<i>"</i>	,,	,
J. L	Insubordinate conduct, and disobeying the lawful orders of Warder James Delahev	Warder Delahey	J. Duthie, V.J.	"
H. S	Wilful damage to prison clothing and bedding	Chief Warder Ferguson	,,	24 hours' solitary confinement.
H. S	Defacing the brands on his shirt and trousers by sew- ing patches over them	Gaoler	,	"

## WELLINGTON (MOUNT COOK) PRISON.

		`	<u> </u>	
J. N	Making use of threatening language to officer, and disobedience of orders	AsstWarder Brearley	Colonel Reader, V.J	7 days' solitary confinement on bread and water, and to
R. S	Refusing to do the work ordered	"	. "	forfeit 42 marks. 48 hours' solitary confinement on bread and water.
W. B	Using improper language, and refractory conduct	PlWarder Millington	"	48 hours bread and water.
A. B	Idling at work, obstructing other prisoners at labour, improper language, and	Asst Warder Burnes and PlWarder Mil- lington	,,	7 days bread and water.
T. W	frowning at his officer Disrespectful and insubor- dinate language, cursing and shouting, and smash- ing cell-windows	PlWarder Millington and Warder Duggan	,,	
C. W. N.	Using highly insubordinate and filthy language	PlWarder Millington and Asst Warder Blatchford		7 days bread and water, and to forfeit 42 marks.
C. W. N.	Using improper language to the officer on duty	AsstWarder Daley	J. S. M. Thompson,	3 days bread and water.
A. M	Insubordinate language, and disobedience of orders	AsstWarder Murphy	Colonel Reader, V.J	24 hours bread and water.
M. McL.	Using filthy language to officer	AsstWarder Nilsen	J. S. M. Thompson,	,,
R. S	Disrespectful language to officer, delaying the duties of the prison, and having a knife-blade without authority	PlWarder Millington	At R.M. Court, Wellington	14 days in a light cell.
C. T	Refusing work; using threatening, insubordi- nate, and filthy language; damaging cell furniture; shouting, cursing, and whistling	PlWarder Millington	Ditto	. <b></b>
F. C	Insubordinate language, and disobedience of orders	Warder Duggan	Colonel Reader, V.J	To be removed to the 3rd class, and forfeit 84 marks.
C. W. N.	Using insubordinate and defiant language, and having a piece of a look- ing-glass without autho- rity	<b>"</b>	J. Mackay, Esq., V.J.	Fined 42 marks.
E. O J. H	Disobedience of orders Refusing to have his hair	AsstWarder Brace Acting - Pl Warder	"	Fined 20 marks. 3 days bread and water, and
J. J	cut Disturbing the quiet of the prison	Duggan AsstWarder McNulty	J. S. M. Thompson, J.V.	fined 84 marks. 24 hours bread and water.
W.B	Insolence and falling out of the ranks without leave, and refusing to go to labour	PlWarder Millington	J. S. M. Thompson, V.J.	12 hours' solitary confinement and fined 7 days' marks.
w. J. s.	Refusing work, disobedience of orders, and having prohibited articles	Acting - PI Warder Duggan	J. Mackay, V.J.	2 days bread and water, and fined 21 marks.

## TABLE M—continued.

Punishments for Prison Offences during the Year 1883—continued

WELLINGTON (MOUNT COOK) PRISON—continued.

Prisoner's Initials.	Offences.		By whom Sentenced.	Punishment.
R. R	Disobedience of orders, using improper language, refusing to go to labour, and insubordinate lan- guage	Acting - Pl Warder Duggan, PlWarder		Fined 3 days' marks.
J. N	Disobedience of orders, re- fusing to have his hair cut, resisting the officers in the execution of their duty, and using improper language	Duggan, Assistant- Warder McNulty,		24 hours' solitary on bread and water, and fined 7 days' marks.
W.J.S.		PlWarder Millington	Colonel Reader, V.J	24 hours bread and water, and fined 14 days' marks.
w.J.s.	Resisting the officers when being placed in punish- ment-cell	Acting - Pl Warder Duggan	<b>"</b>	Ditto.
W. W. W. W.	Refusing to go to work Refusing to go to labour	P. W. Millington	<i>"</i>	24 hours bread and water. 3 days bread and water.

TABLE N.

Hours and Detail of Duties in the Prisons throughout the Year.

Summer, from 1st September till 30th April. Winter, from 1st May till the 31st August.

