

Title of Act or Ordinance, and subject-matter of Sections.	Remarks.
SOUTHLAND.	
<i>The Invercargill Town Board Ordinance, 1863.</i> Sec. 46. Board to hear objections to assessments.	This seems to be objectionable, as creating a tribunal for deciding objections. <i>Ultra vires.</i>
Sec. 48. Collector with warrant from Justices of the Peace may enter upon land and distrain for rates in arrear.	<i>Ultra vires.</i>
Sec. 53. Appeal lies to Resident Magistrate, or any two Justices of the Peace, with regard to rates.	Ditto.
Section 56, and following clauses. Empower Board to make by-laws on any subject, and providing for breach of by-laws by penalties.	Ditto. The Legislature, though it has empowered the Provincial Council to create offences, has not empowered the Provincial Council to authorize any other body to make by-laws.
Sec. 74. Provides for mode of service of writs, and other legal proceedings.	<i>Ultra vires</i> , as affecting practice and procedure of all Courts.
Sec. 75. Provides that penalties recovered should be paid to Clerk of Board, and form part of its funds.	<i>Ultra vires.</i> Penalties are General revenue, and therefore Provincial Legislature cannot appropriate them.
<i>The Roads Ordinance, 1862. No. 19 of Series.</i> Sec. 11. Empowers two Justices of the Peace to determine complaints against officers of Road Boards for detaining books or other property.	<i>Ultra vires.</i>
Sec. 31. Gives appeal with regard to rates to Resident Magistrate or Justices of the Peace.	Ditto.
Sec. 34. Provides for levying rates in arrear by distress warrant.	Ditto.
<i>The Tolls Ordinance, 1866. No. 65 of Series.</i> Sec. 26. Empowers the Superintendent to make by-laws and attach penalties.	Seems <i>ultra vires</i> . The Provincial Legislature has power to create offences, but it cannot give that power to any other body.
<i>The Roads Ordinance 1862 Amendment Ordinance, 1867.</i>	Nothing objectionable in this Ordinance.