considerable increase in the yield of gold in 1880 over 1879, in the following comparative statement of

YIELD OF GOLD.

-		1879.		1880.		Decrease.	Increase.	
Auckland Marlborough Nelson West Coast Otago		Oz. 37,901 879 2,993 142,822 102,869	Value. £154,295 3,460 11,424 571,061 407,868	Oz. 42,720 1,550 3,222 144,090 113,666	Value. £176,416 5,650 12,223 575,258 457,705		Oz. 4,819 671 229 1,268 10,797	Value. £22,121 2,190 799 4,197 49,837
		287,464	1,148,108	305,248	1,227,252		17,784	79,144
Increase for 1880							17,784	£79,144

Comparison of the quarters ended 31st March, 1880 and 1881, show, on the other hand, a very great falling off for the first quarter of the current year. As explained in former reports, the only criterion we have of the yield of gold is in the quantity passed at the Customhouse for export. This, of course, takes no account of what is used up in the colony, which may be taken to vary from 10,000 to 20,000 ounces a year. Nor for so short a period as three months can any very reliable conclusion be come to as to the actual yield of the gold fields during that time, there being many contingencies which affect the quantities sold by the miners and shipped by the banks, which do not recur regularly within a three months' period, but which adjust to a much better average for a period of twelve months.

		1880.		1881.		Decrease.		Increase.
Auckland Marlborough Nelson West Coast Otago		Oz. 11,787 215 1,096 33,615 32,589	Value. £47,403 850 4,129 134,426 131,400	Oz. 6,151 250 23,822 20,418	Value. £23,779 1,000 95,286 82,167	Oz. 5,636 215 846 9,793 12,171	Value. £23,624 850 3,129 39,140 49,233	
		79,302	£318,208	50,641	£202,232	28,661	£115,976	••
Decrease for three months ended 31st March, 1881					28,661	£115,976		

STATEMENT of GOLD EXPORTED and VALUE for the years, as under.

Year.	Oz.	Value.	Year.	Oz.	Value.			
1857	$10,\!436$	$\pounds 40,442$	1870	544,880	£2,157,585			
1858	13,533	$52,\!443$	1871	730,029	2,787,520			
1859	7,336	$28,\!427$	1872	445,370	1,730,992			
1860	4.538	$17,\!585$	1873	505,337	1,987,425			
1861	$194,\!234$	$752,\!657$	1874	376,388	1,505,331			
1862	410.862	1,591,389	1875	355,322	1,407,770			
1863	$628,\!450$	$2,\!431,\!723$	1876	318,367	1,268,559			
1864	$480,\!171$	1,857,847	1877	$371,\!685$	1,496,080			
$\overline{1865}$	$574,\!574$	$2,\!226,\!474$	1878	310,486	1,240,079			
1866	735,376	2,844,517	1879	284,100	1,134,641			
1867	686.753	2,700,275	1880	305,248	1,227,252			
1868	$637,\!474$	2,504,326	30th June, 1881	114,036	456,319			
1869	614.281	$2,\!362,\!995$,					
.2000				9,659,266	£ $37,810,653$			

MINING POPULATION AND ITS EARNINGS.

By reference to Table No. 9 it will be seen that the number of miners on 31st March, 1881, was 15,063, and as the number twelve months before that was 14,409, the mean number for the year will be 14,736. The gold exported for the same period was valued at £1,111,276. This does not include the gold used up in the colony; but excluding this uncertain quantity, and simply taking the export alone, as was done in former years in striking the average earnings per man, it will be ound that this is £75 8s. for the twelve months ended 31st March, 1881. For the hree preceding similar periods, going back, the average earnings per man were repectively £81 2s., £75 10s., and £97 10s., or for the four years—31st March, 1877,