Summer.			Duties, &c.	
5.30	a.m.	••	First bell rings, prisoners rise, wash, dress, make up hammocks or beds, fold blankets, and sweep cells	6.30 a.m.
6	"		Night Lock-up Report examined by the Gaoler or Chief Warder, keys checked and taken over from night orderly officer, officers (division on full duty) parade, keys issued, muster of prisoners taken, slops collected, and breakfasts served in cells; officers parade, muster given in, and keys collected	7 ,,
6.20 6.50	"	••	Officers leave for breakfast, breakfast patrol taking charge Officers (division on short duty) parade for inspection, keys issued, prisoners unlocked, names taken to see Gaoler, Surgeon, &c., preparatory to marching to labour	7.20 ,, 7.50 ,,
6.55	,,	••	Officers (on full duty) return from breakfast, general muster parade, prisoners searched and marched to labour immediately afterwards (those in shops exercise half an hour)	7.55 ,,
11.5	,,	• •	Dinner patrol officers leave for dinner.	
11.50	,,	• •	Bell rings for recall from labour.	,
11.55	"	••	Prisoners return from labour, muster taken, prisoners searched, marched to cells, and locked up Prisoners' dinners served, dinner patrol officers return.	
$12~ m noc$ l $2.5~$ $_1$		••	Officers parade, keys collected, divisional muster taken from each locking-up officer;	
2.0	ρ,,	••	officers leave for dinner, dinner patrol taking charge	
12.55	1,	••	Officers parade, keys issued, muster taken; prisoners unlocked, paraded, searched, and marched to labour.	
4.30	,,		Prisoners in shops cease labour, and exercise for half an hour	3.30 p.m.
4.50	,,		Bell rings for recall from labour	3.50 ,,
4.55	,,	••	Prisoners return from labour, muster taken, prisoners searched, bathing by roster, &c.	3.55 ,,
5.5	,,	• •	Officers (division on short duty) leave for the night unless specially detailed for duty	4.5 ,,
5.30	,,	•••	All prisoners paraded, searched, and locked-up in their cells (except cooks); suppers	4.30 ,,
6	"		served, Lock-up Report signed by officers, officers paraded, keys collected  All officers off duty except orderly officer, evening patrols, and reserve guard, who will be detailed in turn from duty roster, taking charge	5 "
7.45	11		Hand-bell rings, prisoners make down beds or hammocks, and turn in.	
8	,,		Lights out, strict silence.	
0	,,		All single officers in quarters, unless on leave.	
O E -			Saturdays throughout the Year.  Duties up to 12 noon same as week-days. Officers on full duty leave for dinner.	
$\frac{2.5}{2.55}$	9.III.		Officers on full duty return from dinner.	
1			Officers (both divisions) parade, keys issued, prisoners mustered and unlocked.	
1.5	"		Officers on short duty leave for dinner, and do not afterwards return, unless specially detailed for duty.	
1.30	**	••	Prisoners bathe, hair and beard cut close; divisions, cells, &c., cleaned; clean clothing issued, and general cleaning-up; blankets shaken in open air, weather permitting; clothing mended, &c.	
4	**	••	Prisoners parade, muster taken; prisoners absent from parade visited by a Principal Warder, and certified correct; exercise, &c.	
4.45	,,	••	All prisoners (except cooks) paraded, searched, mustered, and locked-up in their cells for the night; suppers served; Lock-up Report signed by officers; officers parade, orderly officer, evening patrols, and reserve guard taking charge; remaining duties same as on week-days.	ı

TABLE N—continued.

HOURS and DETAIL of DUTIES in the PRISONS throughout the Year—continued.

Summer.	Duties, &c.	Winter.
	Sundays throughout the Year.	•
7 a.m	Bell rings, prisoners rise, wash, dress, make up hammocks or beds, and fold blankets;	
, 66.111.	Night Lock-up Report examined by Gaoler or Chief Warder, keys checked and taken over from night orderly officer.	
7.30 ,,	Officers (division on duty) parade, keys issued, muster of prisoners taken, slops collected, and breakfasts served in cells.	
.8 ,,	Officers parade, keys collected and muster given in; officers leave for breakfast, breakfast patrol taking charge.	
8,55 ,,	Officers parade, keys issued, muster taken, slops collected, and prisoners unlocked for exercise.	
9 till 11.55	Divine service and exercise, names taken to see Gaoler.	
	Dinner patrol officers leave for dinner.	
	Prisoners paraded, mustered, and marched to cells; dinners served.	
12.15 p.m		
1.55 ,,	Officers parade, keys issued, and prisoners unlocked.	
	Names taken for writing, and Divine service held, exercise, &c.	
	Prisoners parade, searched, and locked up in their cells; suppers served, Lock-up Report signed by officers; officers parade, keys collected, orderly officer, evening	
	patrols, and reserve guard taking charge.	
5 "	Officers not detailed for duty leave for the night, evening duties same as week-days.	
	The night watch officer who relieves the evening patrol is always posted at 8 p.m. and relieved at 6 a.m. following morning by an officer or officers detailed for that purpose.	
	Duties on holidays same as Sundays. Winter hours unquoted same as summer.	

By Authority: George Didsbury, Government Printer, Wellington.—1884.